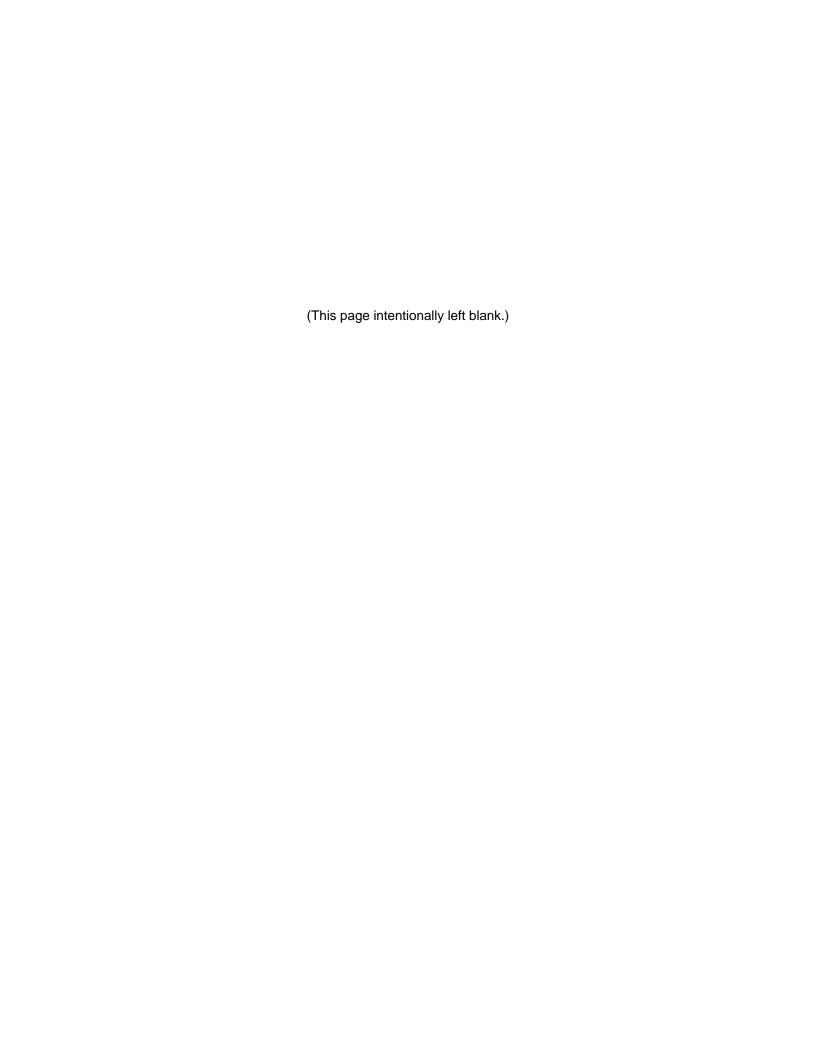


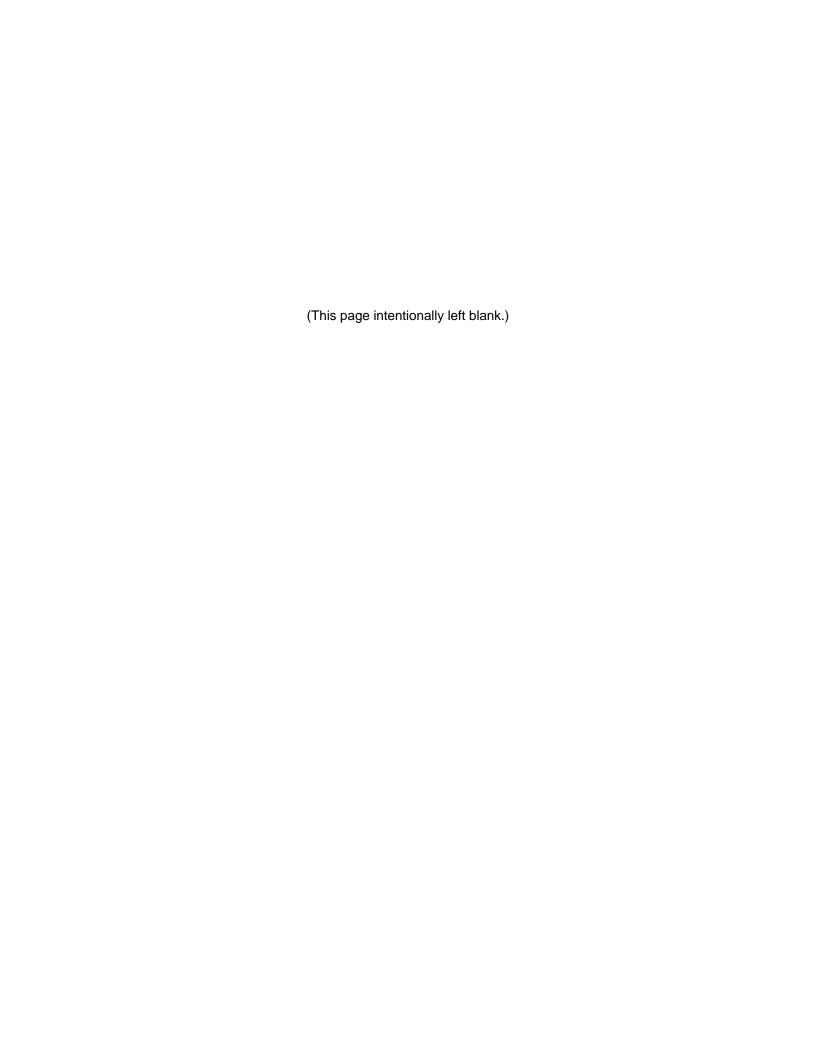
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by FINANCE DEPARTMENT



CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended June 30, 2019

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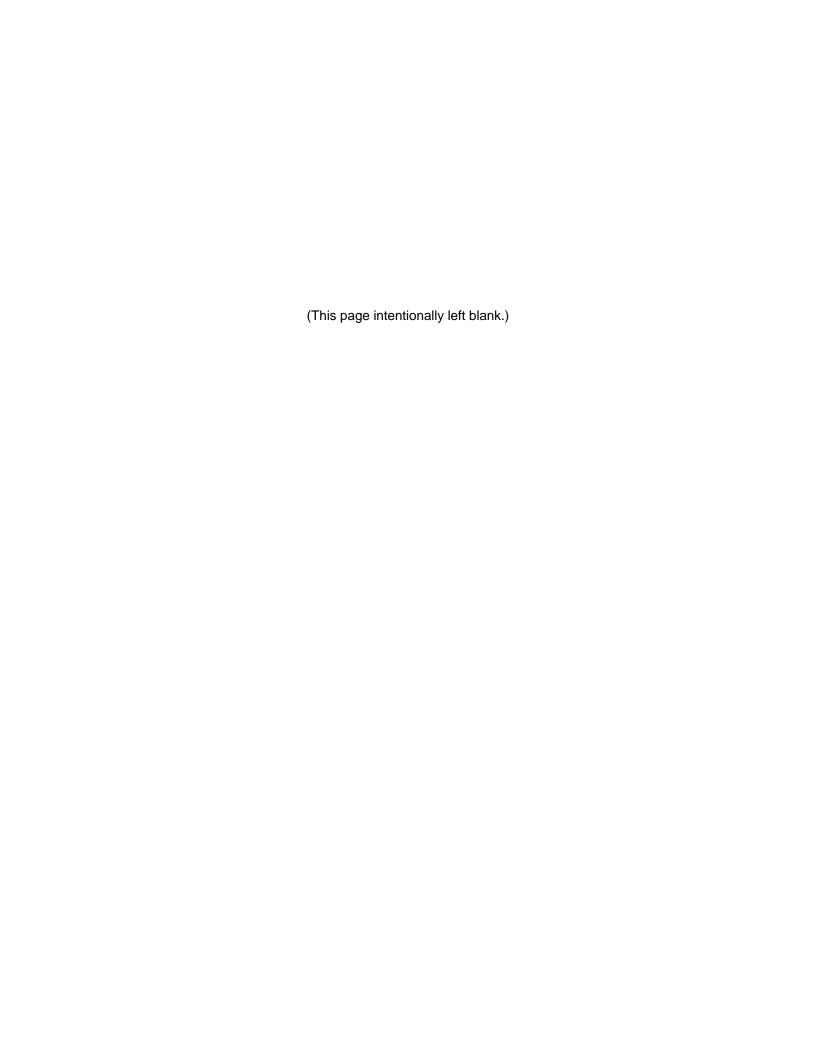
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December 20, 2019

To the City Council and Citizens of the City of West Sacramento:

It is a pleasure to submit for your information the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of West Sacramento (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

FORMAL TRANSMITTAL OF THE CAFR

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The firm Crowe, LLP, was selected to audit the City's financial records. The auditor's report on the basic financial statement is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's report related specifically to the single audit is presented as a separate document.

The CAFR is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and includes the report of the independent public accounting firm of Crowe, LLC. Organization of the financial report follows the guidelines set forth by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Responsibility for the City's financial management is located in the Department of Administrative Services, Finance Division. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and, (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Management relies on, and is

Transmittal of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Page v

confident that, the internal controls in place are adequate to ensure the accuracy of the financial data provided herein.

As a recipient of federal, state and local financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. These internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management and the internal audit staff of the City.

In addition, the City maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities for all funds are included in the annual appropriated budget.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides municipal services that include public safety, public works, community services, and community development. This report includes all funds of the City and its three blended component units, the Sacramento-Yolo Port District, West Sacramento Redevelopment Successor Agency, and Enhanced Infrastructure Financing District.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City was incorporated on January 1, 1987 as a general law city. The driving force behind the decision to incorporate was a need for improved community services and a desire by the people to control their own destiny.

The West Sacramento City Council consists of five members, elected at-large. The position of Mayor is separately elected for a two-year term in even years. The other members are elected to four-year, overlapping terms. The position of Mayor Pro Tem is chosen by the City Council for a one-year term.

The City Council serves as the policy board for the municipality. As an elected "Board of Directors," the City Council provides policy direction, establishes goals, and sets priorities for the City government. In addition to serving as the policymakers for the community, the City Council is also responsible for numerous land use decisions within its borders, including the General Plan. The City Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, and all members of the advisory boards and commissions.

COMPONENT UNITS

The City Council also served as the Board for the West Sacramento Redevelopment Agency, and the City Manager served as the Executive Director. The Agency's project area included approximately 5,416 acres, or 46 percent of the total land area of the City. The Agency's goal was to maximize the abundant potential of West Sacramento's land, assets and people, with positive physical change that creates vibrant retail commerce, a prestigious office address, diverse and highly desirable residential neighborhoods, and quality employment opportunities. The State Legislature passed Assembly Bill X1 26 to eliminate redevelopment agencies, which became effective January 31, 2012. The State designated "Successor Agencies" to implement the

dissolution of redevelopment agencies, and wind down the affairs of the now dissolved redevelopment agency. Accordingly, the City Council now serves as the Board for the West Sacramento Redevelopment Successor Agency and the City Manager serves as its Executive Director.

The Sacramento-Yolo Port District was formed in 1947 under Section 6800, *et seq.*, of the California Harbors and Navigation Code. Historically, the district's seven-member commission was appointed by the City and County of Sacramento (five members), Yolo County (one member), and the City (one member). In January 2006, the governance of the Port was amended (Governance Agreement), and both the City of Sacramento and County of Sacramento agreed to allow the City to appoint a majority of the Commission members. In September 2006, state legislation was passed modifying the district's enabling act (Harbor and Navigations Act – River Port Districts) from the above-mentioned seven-member commission to a five-member commission appointed by the City (four members) and Yolo County (one member). The commissioners appointed by the City may be members of the City Council but are not required to be City Council members. The City Manager serves as CEO of the Port.

Pursuant to Government Code commencing 53398.50, the City of West Sacramento Enhanced Infrastructure Financing District No. 1 (the "EIFD") was formed on June 28, 2017 to assist with the financing of public infrastructure within a 4,127-acre district. The District allows the City to commit tax increment (growth in property tax revenues on assessed valuation over the 2016-17 base year) financing to the District. The EIFD is a legally constituted governmental entity separate and distinct from the City, and its sole purpose is the financing of public facilities or projects. The EIFD Public Financing Authority ("the Authority") was formed on February 1, 2017, to act as the governing body to the EIFD. The Authority membership consists of five members: three members are public members of the City Council, and two members are public members appointed by the City Council. The EIFD has a 45-year term from the date that debt obligations are first authorized by the public financing authority.

BUDGET

The City legally adopts biennial budgets for all General and Special Revenue Funds.

The Council, on a multiyear basis, has initially covenanted debt service and capital projects with bond proceeds. Other projects in the capital projects funds are budgeted by the Council on a multiyear basis. The legal level of control is the fund as stated in 7) below. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) Department Heads prepare and submit a budget request based upon the previous years' expenditures, anticipated changes or impacts for the upcoming period, and available resources to the Finance Division.
- 2) A meeting is held between the Department Heads, Administrative Services Director, and the City Manager for the purpose of reviewing and prioritizing the budget request.
- 3) The City Manager approves an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next biennial budget.
- 4) The biennial budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by the City Council on or before June 30th in accordance with the municipal code.
- 5) The approved budget is placed in the City accounting system and monitored by the Finance Division of the Administrative Services Department as well as by the responsible City Department.

- 6) The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and between activities, within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 7) Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted and as further amended by the City Council. The legal level of control (level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is the fund.

Budget information is presented for the General and Special Revenue Funds in the fund financial statements. The budget information is presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Appropriations, except open project appropriations and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each two-year biennial cycle.

ECONOMIC CONDITION

LOCAL/REGIONAL ECONOMY

The annual job report in the six-county Sacramento region, of which the City is an integral part, is an essential component of the local/regional economic analysis. According to the 2019 Mid-Year Review, published by the Sacramento Business Review, while the national unemployment rate was hitting multi-decade lows, the unemployment rate in the Sacramento Region increased slightly in first quarter of 2019. The recent influx of people entering the labor force was offset by the people leaving; therefore, the year-over-year labor force growth is less than 1%. Overall, the Sacramento regional economy expansion continues. The employment growth remains positive and the region's total nonfarm jobs have increased 1.35%. Not all sectors of the job market are contributing equally to the increase in employment growth. Construction and manufacturing jobs are coming back to the region. The health care and leisure and hospitality sectors, which represent two of the region's largest employment sectors behind government, also reported strong growth. Total employment, which is highly correlated with total economic output has continued to increase in the Sacramento Region; however, we are beginning to see higher volatility in employment data and need to be aware of a number of economic risks such as Fed increasing debt and deficit, election year hesitation, geopolitical issues and trade wars and a global slowdown with an aging demography. According to the Sacramento Business Review, the fast-growing years are behind us and economic growth in the region will be slower in the next 12 months.

According to the California Employment Development Department's (EDD) August 2019 report, the State of California unemployment rate was 4.2% in comparison to the U. S. unemployment rate of 3.7%.

The table below illustrates the unemployment rate for the Sacramento Region in comparison with the State of California.

Unemployment Rate

	Sacramento	California	Difference
August 2019	3.9%	4.2%	-0.3%
July 2019	4.1%	4.5%	-0.4%
August 2018	4.0%	4.3%	-0.3%

Source: California Employment Development Department Labor Market Review August 2019

The four major sectors of employment in the Sacramento Region reported a net decline in growth when compared to prior years. The Construction sector reported a net growth of 5.4% over the past 12 months. Manufacturing employment increased by 5.3%. The often-strong Government sector only slightly increased by 0.2% compared to prior year.

The 2019 Mid-Year Update indicates, in order to reach sustainable economic growth in the region, it requires an improvement in wages and household income to increase the purchasing power of Sacramento workers and households. Recent data show that the rate of change in median employment income and median household income has improved marginally, but this trend will become an important driver for continued economic expansion in the region.

The sectors that gained jobs in the August report according to the California Employment Development Department (EDD) were: government (14,500); leisure and hospitality (7,900); educational and health services (7,900); professional and business services (7,400); information (2,900).

- Professional and business services payrolls increased by 7,400 jobs in August 2019. This followed a 14,400 job gain in July. Over the year, sector employment was up 2.9 percent.
- Education and health services payrolls increased by 7,900 jobs in August. This followed a 9,200 job gain in July. Over the year, sector employment was up by 2.8 percent.
- Leisure and hospitality payrolls increased by 7,900 jobs in August. This followed a 9,900 job loss in July. Over the year, sector employment was up by 2.5 percent.
- Two sectors that lost jobs in this report were: trade, transportation and utilities (4,000); financial activities (1,900); construction (1,700) and other services (300).

Yolo County's August 2019 unemployment rate remained the same as prior year. The unemployment rate for Yolo County posted by the California Employment Development Department as of August 2018 was 3.9 percent; 4,200 unemployed out of 109,200 total labor force.

The 2019 Mid-Year Update, published by Sacramento Business Review, stated that the single-family home sale in the Sacramento area continues to see growth, but there are signs of deceleration. Sale prices on a per square foot basis across the Sacramento region increased by 3% year-over-year, compared to 6% in 2018 and 9% growth or more the prior 3 years. This is due to increased construction of single-family homes effectively capping home values at or very near their replacement costs. However, based on the report, the cost basis for starter homes remains too high to justify new construction, leaving much of the construction market focused on second-or third-time buyers.

In summary for the regional economic outlook, the 2019 Business Review stated that the Sacramento area's economy is in good shape overall, but optimism among business leaders, policymakers, and consumers is slightly dwindling. Whatever "downturn" might be brewing in the state and national economies leading into 2020 may impact certain segments of the regional economy. To remain a healthy economic expansion requires a master plan to create higher paying jobs, improve the business competitiveness and balance financials in

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City Council has established a Policy Agenda that has long-term financial implications affecting the City. These include:

- Flood Protection
- Streetcar / Mobility
- West Sacramento Home Run implementation
- Measure N Implementation
- Bridges: I Street Replacement / Deck Conversion, Enterprise, & Roadway
- Affordable Housing Strategy

Each of these items is discussed below.

Flood Protection:

Important elements for the Flood Protection Program in 2019 include: continue advocacy for federal appropriations for design and construction of federal project; continue construction of the Southport Levee Project; lead design of first increment of federal project in coordination with USACE Sac District; manage directed grant funding for continued engagement with the LS-DN Regional Planning Area through update of the CVFPP in 2022; continue monitoring of FEMA to best manage timing and outcome of remapping; complete update to the City's Floodplain Management Plan; work with Public Works utilities to establish a plan for local storm water operation and maintenance; and identify opportunities throughout the year to educate the public on flood risk and the city's efforts to minimize that risk.

Status of Item

Projects: Southport Sacramento River levee construction is underway. Earthwork completion is anticipated in December 2018. Landscape/riparian completion is anticipated December 2019.

Regional Flood Management Planning: Continue stakeholder engagement on planning efforts including the Corridor Management Framework (Ongoing)

Emergency Preparedness: Staff is processing an amendment to the Phase II Flood Emergency Response Plan Grant agreement with DWR to reallocate funding from the training/exercise plan which was done in-house to several flood and public safety mapping deliverables (*In Process*)

Floodplain Mapping: Continue dialogue with FEMA staff (regional office and headquarters) to best manage the timing and outcome of remapping (*Ongoing*)

Reclamation Districts: Staff is preparing a detailed analysis of LAFCo's recommendation for reorganization of the reclamation districts within the City to subsidiary districts. (*In Process*)

Upcoming Actions or Milestones

Flood Protection

Develop options for funding remaining local share of Federal project (Completed)

- Refine local cost share projections, revenue and schedule (Completed)
- Explore alternative federal project delivery opportunities (Ongoing)
- Select contractor and begin design of first increment of Federal project up to 65% design milestone in coordination with USACE Sacramento District (September 2020)
- Continue construction of Southport Levee Project (December 2020)
- Seek common solutions to resolve flood system deficiencies (Ongoing)
- Define FEMA 100-year projects as alternative in case of future FIRM (Completed)
- Track progress on Southport Early Implementation (Ongoing)
- Report on ULOP (Ongoing)
- Report: Progress on Urban Level of Flood Protection (Annual)
- Report: National Flood Insurance Program Reform (Ongoing)
- Report: Federal Policy Guidelines Updates (Ongoing)
- Explore opportunities for levee certification (Ongoing)
- Prepare Credit Packages to submit to USACE (December 2019)
- Yolo LAFCo consideration of Reclamation District 537 and 900 reorganization proposals (Completed)

Streetcar / Mobility

Construction bids for the streetcar system were opened on January 11th. There were three bids. The lowest bid was about \$76 million over the Engineer's estimate. An interagency panel formed by the Mayors have been looking at all options. Technical panel has reviewed proceeding with 1) A rescoped Light Rail Transit (LRT) extension of the SacRT Green Line into West Sacramento (North/South Connection); and 2) An Autonomous-ready Bus Rapid Transit (A/BRT) project connecting the Cities from WS Civic Center to 29th Street in Sacramento.

Upcoming Actions or Milestones

- Mobility alternatives meeting with elected representatives (Completed)
- Mobility project and technical working group meetings and summary memo (Completed)
- Mobility project finance and regulatory group meeting (Completed)
- Project recommendations brought to City Council for authorization (Completed)
- Riverfront JPA Board meetings to discuss project progress and receive feedback/direction (Ongoing)
- Mobility application packages for Rail & BRT projects finalized (August 2019)
- Application package submitted to FTA for review (August 2019)

West Sacramento Home Run Implementation

The objective of the West Sacramento Home Run initiative is to change the culture of the City into one where every young person is prepared for college and career while creating a more robust workforce for local employers and enhancing the City's economic development capacity and competitiveness. The West Sacramento Home Run program includes components for preschool, college savings accounts, career-ready internships and badges, and a college promise.

Status of Item

Since the approval of Measure E by the voters in November 2016, a number of implementation actions have been approved and/or initiated. A Home Run Program Manager was appointed. The City Manager was authorized to execute the Reimbursement Agreement between the City of West Sacramento and the Los Rios Community College District (LRCCD), by and through its college, Sacramento City College for the College Promise Program. Staff was authorized to issue an RFP for a financial institution to administer college savings accounts for resident preschool children entering kindergarten within the Washington Unified School District. The Council authorized dissolution of the UP4WS Executive Board. Council authorized the appropriation of \$250,000 from the Measure E fund to initiate implementation of one or more elements identified in the framework for the Home Run program, including up to \$125,000 for securing a marketing firm for the HR branding and marketing. At the end of 2018, a new West Sacramento Home Run Program Manager was hired, and resources were realigned with Early Learning Services to create a WSHR Business Manager. (Completed)

<u>Upcoming Action or Milestones</u>

- Outreach families to enroll eligible 2018/19 kindergarteners for the WSHR College Savings Account (Ongoing)
- Recruit and hire WSHR (West Sacramento Home Run) Program Associate (Completed)
- Complete WSHR Quality Certification of all eligible preschools (Ongoing)
- Marketing campaign event and kick off for 3-year campaign (August 2019)
- Finalize and approve Data Sharing Agreement with Washington Unified School District (Completed)
- Connect at lease 35 Integrated College and Career Pathways students to paid internships in their field of study (*Ongoing*)
- Determine best platform for WSHR, ensure current badge utilization fidelity (Ongoing)

Measure N Implementation

Approved by the voters in 2018, Measure N added a one-quarter cent sales tax for general purposes. This item covers the development of a policy document to help assure that Measure N funds are invested in a manner that is consistent with the ballot language and intent.

Upcoming Action or Milestones

- Present draft policy to Council Measure N Sub-committee (Complete)
- Council workshop on proposed Measure N policy (Complete)
- Council adoption of Measure N policy (Completed)

Bridges: I Street Replacement/Deck Conversion, Enterprise & Broadway

The I-Street Replacement Project is a new neighborhood-serving, multimodal bridge (connecting C-Street in West Sacramento with Railyards Avenue in Sacramento) designed to accommodate future phases of rail transit and approved in the SACOG 2035 Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Plan (MTIP). The project is fully funded by the Federal Highway Bridge Replacement Program and is entering final construction design and permitting phase in 2019 with construction projected in late 2021. During 2019, West Sacramento will be initiating

approximately 13 property acquisitions (including occupied properties) associated with the Bridge Project in the 3rd and C area of the City.

I Street Deck Conversion will convert the top deck of the historic I Street Bridge to pedestrian and bicycle when the Replacement Bridge is constructed. The feasibility evaluation phase of the I Street Deck conversion project was completed in March 2019 providing preliminary structural assessment and engineering design to transition to bicycle pedestrian modes, regulatory, railroad and permitting findings. The City will enter into agreements with Sacramento to ensure the I Street Bridge Replacement and Deck Conversion are integrated and apply for funding for PAED and construction of I Street Deck improvements in 2019-2020.

Broadway/15th Street Bridge is approved in the SACOG 2035 Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Plan (MTIP). A Feasibility Project was funded by SACOG in December 2014 to complete a preliminary feasibility study and landing locations for the creation of a new bridge between Broadway Avenue and South River Road/15th Street. The Project Approval, Environmental Document (PA/ED) phase is fully funded through a \$1.5M TIGER grant and \$1.5m in matching local funding from both cities. This project phase is currently in-progress and expected to be completed on or before fall 2020. 10% conceptual geometrics and traffic analyses are complete and developed in concert with the Pioneer Bluff circulation plan. Engineering and environmental studies are underway.

Upcoming Action or Milestones

- Form discussion team to evaluate Enterprise crossing alternatives strategy (Completed)
- I Street Bridge Replacement NEPA/CEQA authorization by Caltrans and SHPO for municipal Certification (Completed)
- I Street Bridge Deck Conversion Agreement with Sacramento (July 2019)
- I Street Bridge Deck Conversion application for PA/ED and construction funds (November 2019)
- I Street Bridge Final Design Completed (November 2020)
- I Street Bridge Construction Completed (July 2023)
- Broadway Bridge Technical Studies and draft EIR/EA (November 2019)
- Broadway Bridge NEPA/CEQA approval and final project report (August 2020)

Affordable Housing Strategy

City Council consideration of a Local Preference Policy obligating affordable housing project developers and homeless assistance program providers that receive City funds to provide West Sacramento residents with a priority or preference for housing and services opportunities, to the extent not prohibited by law and allowed under the regulations of the federal and state financial partners in the project/program.

Upcoming Action or Milestones

- Development of draft Affordable Housing Local Preference Policy language and priorities considering type of project, program and funding sources (November 2019)
- Define City responsibility for on-going implementation of policy compliance, monitoring and penalties for non-compliance (August 2019)

- Coordination with HCD, HUD, County of Yolo, FHEO and local housing advocates about policy proposal (July 2019)
- Council consideration of amendment to CDBG Consolidated Plan (December 2019)
- City Council consideration of Local Preference Policy (December 2019)

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Cash Management Policies and Practices It is the policy of the City and the Treasurer of the City to invest idle funds in a manner that provides the highest safety and security while matching maturities to future liabilities and daily cash flow demands. Investments are made according to California Government Code section 53600, *et seq.*, and the adopted City Investment Policy.

The City's cash management practices include the establishment of reserves and designations to 1) stabilize the City's fiscal base for anticipated fluctuations in revenues and expenditures; 2) provide for nonrecurring, unanticipated expenditures; and 3) provide for innovative opportunities for the betterment of the community. The following reserves and designations have been established.

- 1. **General Fund** Included in this fund are the following two accounts:
 - **General Reserve** The City seeks to maintain a cash reserve for the General Fund equal to between 10% and 20% of annual revenues. The City's current General Fund reserve is at 16.85% of annual revenues.
 - **General Long-term Debt Account** This account is used to partially fund liabilities for paid employee leave and other General Fund related debt.
- 2. **General Equipment Replacement** The City seeks to maintain a cash reserve of \$6.0 million. Interest earnings are used to replace equipment used for public safety.
- 3. **General Facilities Fund** Funding for this reserve comes from surplus general taxes, one-time general revenues and interest earned on the fund balance. The reserve may be used for the following purposes only:
 - to provide working capital to finance expenditures from the beginning of the budget year until other revenue sources are collected;
 - to provide resources to meet requirements in the event of a disaster, such as fire, flood or earthquake;
 - to cover a pending year-end excess of expenditures over revenues from unavoidable shortfalls in revenues;
 - to advance funding for capital improvements; and, finally,
 - to finance general-purpose buildings, improvements and equipment.
- 4. Risk Management The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to: torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In March 1987, the City joined together with other agencies in the state to form the Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority (YCPARMIA), a public-entity risk pool that is currently operating as a common risk-management 10-member agency. The City pays an annual premium to YCPARMIA for its general insurance coverage. The Agreement for the formation of YCPARMIA provides that YCPARMIA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through the California Joint Power Insurance

Authority (CAJPIA) for claims in excess of \$500,000 for general liability, \$25,000 for property, and \$500,000 for workers' compensation for each insured event.

The CAJPIA is a large risk pool that covers large claims for smaller risk pools such as YCPARMIA.

AWARDS

The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 21th consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

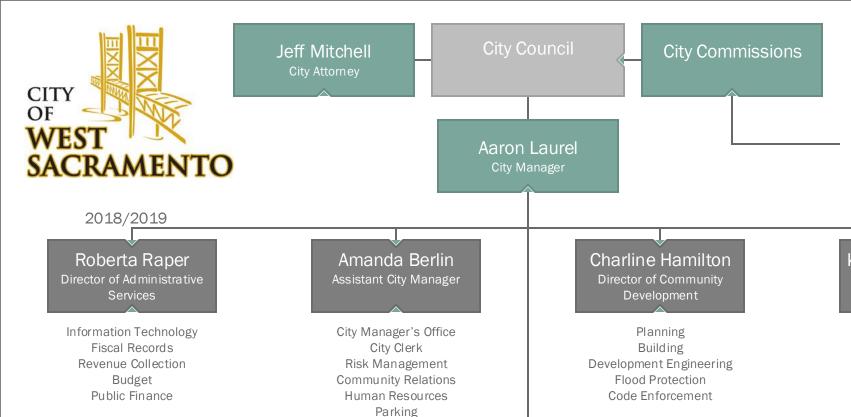
A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. In our opinion, the current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and it will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for recognition.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to express our appreciation to the entire Finance Division of the Administrative Services Department for their effort in maintaining accurate and timely accounting records from which this report was prepared. We would also like to acknowledge the professional work and advice of Crowe, LLP.

Roberta Raper Administrative Services Director

Claire Connor Accounting Manager



John Heilmann Fire Chief

Emergency Operations
Hazardous Materials
Prevention
Training/Safety

Cindy Tuttle

Payroll

Director of Parks & Recreation

Recreation
Park Maintenance
Early Learning Services
Special Events

Thomas McDonald

Police Chief

Support Services Records Operations (Patrol) Traffic/Parking Investigations

Katherine Jacobson

Board of Appeals

Arts, Culture & Historic Preservation

Disaster Council

Economic Development &

Housing

Environment & Utilities

Parks, Recreation &

Intergenerational Services
Planning
Transportation, Mobility &
Infrastructure

Director of Economic Development & Housing

Economic Development Housing Port of West Sacramento

Denix Anbiah

Director of Public Works

Facilities
Engineering
Inspection Engineering
Transportation
Equipment & Facilities
Maintenance
Road
Storm Water
Sewer
Water Distribution
Environmental Services

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS 2018-19

Elected Officials

Mayor Christopher L. Cabaldon

Mayor Pro Tem Quirina Orozco

Council Member Christopher Ledesma
Council Member Martha Guerrero
Council Member Beverly Sandeen

Appointed Officials

City Manager Aaron Laurel
City Attorney Jeffrey Michell

Executive Team

Assistant City Manager

Director of Administrative Services

Director of Community Development

Director of Community Development

Charling Hamilton

Director of Economic Development & Housing Katherine Jacobson

Director of Parks & Recreation

Director of Public Works

Fire Chief

Police Chief

Traci Michel

Denix Anbiah

John Heilmann

Thomas McDonald

xvi



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

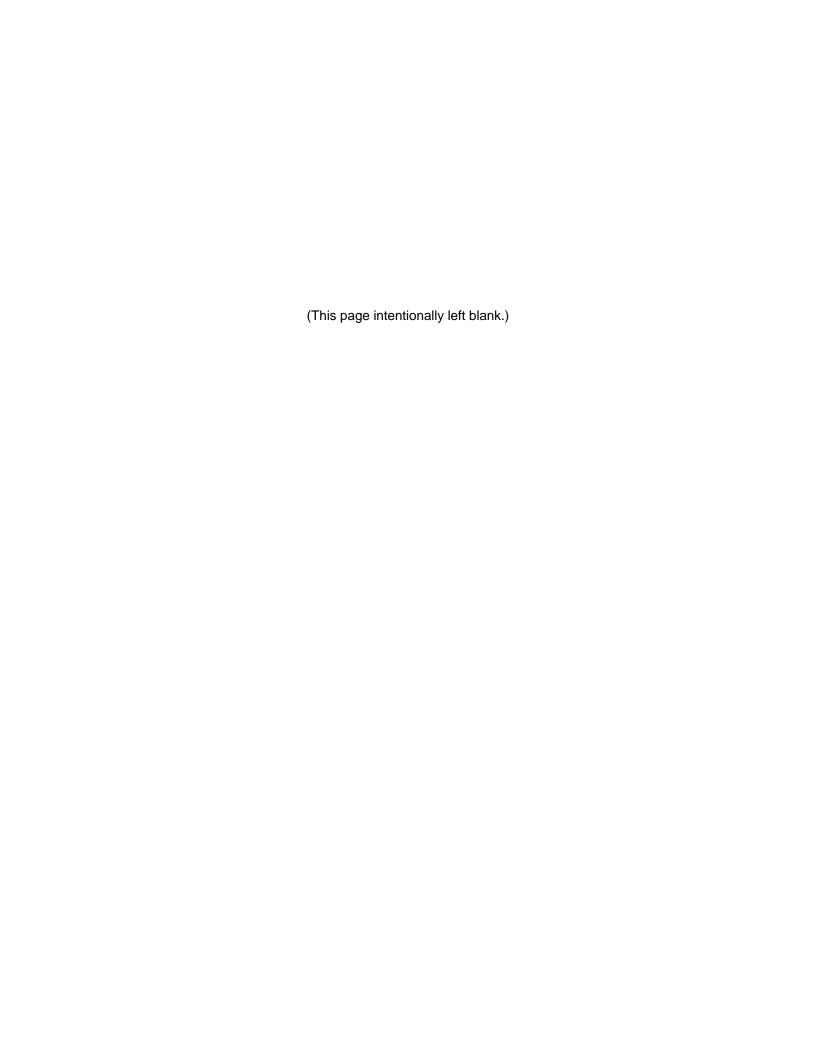
City of West Sacramento California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

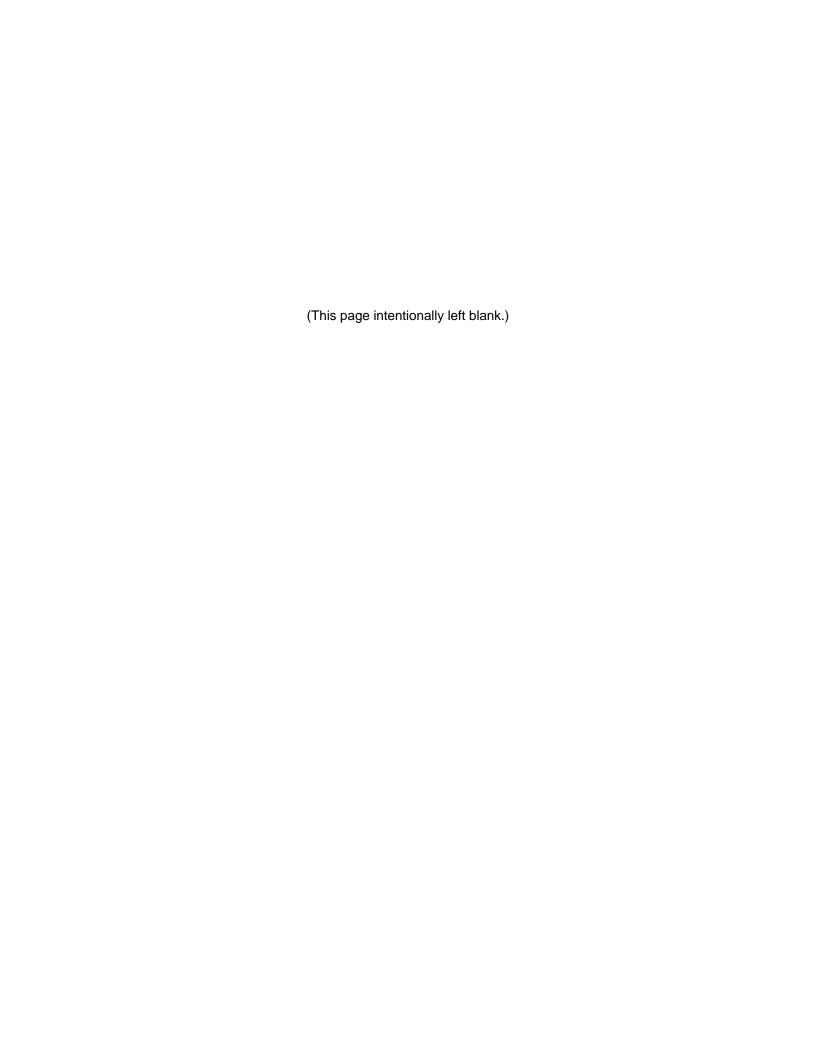
June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of West Sacramento, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Sacramento, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Sacramento, California, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, and the HCD Block Grant Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 20, schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios – miscellaneous plan, schedule of contributions to the pension plan – miscellaneous plan, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability - public safety plan, schedule of contributions to the pension plan - public safety plan and schedule of changes in the net other postemployment benefits liability, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information and statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2019 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 20, 2019

As management of the City of West Sacramento (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on page viii of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is in three major parts:

- 1) The Introductory section, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information;
- 2) The **Financial section**, which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part), the Basic Financial Statements, including the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements with the notes to these Financial Statements, and the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules; and
- 3) The Statistical section.

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements consist of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

The Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's activities as a whole, and consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full-accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all the City's revenues and all its expenses, also on the full-accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of each of the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in net position for the year.

All of the City's activities are grouped into government activities and business-type activities, as explained below. All of the amounts in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are separated into governmental activities and business-type activities in order to provide a summary of these two activities of the City as a whole.

- Government activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental
 activities, including general government, community development, economic development,
 public safety, animal control, engineering, community events, public improvements, planning and
 zoning, building inspections, and general administration. These services are supported by
 general City revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as developer fees.
- The City's governmental activities include the activities of a separate legal entity, the Successor Agency to the City of West Sacramento Redevelopment Agency (Agency), because the City is financially accountable for the Agency. As of February 1, 2012, the State of California eliminated the Redevelopment Agency. The former redevelopment fund is now reported as a trust and agency fund. The component unit financial statements of the Agency are available from the Administrative Services Department, Finance Division of the City.

Business-type activities – All the City's enterprise activities are reported here, including sewer, water, Port, and solid-waste activity. Unlike governmental services, these services are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of service they use.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the Governmental Funds Financial Statements is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Governmental Funds Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called *major funds*. The concept of *major funds*, and the determination of which are *major funds*, was established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each *major fund* is presented individually, with all *non-major funds* summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the details of these *non-major funds*. *Major funds* present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the City's *major governmental funds* are as follows:

- General Fund
- HCD Block Grant Fund Special Revenue Fund
- Low Moderate Income Housing Fund Special Revenue Fund

The Council, on a multi-year basis, has initially covenanted debt service and projects with bond proceeds. Other projects in the capital projects funds are budgeted by the Council on a multi-year basis.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains four proprietary funds, all of which are reported as enterprise fund types. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The City uses *enterprise funds* to account for sewer, water, Port, and solid-waste activities. The Sewer Fund, Water Fund, Port Fund, and the Solid Waste Fund are major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 38 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information regarding the funding progress of the City's pension and postemployment benefits plans can be found starting on page 95 of this report.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the Notes to the Financial Statements. Combining and individual fund statements can be found starting on page 104 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City presents its financial statements under the reporting model required by the GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) – for State and Local Governments. For comparison purposes, three years of financial information is provided in the GASB 34 format.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$580.8 million as of June 30, 2019, \$561.4 million as of June 30, 2018.

The net position in Fiscal Year 2019 increased by \$20.6 million for governmental activities and decrease by \$1.2 million for business-type activities, a combined net increase of \$19.4 million. The increase in governmental activities are primarily due to an overall increase of the sales tax revenue, which reported a net increase of \$6.3 million, and an increase in property taxes of \$1.5 million and \$1.3 million increase in use of money and property related revenue. Other increases are \$0.8 million in other taxes, fees, licenses, permits and other revenue. The net decrease of \$1.2 million in the business-type activities are primarily due to an increase of contribution to fund capital projects for \$4.8 million regardless of an increase in net operating income of \$3.3 million.

Recorded capital assets, including land, buildings, improvements, equipment and infrastructure, represent both citywide and business-type assets. Of the total net position, capital assets include \$509.3 million in the Fiscal Year 2019 and \$509.4 million in Fiscal Year 2018. The recorded capital assets for the Fiscal Year 2019 decreased by \$0.1 million primarily due to the retirement of the fixed assets. During this year, there were no significant changes in non-depreciable and depreciable assets.

Restricted and unrestricted net position of \$163.6 million account for 28.2% of total net position in Fiscal Year 2019, \$144.4 million account for 25.7% of total net position in Fiscal Year 2018. The increase of \$19.2 million in Fiscal Year 2019 is primarily due to restricted funds increased in capital projects both in business-type and governmental activities.

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA SUMMARY OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2019, and 2018

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Current and other assets	\$214,630,481	\$205,759,504	\$52,313,275	\$48,824,990	\$266,943,756	\$254,584,494	
Capital assets	\$351,379,154	\$346,037,737	\$157,948,989	\$163,376,972	\$509,328,143	\$509,414,709	
Total Assets	\$566,009,635	\$551,797,241	\$210,262,264	\$212,201,962	\$776,271,899	\$763,999,203	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$21,121,234	\$23,034,403	\$3,121,738	\$3,152,903	\$24,242,972	\$26,187,306	
Current and other liabilities	\$9,680,776	\$18,870,294	\$6,079,569	\$3,838,521	\$15,760,345	\$22,708,815	
Non-current liabilities	\$114,175,862	\$114,915,099	\$85,077,825	\$87,783,137	\$199,253,687	\$202,698,236	
Total Liabilities	\$123,856,638	\$133,785,393	\$91,157,394	\$91,621,658	\$215,014,032	\$225,407,051	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$3,581,999	\$1,896,019	\$1,111,758	\$1,451,161	\$4,693,757	\$3,347,180	
Net investment in capital assets	\$334,970,305	\$329,869,587	\$82,270,868	\$87,191,942	\$417,241,173	\$417,061,529	
Restricted	\$101,647,779	\$59,677,816	\$20,423,490	\$24,132,284	\$122,071,269	\$83,810,100	
Unrestricted	\$23,074,148	\$49,602,829	\$18,420,492	\$10,957,820	\$41,494,640	\$60,560,649	
Total Net Position	\$459,692,232	\$439,150,232	\$121,114,850	\$122,282,046	\$580,807,082	\$561,432,278	

Governmental Activities

Total governmental revenues reported for Fiscal Year 2019 were \$118.1 million, a net increase of \$5.1 million. The increase can be attributable to a combination of factors including a net increase in Sales and Use Tax (\$6.2 million), an increase in Property Tax (\$1.5 million), a net combination increase in Intergovernmental revenue (\$1.2 million) and a net increase of Other Taxes/Miscellaneous including program revenue and Gain on Sale of Assets revenues (\$11.4 million). The decrease in current year Capital Grants and Contributions can be attributable to closing of the capital projects in the Bridge District which reduced the capital funding from the grants and contributions (-\$15.2 million). The increase in Sales Tax is due to the partial year revenue received for the new tax measure, Measure N, along with catch up payments from prior years that were delayed due to the new system implementation and transition from Board of Equalization to the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration, as well as to growth in taxable sales within the City. The property tax increase is due to the annual assessment of two percent increase along with market conditions.

Total governmental revenues reported for Fiscal Year 2018 were \$113.0 million, a net increase of \$22.0 million. The increase can be attributable to a combination of factors including a net increase in Capital Grants and Contributions (\$13.5 million), an increase in Sales and Use Tax (\$4.0 million), an increase in Property Tax (\$1.2 million), and a net combination increase in Intergovernmental revenue (\$1.2 million) and Other Taxes/Miscellaneous revenues (\$1.0 million). The increase in Capital Grants and Contributions can be attributable to a new Community Facility District construction bond issued in the Bridge District this year and a net proceed received is to fund City's capital projects. The increase in Sales Tax is due to the full year revenue received for the new tax measure, Measure E. The property tax increase is due to the annual assessment of two percent increase.

Business-type Activities

Total business-type charges for services in Fiscal Year 2019 were reported as \$40.4 million, an increase of \$1.8 million, or 4.6%. The increase in revenues can be attributable to an increase in utility rates and new connections from development. The Water service charges revenue increased by \$0.4 million primarily due to rate increase in the water service charges for both residential and commercial also the near completion of billing residential flat rate to usage metered rate. The Refuse service charges revenue increase by \$0.8 million is also due to service rate increase in both residential and commercial. The major reason for the increase is due to the third-party operator rate increase. The Port operating revenues increased slightly by \$0.09 million primarily due to the rate increase in property lease.

The business-type activities operating expenses for Fiscal Year 2019 were \$36.7 million, a decrease of \$1.3 million, or 3.5%. The Sewer Enterprise Fund operating expenses increased by \$0.4 million primarily due to an increase in the costs of sewer treatment costs. Decrease in Water Fund expenses by \$1.1 million is related to the reduced capital project contribution. The decrease in Port Fund operating expenses by \$0.8 million is due to decrease in operations and maintenance expenses. The increase of \$0.2 million in operating expenses in the Refuse Fund is primarily due to the third-party operator rate increase.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019, and 2018

	Governmen	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
REVENUES							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$16,686,374	\$13,149,452	\$40,362,994	\$38,577,998	\$57,049,368	\$51,727,450	
Operating grants and contributions	\$21,844,100	\$17,526,320	\$263,677	\$228,690	\$22,107,777	\$17,755,010	
Capital grants and contributions	\$8,090,833	\$21,742,278	-	-	\$8,090,833	\$21,742,278	
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$26,539,755	\$25,013,023	-	-	\$26,539,755	\$25,013,023	
Sales and use tax	\$33,286,359	\$27,008,498	-	-	\$33,286,359	\$27,008,498	
Transient Occupancy Tax	\$1,896,683	\$1,686,060	-	-	\$1,896,683	\$1,686,060	
Other taxes	\$3,022,475	\$2,957,905	-	-	\$3,022,475	\$2,957,905	
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	\$259,383	\$1,310,148	-	-	\$259,383	\$1,310,148	
Investment earnings	\$1,707,994	\$1,543,763	\$1,080,190	\$383,969	\$2,788,184	\$1,927,732	
Miscellaneous	\$461,596	\$323,422	\$2,238	\$282,168	\$463,834	\$605,590	
Gain on sale of assets	\$4,299,809	\$713,576	\$1,760,286	\$210,843	\$6,060,095	\$924,419	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$118,095,361	\$112,974,445	\$43,469,385	\$39,683,668	\$161,564,746	\$152,658,113	
EXPENSES							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$12,868,423	\$7,813,989	-	-	\$12,868,423	\$7,813,989	
Public works	\$36,671,630	\$32,061,864	-	-	\$36,671,630	\$32,061,864	
Public safety	\$37,521,740	\$35,356,803	-	-	\$37,521,740	\$35,356,803	
Community development	\$5,819,686	\$4,809,138	-	-	\$5,819,686	\$4,809,138	
Landscaping and street lighting	\$4,371,403	\$2,847,253	-	-	\$4,371,403	\$2,847,253	
Culture and recreation	\$7,003,863	\$8,942,645	-	-	\$7,003,863	\$8,942,645	
Housing rehabilitation	\$346,428	\$873,258	-	-	\$346,428	\$873,258	

Interest on long-term debt	\$897,550	\$863,866	-	-	\$897,550	\$863,866
Business-type activities						
Sewer	-	-	\$13,442,546	\$13,027,757	\$13,442,546	\$13,027,757
Water	-	-	\$12,830,891	\$13,924,802	\$12,830,891	\$13,924,802
Port	-	-	\$2,778,377	\$3,600,213	\$2,778,377	\$3,600,213
Refuse		-	\$7,637,405	\$7,409,506	\$7,637,405	\$7,409,506
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$105,500,723	\$93,568,816	\$36,689,219	\$37,962,278	\$142,189,942	\$131,531,094
EXCESS REVENUES BEFORE TRANSFERS AND SPECIAL ITEMS	\$12,594,638	\$19,405,629	\$6,780,166	\$1,721,390	\$19,374,804	\$21,127,019
SPECIAL ITEMS AND TRANSFERS						
Transfers	\$7,947,362	\$5,437,766	(\$7,947,362)	(\$5,437,766)	-	-
TOTAL SPECIAL ITEMS AND TRANSFERS	\$7,947,362	\$5,437,766	(\$7,947,362)	(\$5,437,766)	-	-
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$20,542,000	\$24,843,395	(\$1,167,196)	(\$3,716,376)	\$19,374,804	\$21,127,019
Net Position at July 1	\$439,150,232	\$425,155,739	\$122,282,046	\$126,998,875	\$561,432,278	\$552,154,614
Restatement (GASB 75 implementation)	-	(\$10,848,902)	-	(1,000,453)	-	(\$11,849,355)
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$459,692,232	\$439,150,232	\$121,114,850	\$122,282,046	\$580,807,082	\$561,432,278

Governmental Activities

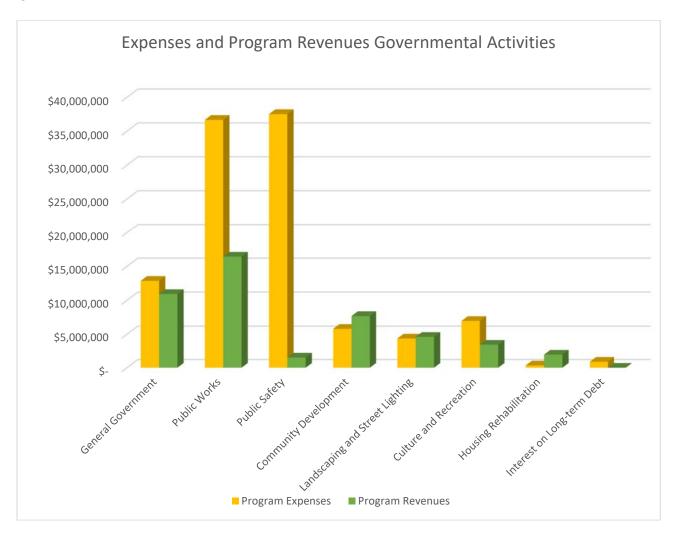
The following table shows the cost of each of the City's major programs and the net cost of the programs. Net revenues are the total cost less fees and other direct revenue generated by those activities. The net revenues reflect the financial burden that was placed on the City taxpayers by each of the programs.

SUMMARY NET POSITION
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019, and 2018

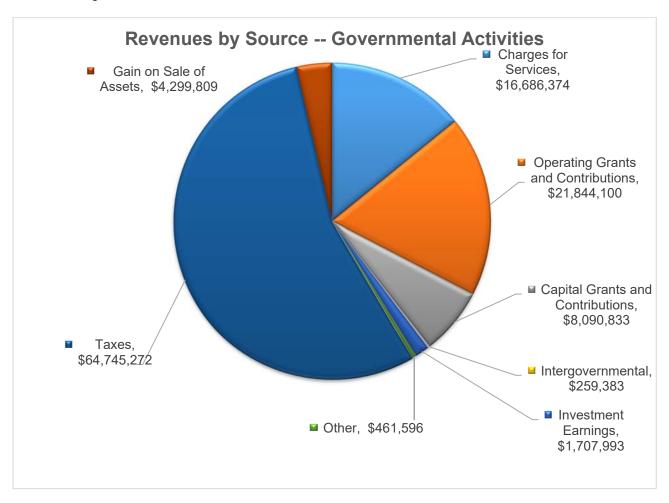
	201	9	20	18
	Total Cost of Services	Net Revenues	Total Cost of Services	Net Revenues
General Government	\$12,868,423	(\$1,945,520)	\$7,813,989	\$3,056,962
Public Works	\$36,671,630	(\$20,232,137)	\$32,061,864	(\$19,665,960)
Public Safety	\$37,521,740	(\$36,002,015)	\$35,356,803	(\$33,640,978)
Community Development	\$5,819,686	\$1,910,115	\$4,809,138	\$15,012,389
Landscaping and Street Lighting	\$4,371,403	\$241,225	\$2,847,253	\$828,348
Culture and Recreation	\$7,003,863	(\$3,562,397)	\$8,942,645	(\$5,559,705)
Housing Rehabilitation	\$346,428	\$1,608,863	\$873,258	(\$317,956)
Interest on Long-term Debt	\$897,550	(\$897,550)	\$863,866	(\$863,866)
	\$105,500,723	(\$58,879,416)	\$93,568,816	(\$41,150,766)

In all functions/programs of Governmental Activities, Public Works and Public Safety have a net cost of \$56.2 million which demand the most resources from City taxpayers. The City's growing population has required significant capital investment, including service programs for fire and police protection as well as public works for new residential areas including in roads and infrastructure improvements and maintenance. Very few direct revenues (charges for these services) can be garnered to offset these expenditures, thereby requiring taxes to fund these services.

The following chart illustrates the comparison between expenses and program revenues for Governmental Activities:



The following chart illustrates sources of revenues for Governmental Activities:

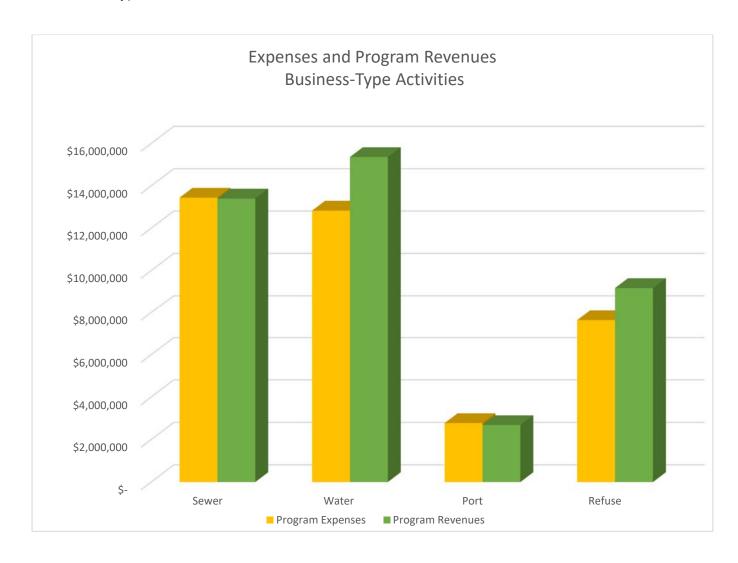


Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$1.2 million (includes General Revenues). The net changes in business-type activities were due to the increase costs in sewer treatment and refuse third-party contract and the committed capital expenditures that were approved during the year.

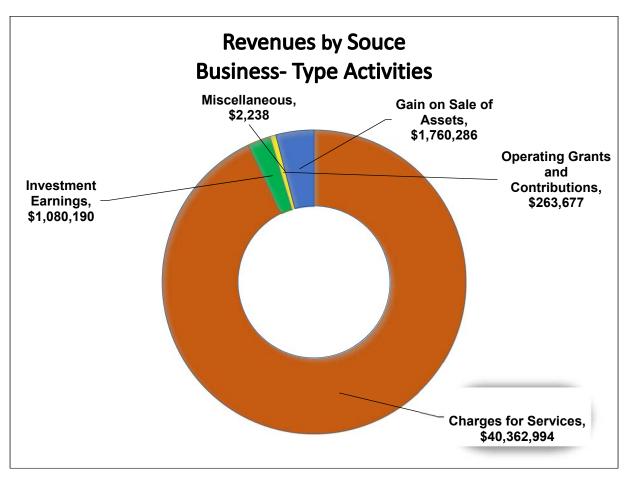
SUMMARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019, and 2018

	2019		2018	3
	Total Cost of Services	Net Revenues	Total Cost of Services	Net Revenues
Sewer	\$13,442,546	(\$39,422)	\$13,027,757	(\$131,924)
Water	\$12,830,891	\$2,530,816	\$13,924,802	\$1,017,357
Port	\$2,778,377	(\$93,010)	\$3,600,213	(\$1,017,894)
Refuse	\$7,637,405	\$1,539,068	\$7,409,506	\$976,871
	\$36,689,219	\$3,937,452	\$37,962,278	\$844,410

The following chart illustrates the comparison between program expenses and program revenues for business-type activities.



The following chart illustrates revenues by source for business-type activities:



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The City uses fund accounting to assure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental funds

At fiscal year-end June 30, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$192.5 million, an increase of \$19.1 million. The General Fund reported an increase of \$8.2 million increase in fund balance. In General Fund, the increase in revenue is due to increases in Sales and Use Tax (\$6.3 million), Property Tax (\$1.5 million), and an increase in Other Taxes/Miscellaneous revenue of (\$0.4 million). There were also major increases in non-General Fund on Gain on Sale of Capital Assets revenue (\$3.6 million) and Transfers (\$2.5 million).

The fund balance reported in the HCD Block Grant Fund increased by \$2.0 million in Fiscal Year 2019. The change in fund balance is due to a new housing loan funded by the CDBG Grant loan program. The new housing loan will construct up to eighty-five units of housing for a permanent

supportive housing program targeting low-income homeless persons with mental and/or physical disabilities.

The fund balance reported in the Low Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund increased by \$0.04 million and is due to the program income received from outstanding loans with required residual receipts annual payments.

Proprietary funds

The net position of the Sewer Fund was \$39.8 million in Fiscal Year 2019 and \$45 million in Fiscal Year 2018. The reduction of \$5.1 million net position in Fiscal Year 2019 is due to increase in contributions to capital projects and increase operation and maintenance costs.

The net position of the Water Fund was \$39.8 million in Fiscal Year 2019, \$37.8 million in Fiscal Year 2018. The net increase of \$2 million in Fiscal Year 2019 is primarily due to the water service rate increase and transition of residential billings from flat rate to metered usage rate.

The net position of the Port Fund was \$37.5 million in Fiscal Year 2019 and \$36.6 million in Fiscal Year 2018. The increase of net position by \$0.9 million in Fiscal Year 2019 is due to increase in lease payment and decrease in operating and maintenance costs.

The net position of Refuse Fund was \$4.0 million in Fiscal Year 2019 and \$2.8 million in Fiscal Year 2018. The net increase of \$1.2 million in Fiscal Year 2019 is due to the net effect of refuse service rate increase and the increase of operating expenses.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City has historically adopted two budgets. The first is an operational biennial budget that includes operational costs, staffing, vehicles, and minor departmental capital expenditures. The second is a capital improvement program biennial budget approved by City Council separately from the operating budget. The current biennial budget consolidates both the operational and capital improvement budgets and was adopted by the City Council as one budget.

Actual capital outlay expenditures were budgeted under each General governmental activity. The final budget for expenditures reported in the General Fund was \$0.9 million lower than actual expenses. The primary areas that caused the variance were in under budget of Capital Outlay and overage in General Government.

Actual revenues were \$5.0 million higher than the final budget amounts. The actual property taxes exceeded the budget by \$0.36 million and sales taxes were also exceeded the budget by \$2.5 million. Special benefit assessment for operations exceeded the budget by \$1.0 million. The net effect in combination of under budget in other revenue and over budget in other services and use of money was \$1.1 million actual revenues that exceeded budget.

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, for its governmental and business-type activities were \$509.3 million as of June 30, 2019 and \$509.4 million as of June 30, 2018, respectively.

CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION) AS OF JUNE 30, 2019, and 2018

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-type Activities		Totals		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land	\$29,937,422	\$26,256,901	\$11,334,397	\$12,907,776	\$41,271,819	\$39,164,677	
Construction in progress	\$16,857,939	\$19,236,680	\$5,190,439	\$3,055,186	\$22,048,378	\$22,291,866	
Buildings and improvements	\$57,645,489	\$58,592,756	\$27,816,336	\$29,631,642	\$85,461,825	\$88,224,398	
Machinery and equipment	\$3,736,653	\$4,070,525	\$3,318,708	\$3,691,379	\$7,055,361	\$7,761,904	
Infrastructure	\$243,201,651	\$237,880,875	\$110,289,109	\$114,090,989	\$353,490,760	\$351,971,864	
TOTAL	\$351,379,154	\$346,037,737	\$157,948,989	\$163,376,972	\$509,328,143	\$509,414,709	

Major capital asset events during the year included governmental infrastructure improvements with the following costs:

- Sycamore Trail (PE) phase 2&3 \$0.57 million,
- Streetcar Design Phase 2-3 Project \$3.2 million,
- Station 45 Facility Repairs \$0.32 million,
- Corporation Yard Design \$0.27 million, and
- Raley's Dock Improvements \$0.25 million.

Business-type activities of capital improvements included the following costs:

- Water Meter Retrofit \$1.7 million,
- C Street Sewer Line Replacement \$1.1 million,
- South State Street Water Main \$0.5 million, and
- Port Berth 7 Paving \$0.4 million.

More detail of the capital assets and current transactions can be found in Note 6 of the Financial Statements.

Long-term debt

The City's long-term liabilities of financing capital assets and pension obligation are \$114.2 million for governmental activities and \$85.1 million for business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, respectively, for a total of \$199.3 million. In September 2017, the City Council approved the issuance of the Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 in the amount of \$15 million and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 in the amount of \$9 million to fund a series of capital improvement projects that have been identified as part of the water and sewer master plans. The bonds were sold on October 25, 2017 and the bond proceeds were deposited with the bank trustee. To date, a portion of the bonds have been used to fund construction of utility improvements in the Washington Neighborhood.

More detail of the long-term liabilities and current transactions can be found in Note 7 of the Financial Statements.

Economic Outlook

For Fiscal Year 2020, we anticipate a slight increase in property tax revenues and sales tax revenues from what was budgeted based on the total amounts received in Fiscal Year 2019. In addition, we expect Transient Occupancy Tax revenues to continue increase based on a recent audit which recovered under-reported tax and corrected the errors on a go-forward basis, as well as new hotel development in the City. The City's expenditures related to employee salaries and benefits continue to increase at a higher rate, primarily due to increases in pension rates and post-employment benefit obligations. The City will review the outlook for revenues and expenditures as part of the mid-year budget update.

Requests for Information

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have any questions about this report, need additional financial information, or would like to obtain component unit financial statements, contact the City of West Sacramento Administrative Services Department, 1110 West Capitol Avenue, West Sacramento, CA 95691, or visit the City's web page at www.cityofwestsacramento.org.

ASSETS		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-Type Activities		<u>Total</u>
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	116,084,965	\$	22,819,931	\$	138,904,896
Accounts receivable and other assets		1,215,411		8,182,040		9,397,451
Interest receivable		6,956,534		506		6,957,040
Notes receivable, net		52,827,170		454,645		53,281,815
Grants receivable		1,548,870		272,000		1,820,870
Prepaid expenses		1,811,370		5,025		1,816,395
Prepaid lease		2,600,000		0,020		2,600,000
Internal balances		(132,793)		132,793		2,000,000
Due from other governments		15,326,402		22,845		15,349,247
Restricted assets:		10,020,402		22,040		10,040,247
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		13,172,368		20,423,490		33,595,858
Land held for resale		3,220,184		20, 120, 100		3,220,184
Capital assets:		5,220,104		-		3,220,104
Non-depreciable		46,795,361		16,524,836		63,320,197
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		304,583,793		141,424,153		446,007,946
Total assets		566,009,635		210,262,264		776,271,899
	_	000,000,000	_	210,202,201		110,211,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		225 222				
Deferred amount on refunding of debt		385,008		2,276,434		2,661,442
Pensions		15,748,419		373,906		16,122,325
OPEB		4,987,807	_	471,398		5,459,205
Total deferred outflows of resources		21,121,234	_	3,121,738	_	24,242,972
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		3,128,674		2,397,009		5,525,683
Salaries and benefits payable		1,537,774		61,401		1,599,175
Interest payable		205,635		827,415		1,033,050
Due to other governments		1,009,486		1,597,382		2,606,868
Refundable deposits		2,913,443		1,076,903		3,990,346
Unearned revenue		885,764		119,459		1,005,223
Noncurrent:						
Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year		3,930,179		3,380,891		7,311,070
Noncurrent liabilities, due after one year		19,148,224		78,100,464		97,248,688
Pension liability, net		76,947,585		2,259,166		79,206,751
Other post employment benefits payable, net		14,149,874	_	1,337,304		15,487,178
Total Liabilities		123,856,638	_	91,157,394		215,014,032
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amount on refunding of debt		-		155,065		155,065
Service concession arrangement				757,406		757,406
Pensions		2,121,405		61,246		2,182,651
OPEB		1,460,594	_	138,041		1,598,635
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	3,581,999	_	1,111,758	_	4,693,757
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		334,970,305		82,270,868		417,241,173
Restricted for:		55 505 544				55 505 544
Housing rehabilitation		55,505,541		-		55,505,541
Street, road and drainage projects		7,874,298		-		7,874,298
Community development		13,888,939		-		13,888,939
Capital projects		17,711,150		14,868,819		32,579,969
Parks and recreation		164,546		-		164,546
Public safety		697		-		697
Information technology		736,214		- 		736,214
Debt service		5,766,394		5,554,671		11,321,065
Unrestricted	_	23,074,148	_	18,420,492		41,494,640
Total net position	\$	459,692,232	\$	121,114,850	\$	580,807,082

		Program	Reven	ues			Net (Expense Changes in			
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and ontributions	<u>G</u>	Sovernmental Activities	usiness-Type Activities		<u>Total</u>
Governmental activities			_							
General government Public works Public safety Community development Landscaping and street lighting Culture and recreation Housing rehabilitation Interest on long term debt	\$ 12,868,423 36,671,630 37,521,740 5,819,686 4,371,403 7,003,863 346,428 897,550	\$ 3,578,937 4,093,817 870,955 4,599,913 13,844 2,754,627 774,281	\$	7,126,862 5,469,646 480,875 3,129,888 4,272,865 182,954 1,181,010	\$ 217,104 6,876,030 167,895 - 325,919 503,885	\$	(1,945,520) (20,232,137) (36,002,015) 1,910,115 241,225 (3,562,397) 1,608,863 (897,550)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$	(1,945,520) (20,232,137) (36,002,015) 1,910,115 241,225 (3,562,397) 1,608,863 (897,550)
Total governmental activities	 105,500,723	 16,686,374		21,844,100	 8,090,833		(58,879,416)	 -		(58,879,416)
Business-type activities Sewer Water Port Refuse	 13,442,546 12,830,891 2,778,377 7,637,405	 13,392,539 15,174,507 2,627,978 9,167,970		10,585 187,200 57,389 8,503	- - -		- - -	 (39,422) 2,530,816 (93,010) 1,539,068		(39,422) 2,530,816 (93,010) 1,539,068
Total business-type activities	36,689,219	 40,362,994		263,677	 		<u>-</u>	 3,937,452		3,937,452
Total	\$ 142,189,942	\$ 57,049,368	\$	22,107,777	\$ 8,090,833	\$	(58,879,416)	\$ 3,937,452	\$	(54,941,964)
General revenues Taxes: Property Sales Transient occupancy Other Intergovernmental, unrestricted Investment earnings Miscellaneous Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in Net Position						_	26,539,755 33,286,359 1,896,683 3,022,475 259,383 1,707,994 461,596 4,299,809 7,947,362 79,421,416 20,542,000	 1,080,190 2,238 1,760,286 (7,947,362) (5,104,648) (1,167,196)	_	26,539,755 33,286,359 1,896,683 3,022,475 259,383 2,788,184 463,834 6,060,095 - 74,316,768 19,374,804
Net position, beginning of year							439,150,232	 122,282,046		561,432,278
Net Position - end of year						\$	459,692,232	\$ 121,114,850	\$	580,807,082

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements are presented by individual major funds, while non-major funds are combined in a single column. Major funds are defined generally as having significant activities or balances in the current year.

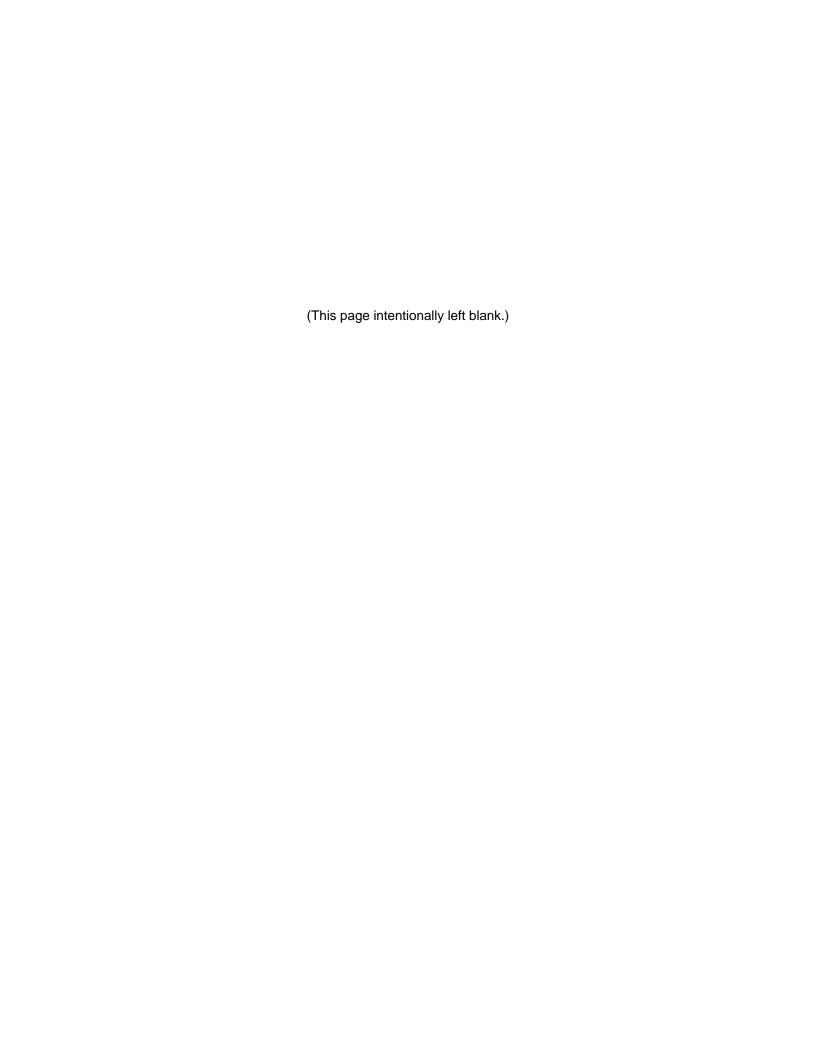
MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The funds described below were determined to be major funds by the City. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplementary section.

General Fund - to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for through other funds. For the City, the General Fund includes such activities as police protection, planning, engineering, public works operations and maintenance, and legal and administrative services.

HCD Block Grant Special Revenue Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of appropriated HCD Block Grant funds, which are specifically restricted to benefit low income persons by eliminating substandard housing throughout the community.

Low Mod Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund - to account for the activities of the housing assets of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Sacramento, including loans receivable and payments thereon, state and federal grants and reimbursements from other agencies received for low income housing activities as allowed by AB 1484. When loans accounted for in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund are repaid, if the resources are not used for housing activities within three years, 20% of the resulting residual funds are required to be provided to the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund in accordance with AB 1484.

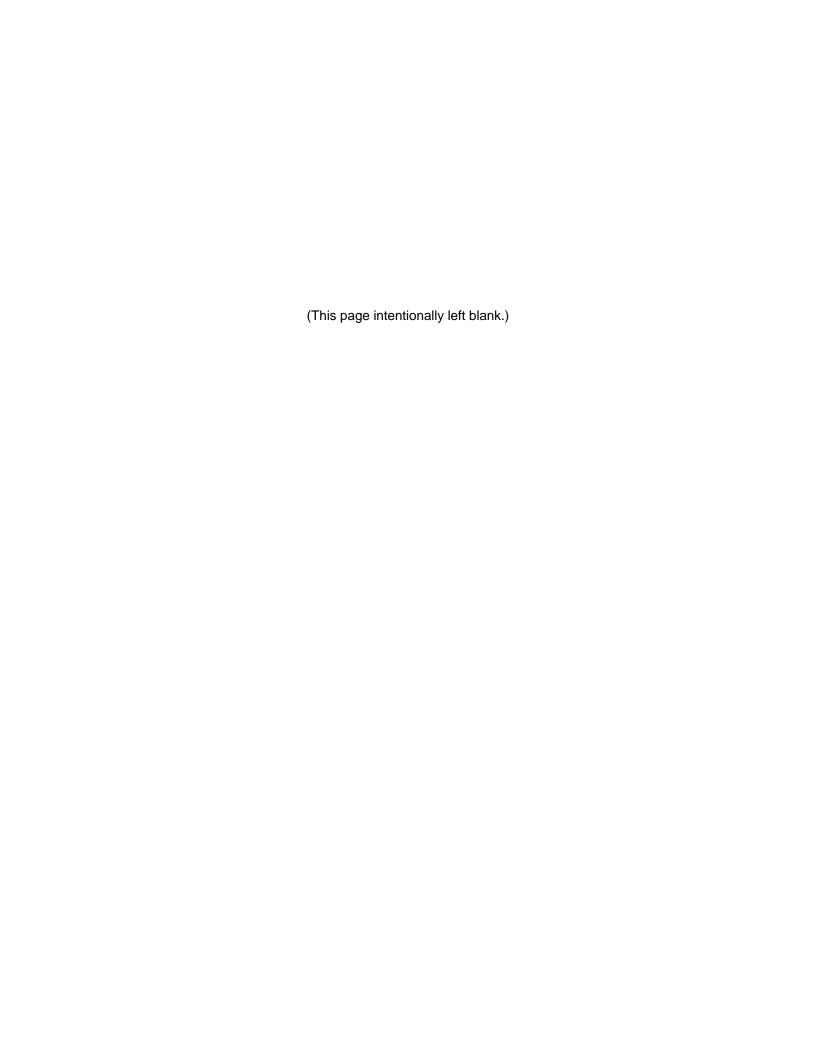


CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

				Special Rev	venue F	unds				
						Low Mod				
			ŀ	HCD Block		Income		Non-Major		Total
		General		Grant	Но	using Asset	G	Sovernmental	G	Sovernmental
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	42,705,979	\$	2,723,390	\$	467,459	\$	70,188,137	\$	116,084,965
Receivables:										
Accounts receivable										
and other assets		924,245		-		-		291,166		1,215,411
Interest receivable		422,371		2,003,940		4,523,046		7,177		6,956,534
Notes receivable, net		470,071		19,911,890		32,408,792		36,417		52,827,170
Grants receivable		-		9,802		-		1,539,068		1,548,870
Prepaid expenditures		45,033		-		-		1,766,337		1,811,370
Prepaid lease		-		-		-		2,600,000		2,600,000
Due from other governments		9,050,949		455,601		-		5,819,852		15,326,402
Advances to other funds		4,186,100		-		-		8,680,560		12,866,660
Restricted assets:										
Cash and investments										
with fiscal agents		-		-		-		13,172,368		13,172,368
Land held for resale		3,220,184		<u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		3,220,184
Total assets	\$	61,024,932	\$	25,104,623	\$	37,399,297	\$	104,101,082	\$	227,629,934
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Accounts payable	\$	733,738	\$	3,523	\$	-	\$	2,391,413	\$	3,128,674
Salaries and benefits payable	,	945,154	•	-	•	-	•	592,620	•	1,537,774
Due to other governments		920,718		19,001		-		69,767		1,009,486
Refundable deposits		32,391		, -		-		2,881,052		2,913,443
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		885,764		885,764
Compensated absences		224,649		-		-		-		224,649
Advances from other funds		3,106,661				<u>-</u>	_	9,892,792	_	12,999,453
Total liabilities		5,963,311		22,524		<u>-</u>		16,713,408		22,699,243
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues		38,500		2,452,809		4,523,046		5,382,881		12,397,236
FUND BALANCES										
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		7,921,388		-		-		13,083,314		21,004,702
Restricted		-		22,629,290		32,876,251		33,058,924		88,564,465
Committed		14,165,600		-		-		40,242,049		54,407,649
Unassigned		32,936,133		-		<u>-</u>		(4,379,494)		28,556,639
Total fund balances		55,023,121		22,629,290		32,876,251		82,004,793	_	192,533,455
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	_								_	
of resources and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	61,024,932	\$	25,104,623	<u>\$</u>	37,399,297	\$	104,101,082	\$	227,629,934

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET WITH THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	192,533,455
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current assets for financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		351,379,154
Pensions Pension contributions subsequent to the plan's measurement date and other deferrals will reduce the pension liability in the future and are reported as deferred		
outflows of resourses on the statement of net position.		15,748,419
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are reported as deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position.		(2,121,405)
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) OPEB contributions subsequent to the plan's measurement date date and other deferrals will reduce the OPEB liability in the future and are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.		4,987,807
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments are reported as deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position.		(1,460,594)
Unavailable revenues Unavailable revenues are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds. Recognize deferred inflows on unavailable revenues		12,397,236
Long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Deferred amount on refunding of debt Interest payable accrued on long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities Long-term compensated absences not accrued in governmental funds Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	_	385,008 (205,635) (18,073,449) (4,780,305) (76,947,585) (14,149,874)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	459,692,232



CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Special Rev			
			Low Mod	_	
		HCD Block	Income	Non-Major	Total
	General	Grant	Housing Asset	Governmental	Governmental
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Revenues					
Taxes:		_	_	_	
Property	\$ 26,539,755	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,539,755
Sales and use	33,286,359	-	-	-	33,286,359
Transient occupancy	1,896,683	-	-	-	1,896,683
Real property transfer	314,366	-	-	-	314,366
Special benefit assessment for operations	6,285,606	-	-	4,330,945	10,616,551
Contributions from developers	204 257	450.040		4 000 040	2 400 240
and homeowners Franchise fees	201,257	458,843	-	1,836,248	2,496,348
Fees, licenses and permits	2,042,491 798,346	-	-	316,186 5,688,029	2,358,677 6,486,375
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		
	216,324	245 265	27.457	109,064	325,388
Use of money and property	1,724,659	215,365	37,457	2,213,600	4,191,081
Intergovernmental	334,273	1,106,672	3,558	11,602,094	13,046,597
Charges for services	2,175,305	294,941	-	8,303,900	10,774,146
Other revenues	1,157,327	3,100		1,514,239	2,674,666
Total revenues	76,972,751	2,078,921	41,015	35,914,305	115,006,992
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	17,634,391	-	-	621,163	18,255,554
Public works	1,687,061	-	-	13,442,436	15,129,497
Public safety	32,552,460	-	-	1,395,509	33,947,969
Community development	1,129	-	-	5,417,710	5,418,839
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	4,281,519	4,281,519
Culture and recreation	8,248,827	-	-	246,628	8,495,455
Housing rehabilitation	23,434	357,967	-	151,563	532,964
Capital outlay	3,792,906	-	-	15,949,979	19,742,885
Debt service:					
Principal payments	-	-	-	3,312,101	3,312,101
Interest and fiscal charges				817,734	817,734
Total expenditures	63,940,208	357,967		45,636,342	109,934,517
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	13,032,543	1,720,954	41,015	(9,722,037)	5,072,475
Other financing sources and uses					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	117,782	-	-	4,182,027	4,299,809
Issuance of capital leases and loans	· -	-	-	1,800,000	1,800,000
Transfers in	5,110,288	263,321	-	27,908,027	33,281,636
Transfers out	(10,024,267)	_		(15,310,007)	(25,334,274)
Total other financing sources and uses	(4,796,197)	263,321	-	18,580,047	14,047,171
Net change in fund balances	8,236,346	1,984,275	41,015	8,858,010	19,119,646
Beginning fund balances	46,786,775	20,645,015	32,835,236	73,146,783	173,413,809
Ending fund balances	\$ 55,023,121	\$ 22,629,290	\$ 32,876,251	\$82,004,793	<u>\$192,533,455</u>

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO RECONCILIATION OF THE NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS WITH THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	19,119,646
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets when completed is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. These are the changes in capital assets during the year. Capital outlay expense Depreciation expense		19,742,885 (14,401,468)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, or as an other financing use when debt is refunded in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal payments on long-term liabilities		3,312,101
Issuance of long-term debt, is reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds and thus, increases fund balance. In the government-wide statements, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the the statement of activities.		(1,800,000)
Some expenses reported in the government-wide statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not expenditures in the governmental funds. Amortization of deferred amount on refunding of debt Change in deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans Change in deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences not reported in the General Fund Change in net pension liability Change in net OPEB liability Change in deferred inflows of resources related to pension plan Change in deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(42,776) (4,426,323) 2,555,932 (37,038) (217,151) 988,789 (1,553,381) (543,951) (1,142,029)
Some receivables are deferred in the governmental funds because the amounts do not represent current financial resources that are recognized under the accrual basis in the statement of activities. Certain revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	ф.	(1,013,236)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	20,542,000

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the year ended June 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 24,384,745	\$ 26,175,000	\$ 26,539,755	\$ 364,755
Sales and use	26,592,795	30,808,000	33,286,359	2,478,359
Transient occupancy	1,406,066	1,900,000	1,896,683	(3,317)
Real property transfer	104,882	275,000	314,366	39,366
Special benefit assessment				
for operations	5,300,000	5,300,000	6,285,606	985,606
Contributions from developers				
and homeowners	168,095	201,937	201,257	(680)
Franchise fees	1,706,473	1,770,000	2,042,491	272,491
Fees, licenses and permits	8,479	678,479	798,346	119,867
Fines and forfeitures	79,000	175,000	216,324	41,324
Use of money and property	159,688	446,647	1,724,659	1,278,012
Intergovernmental	285,101	295,000	334,273	39,273
Charges for services	1,691,160	1,712,828	2,175,305	462,477
Other revenues	182,911	2,266,033	1,157,327	(1,108,706)
Total revenues	62,069,395	72,003,924	76,972,751	4,968,827
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	13,653,195	23,341,742	17,634,391	5,707,351
Public works	454,922	471,077	1,687,061	(1,215,984)
Public safety	32,897,326	32,338,425	32,552,460	(214,035)
Community development	-		1,129	(1,129)
Culture and recreation	6,320,619	8,090,784	8,248,827	(158,043)
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	23,434	(23,434)
Capital outlay	150,000	561,000	3,792,906	(3,231,906)
Total expenditures	53,476,062	64,803,028	63,940,208	862,820
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	8,593,333	7,200,896	13,032,543	5,831,647
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	117,782	117,782
Transfers in	10,818,852	12,761,031	5,110,288	(7,650,743)
Transfers (out)	(10,687,467)	(17,675,009)	(10,024,267)	7,650,742
Total other financing sources	131,385	(4,913,978)	(4,796,197)	117,781
Net change in fund balance	\$ 8,724,718	\$ 2,286,918	8,236,346	\$ 5,949,428
Beginning fund balance			46,786,775	

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO HCD BLOCK GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the year ended June 30, 2019

		d Amounts	- Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Payanuas	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Contributions from developers and homeowners	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 458,843	\$ 458,843	
	•	•	. ,	. ,	
Use of money and property	30,635	120,169	215,365	95,196	
Intergovernmental	-	1,094,833	1,106,672	11,839	
Charges for services	111,500	21,209	294,941	273,732	
Other revenues		917,444	3,100	(914,344)	
Total revenues	142,135	2,153,655	2,078,921	(74,734)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Housing rehabilitation	45,879	527,074	357,967	169,107	
Total expenditures	45,879	527,074	357,967	169,107	
_					
Excess of revenues over	00.050	4 000 504	4 700 05 4	04.070	
expenditures	96,256	1,626,581	1,720,954	94,373	
Other financing sources and uses					
Transfers in	376,013	376,013	263,321	(112,692)	
Transfers out		(368,891)		368,891	
Total other financing					
_	276 042	7 100	262 224	256 100	
sources and uses	376,013	7,122	263,321	256,199	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 472,269</u>	\$ 1,633,703	1,984,275	\$ 350,572	
Beginning fund balance			20,645,015		
Ending fund balance			\$ 22,629,290		

MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The City has identified the funds below as major proprietary funds.

Sewer Fund - to account for sanitary sewer services provided to the citizens of West Sacramento. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, treatment, maintenance, capital improvement, and billing and collection.

Water Fund - to account for all activities associated with the acquisition or construction, operation and maintenance, distribution and transmission of potable water to users.

Port Fund - to account for all activities associated with the Sacramento-Yolo Port District, which operates the Port of Sacramento.

Refuse Fund - to account for all activities associated with the collection and disposal of solid waste.

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Bus	unds	Total		
	Sew er	Water	ajor Port	Refuse	Proprietary
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 4,699,577	\$ 11,849,534	\$ 2,124,370	\$ 4,146,450	\$ 22,819,931
Accounts receivable and other assets Interest receivable	2,027,210 306	2,564,461 200	1,979,012	1,611,357 -	8,182,040 506
Grants receivable	-		272,000	-	272,000
Prepaid expenses Due from other governments	2,092 9,367	2,544 7,008	389 190	6,280	5,025 22,845
Restricted assets	9,307	7,008	190	0,200	22,043
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	5,554,671	14,868,819			20,423,490
Total current assets	12,293,223	29,292,566	4,375,961	5,764,087	51,725,837
Noncurrent assets					
Notes receivable Advances to other funds Capital assets	446,997 -	7,648	2,232,793	-	454,645 2,232,793
Non-depreciable	2,865,680	4,570,333	9,088,823	-	16,524,836
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	37,014,132	75,424,153	28,554,872	430,996	141,424,153
Total noncurrent assets	40,326,809	80,002,134	39,876,488	430,996	160,636,427
Total assets	52,620,032	109,294,700	44,252,449	6,195,083	212,362,264
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		,			
Deferred amount on refunding of debt	-	2,276,434	-	-	2,276,434
OPEB	127,984	279,422	47,487	16,505	471,398
Pensions	95,636	249,271	28,999	-	373,906
Total deferred outflows of resources	223,620	2,805,127	76,486	16,505	3,121,738
LIABILITIES			·		
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	70,202	378,194	48,930	1,899,683	2,397,009
Salaries and benefits payable	14,844	40,864	5,693	-	61,401
Interest payable	83,507	715,678	28,230	-	827,415
Due to other governments	1,562,742	33,326	1,284	30	1,597,382
Refundable deposits	271,842	435,293	150,000	219,768	1,076,903
Unearned revenue	24 252	- E1 710	119,459	-	119,459
Compensated absences	31,253 328,918	51,718 2,442,004	15,333 511,665	-	98,304
Noncurrent liabilities, due w ithin one year					3,282,587
Total current liabilities	2,363,308	4,097,077	880,594	2,119,481	9,460,460
Noncurrent liabilities					
Advance from other funds	-	-	2,100,000	-	2,100,000
Compensated absences	66,412	109,902	32,581	-	208,895
Pension liability, net	577,839	1,506,111	175,216	-	2,259,166
Other post employment benefits payable, net	363,076	792,690	134,716	46,822	1,337,304
Noncurrent liabilities, due after one year	9,571,771	65,542,585	2,777,213		77,891,569
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,579,098	67,951,288	5,219,726	46,822	83,796,934
Total liabilities	12,942,406	72,048,365	6,100,320	2,166,303	93,257,394
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amount on refunding of debt	-	155,065		-	155,065
Service concession arrangement OPEB	- 37,478	- 81,824	757,406 13,906	4,833	757,406
Pensions	15,665	40,831	4,750	4,033	138,041
				4.022	61,246
Total deferred inflows of resources	53,143	277,720	776,062	4,833	1,111,758
NET POSITION	00 000 474	40.440.004	05 004 400	400.007	
Net investment in capital assets	30,030,471	16,118,201	35,691,199	430,997	82,270,868
Restricted for		14.000.040			44,000,040
Capital projects	- 5 EE 1 G74	14,868,819		-	14,868,819
Debt service	5,554,671	0.700.700	4 704 05 :	- 0.000 45-	5,554,671
Unrestricted	4,262,961	8,786,722	1,761,354	3,609,455	18,420,492
Total net position	\$ 39,848,103	\$ 39,773,742	\$ 37,452,553	\$ 4,040,452	\$121,114,850

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
		Total			
	Sewer	Water	Port	Refuse	Proprietary
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Operating revenues					
Charges for current services	\$ 13,271,353	\$ 14,368,076	\$ 2,627,978	\$ 9,167,970	\$ 39,435,377
Connection fees	121,186	806,431	-	-	927,617
Other operating revenues	10,585	187,200	57,389	8,503	263,677
Total operating revenues	13,403,124	15,361,707	2,685,367	9,176,473	40,626,671
Operating expenses					
Salaries and benefits	840,561	2,661,182	209,457	-	3,711,200
Operations and maintenance	10,648,900	4,098,601	1,073,297	7,586,778	23,407,576
Depreciation and amortization	1,637,459	3,387,385	1,362,262	50,627	6,437,733
Other operating expenses	2,102	4,211			6,313
Total operating expenses	13,129,022	10,151,379	2,645,016	7,637,405	33,562,822
Operating income	274,102	5,210,328	40,351	1,539,068	7,063,849
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest revenue	345,029	568,217	76,975	89,969	1,080,190
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-	-	1,760,286	-	1,760,286
Other nonoperating revenues	-	2,238	-	-	2,238
Interest expense	(313,524)	(2,679,512)	(133,361)		(3,126,397)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	31,505	(2,109,057)	1,703,900	89,969	(283,683)
Income before transfers	305,607	3,101,271	1,744,251	1,629,037	6,780,166
Transfers					
Transfers in	-	3,295,430	-	-	3,295,430
Transfers (out)	(5,445,524)	(4,447,587)	(924,423)	(425,258)	(11,242,792)
Net transfers	(5,445,524)	(1,152,157)	(924,423)	(425,258)	(7,947,362)
Change in Net Position	(5,139,917)	1,949,114	819,828	1,203,779	(1,167,196)
Net position - beginning of year	44,988,020	37,824,628	36,632,725	2,836,673	122,282,046
Net position, end of year	\$ 39,848,103	\$ 39,773,742	\$ 37,452,553	\$ 4,040,452	\$ 121,114,850

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major				Total
	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Water <u>Fund</u>	Port <u>Fund</u>	Refuse <u>Funds</u>	Proprietary <u>Funds</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided by	\$ 13,276,455 (10,018,551) (867,319)	\$ 14,834,103 (4,055,843) (2,272,192)	\$ 2,741,380 (1,114,506) (235,489)	\$ 9,033,561 (6,291,851) (16,480)	\$ 39,885,499 (21,480,751) (3,391,480)
operating activities	2,390,585	8,506,068	1,391,385	2,725,230	15,013,268
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers and subsidies from other funds		2 205 420			2 205 420
Transfers and subsidies from other funds Transfers to other funds Noncapital financing received Net cash used in	(5,445,524)	3,295,430 (4,447,587) 2,238	(4,291,798)	(425,258)	3,295,430 (14,610,167) 2,238
noncapital financing activities	(5,445,524)	(1,149,919)	(4,291,798)	(425,258)	(11,312,499)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Repayments of notes receivable Purchases of capital assets Cash received on disposal of	61,563 (1,117,529)	2,693 (904,658)	(612,276)	-	64,256 (2,634,463)
capital assets Principal payments on long-term liabilities Interest paid	(332,611) (313,295)	(2,359,947) (3,009,648)	3,385,000 (161,075) (166,337)	- - -	3,385,000 (2,853,633) (3,489,280)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(1,701,872)	(6,271,560)	2,445,312		(5,528,120)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Net cash provided by (used in)	345,028	568,219	76,975	89,969	1,080,191
investing activities	345,028	568,219	76,975	89,969	1,080,191
Net increase in cash and investments	(4,411,783)	1,652,808	(378,126)	2,389,941	(747,160)
Cash and investments beginning of year	14,666,031	25,065,545	2,502,496	1,756,509	43,990,581
Cash and investments end of year	\$ 10,254,248	\$ 26,718,353	\$ 2,124,370	\$ 4,146,450	\$ 43,243,421
Reconciliation Cash and investments Restricted assets:	\$ 4,699,577	\$ 11,849,534	\$ 2,124,370	\$ 4,146,450	\$ 22,819,931
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	5,554,671	14,868,819			20,423,490
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,254,248	\$ 26,718,353	\$ 2,124,370	\$ 4,146,450	\$ 43,243,421

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Bu	Total			
	Major				
	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Port Fund	Refuse Funds	Proprietary Funds
	<u>runu</u>	<u>runu</u>	<u>runu</u>	<u>runus</u>	<u>runus</u>
Reconciliation of operating income					
to net cash provided by					
operating activities:					
Operating income	\$ 274,102	\$ 5,210,328	\$ 40,351	\$ 1,539,068	\$ 7,063,849
Adjustments to reconcile operating					
income to net cash provided					
by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	1,637,459	3,387,385	1,362,262	50,627	6,437,733
Other amortization	-	· -	(410,155)	-	(410, 155)
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Decrease (increase) in accounts					
receivable	(206,858	(622,843)	372,554	(204,445)	(661,592)
Decrease (increase) in due from					
other governments	1,155	457	(190)	347	1,769
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	312	37	(389)	-	(40)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	995	154,927	(41,028)	1,294,897	1,409,791
Increase (decrease) in due to					
other governments	631,144	(107,995)	208	30	523,387
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	-	· -	(6,196)	-	(6,196)
Increase (decrease) in salaries and					
benefits payable	(1,946	7,698	414	-	6,166
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	3,096	123,794	34,755	-	161,645
Increase (decrease) in refundable deposits	79,034	94,782	100,000	61,186	335,002
Increase (decrease) in net pension & OPEB liabil	ity				
and related deferred inflows and outflows					
of resources	(27,908	257,498	(61,201)	(16,480)	151,909
Net cash provided (used) by					
operating activities	\$ 2,390,585	\$ 8,506,068	\$ 1,391,385	\$ 2,725,230	\$ 15,013,268

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for fiduciary activities not required to be reported in another fiduciary fund type. The City's private purpose trust funds are used to account for two trusts that include a scholarship fund where the principal and interest will benefit City and/or individuals, and the activities of the Successor Agency to the City of West Sacramento Redevelopment Agency that assumed the remaining assets and liabilities of the City of West Sacramento Redevelopment Agency when it was dissolved on January 31, 2012.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the entity wide financial statements, but are presented in separate fiduciary fund financial statements.

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose <u>Trust Funds</u>	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and investments in City Treasury	\$ 9,283,613	\$ 21,360,309
Accounts receivable and other assets	-	30,820
Grants receivable	-	7,476,747
Interest receivable	-	43,443
Due from other governments	-	1,231,616
Restricted assets:		0 620 276
Cash and investments	- 2.215	9,638,376
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	2,315	20,138,064
Capital assets: Not being depreciated	1,142,925	_
Not being depreciated	1,142,323	
Total assets	10,428,853	¢ 50 010 275
Total assets	10,420,033	\$ 59,919,375
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refunding of debt	1,531,981	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	310	\$ 2,446,857
Salaries and benefits payable	3,814	-
Refundable deposits	11,358	-
Interest payable	1,098,271	7 400 004
Unearned revenue	-	7,403,381
Due to other governments	-	20,336,766
Due for special assessment debt service	4 494 067	29,732,371
Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year	4,484,967	-
Noncurrent liabilities, due after one year	77,589,938	
Total liabilities	83,188,658	\$ 59,919,375
		-
NET POSITION		
Net deficit held in trust for others	\$ (71,227,824)	

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2019

		Private-Purpose <u>Trust Funds</u>	
Additions Taxes			
Property taxes	\$	8,857,162	
Fees, licenses and permits	•	(17,395)	
Use of money and property		214,569	
Other revenues			
Total additions		9,054,336	
Deductions			
Community development		1,648,034	
Debt service:			
Interest and fiscal charges		3,187,185	
Total deductions		4,835,219	
Change in net position		4,219,117	
Beginning net position		(75,446,941)	
Ending net position	\$	(71,227,824)	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of West Sacramento, California (the City) was incorporated in 1987 under the laws and regulations of the State of California. The City operates under a City Manager - Council form of government and provides the following services: general administration, highways and streets, public improvements, public safety (Police and Fire), planning and zoning, culture and recreation, housing rehabilitation, sewer, water, port operations, and solid waste. The voters of the City give authority and responsibility for operations to the City Council. The City Council has the authority to employ administrative and support personnel to carry out its directives. The primary method used to monitor the performance of the City's management is the financial budget, which is adopted annually by the City Council.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The City applies all GASB pronouncements. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity: The City operates as a self-governing local government unit within the State of California. It has limited authority to levy taxes and has the authority to determine user fees for the services that it provides. Voters elect a five-member City Council, elected at large to four-year overlapping terms, that passes laws and determines broad policies. The Council also oversees the operations of the City and approves all budgets, fund transfers and fund balance reserves. The City's main funding sources include property taxes, sales taxes, other intergovernmental revenue from state and federal sources, user fees, developer fees and federal and state financial assistance.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, the City, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the City has the ability to impose its will on the organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

The City's reporting entity includes the following blended component units:

The West Sacramento Landscaping and Lighting District #1 (WSLLC) provides street lighting, landscape and park maintenance, construction and operation services for property within the City. The WSLLC governing board is comprised of the City Council members. Fees are set each year by the City Council and are collected by Yolo County on the regular property tax bill. WSLLC is reported as a blended component unit because the City may impose its will on the WSLLC and it has the potential to provide financial benefits or burdens to the City. The WSLLC is reported as a special revenue fund. WSLLC does not issue standalone financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The West Sacramento Financing Authority (the Authority) was formed on August 1, 1991, by a joint exercise of powers agreement between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency, which was dissolved on January 31, 2012. The City Council acts as the governing board in a concurrent session, as necessary. The City's Director of Finance acts as the Authority's Treasurer, Auditor and Controller. The Authority's purpose is to assist only the City in financing certain improvement projects within the City. The Authority is financially dependent upon the City. Its activity is reported as a special revenue fund. No separate financial statements are issued.

The Enhanced Infrastructure Financing District #1 (EIFD) was formed on February 1, 2017 to assist with the financing of public infrastructure within the 4,127 acre district. The district allows the City to commit tax increment financing, or the growth in assessed valuation over a 2016-17 base year, to EIFD. The EIFD has a 45-year term from the date that debt obligations are first authorized by the public financing authority. The EIFD is a legally constituted governmental entity separate and distinct from the City, and its sole purpose is the financing of public facilities or projects. The EIFD membership consists of five members, four members are public members of the City Council, and one member is a public member appointed by the City Council. EIFD is reported as a blended component unit because the City may impose its will on the EIFD and it has the potential to provide financial benefits or burdens to the City. Its activity is reported as a special revenue fund. No separate financial statements are issued.

The Sacramento-Yolo Port District (the Port) was formed under the California Harbors and Navigation Code Section 6800 et seq. in 1947 to operate the Port of Sacramento, a deep-water port opened to commerce in 1963. The Port is 79 nautical miles inland of the Golden Gate and possesses a comprehensive infrastructure with flexible bulk and general cargo handling facilities. On December 5, 2005, the Port Commission approved governing changes to the composition of the Port Commission, which resulted in the City having the authority to appoint four of seven of the Port Commission members rather than one of seven members prior to the change. These governing changes were approved by the City Councils of the City of West Sacramento and the City of Sacramento and the Boards of Supervisors of Sacramento and Yolo Counties through the execution of a Joint Port Governance Agreement (the Agreement) with an effective date of January 15, 2006.

The Agreement included a provision that the Port Commission pursue legislation with the California State Legislature to modify the Harbors and Navigation Code under which the Port was organized to allow the number of Port Commission members to be reduced from seven to five, of which the City would appoint four. The four representatives from the City are also members of the City Council. This provision was approved by the California State Legislature in September 2006. The Agreement also requires approval of leases and sales of land held by the Port and the sharing of proceeds from such sales with the former members using formulas specified in the Agreement.

Due to the change in governance described above, the City Council elects a voting majority of the Port Commission, appoints the Port's management, and approves the Port's budget as part of the City's budget process. The City's management is also responsible for the administration, accounting and finance functions of the Port and there is a potential for the Port to provide financial benefits or burdens to the City under its operating agreement. Because the Port has substantively the same governing body as the City, the City is responsible for administration of the Port, the City can impose its will on the Port and there is a potential for a benefit and burden relationship, the Port is reported as a blended component unit of the City. The Port's activities are reported as the Port Enterprise Fund in the City's financial statements. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Port.

(Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Sacramento-Yolo Port District Financing Corporation (the Corporation) was formed in 1997 by the Port Commission to lease two warehouses built with the proceeds of Port's Remarketable Customized Port Improvement Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1990. The lease payments are pledged to repay the Sacramento-Yolo Port District Variable Rate Demand Port Improvement Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (California Free Trade Zone Project), 1997 Series A, used to refund the Series 1990 Bonds. The aforementioned agency bonds payable were paid off in 2010. The Port Commission acts as the Corporation's governing board in concurrent session, as necessary. The Corporation does not have any assets or liabilities and is financially dependent upon the Port. No separate financial statements are issued by the Corporation. The Corporation was financially defunct as of June 30, 2010.

Joint Ventures - The City is a member of a number of joint powers authorities in which the City has only a residual equity interest in the related entity. The City is not liable for the liabilities of the entities if they dissolve. The City is a member of the following joint ventures: Regional Water Authority (advances water issues), River City Regional Stadium Financing Authority (used for Raley's Field debt), Riverfront Joint Powers Authority (used for Streetcar project), Sacramento Area Council of Governments (transportation planning agency), Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District (sewer treatment), West Sacramento Area Flood Control Agency Joint Powers Authority (levee improvements), Yolo County Transportation District (bus services), Yolo Habitat Conservancy (habitat conservation) and Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Authority (groundwater management). The financial statements of the joint powers authorities are available on the websites of the related entities, if applicable.

Basis of Presentation: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The City does not eliminate interfund services provided and used from the financial statements. Internal transactions within governmental and business-type activities are eliminated in the government-wide statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses of most business-type activities. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, with the exception of agency funds, which have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Sales taxes are recognized when the underlying sales transaction takes place. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is a separate self-balancing set of accounts. Each fund was established for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions or limitations. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues including property taxes to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of sales and use taxes and Federal and state grants. Sales and use taxes and Federal and state grants. Sales and use taxes and Federal and state grant revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 75 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds.

Franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

HCD Block Grant Special Revenue Fund - the HCD Block Grant Special Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of appropriated HCD Block Grant funds, which are specifically restricted to benefit low-income persons by eliminating substandard housing throughout the community.

Low Mod Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund - The Low Mod Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the activities of the housing assets of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Sacramento, including loans receivable and payments thereon, state and federal grants and reimbursements from other agencies received for low income housing activities as allowed by AB 1484. When loans accounted for in the Low and Mod Income Housing Fund are repaid, if the resources are not used for housing activities within three years, 20% of the resulting residual funds are required to be provided to the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund in accordance with AB 1484.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Sewer Enterprise Fund - The Sewer Enterprise Fund is used to account for all activities associated with the acquisition or construction, operation and maintenance, and treatment of sanitary wastewater.

Water Enterprise Fund - The Water Enterprise Fund is used to account for all activities associated with the acquisition or construction, operation and maintenance, distribution and transmission of potable water to users.

Port Enterprise Fund - The Port Enterprise Fund is used to account for all activities associated with the Sacramento-Yolo Port District, which operates the Port of Sacramento.

Refuse Fund - to account for all activities associated with the collection and disposal of solid waste.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital project funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services and connection fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fiduciary Funds:

Private-Purpose Trust Funds - Private purpose trust funds are used to account for fiduciary activities not required to be reported in another fiduciary fund type. The City's private purpose trust funds are used to account for the trusts that include a scholarship fund where the principal and interest will benefit the City and/or individuals and a fund formerly used for donations collected from petroleum companies for fire prevention services. A private purpose trust fund is also used for the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Sacramento, which accounts for the accumulation of tax revenues and other resources to be used for bond payments and other expenses related to the former Redevelopment Agency activities at appropriate amounts and times in the future.

(Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the City in a purely custodial capacity. Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments. The City's agency funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for bonded assessment districts, private organizations, pass through funds to the County of Yolo and school districts and a financing authority.

The financial activity of these funds are excluded from the City-wide financial statements but are presented in separate fiduciary fund financial statements.

<u>Cash and Investments</u>: For purposes of the accompanying Statement of Cash Flows, cash and investments are defined as deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and not subject to significant changes in value from interest rate fluctuations. Cash and cash equivalents include: demand deposits, short-term, highly liquid investments including Treasury bills, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, money market funds, and cash management pools, including California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and California Asset Management Program (CAMP).

<u>Allocations of Interest Income Among Funds</u>: Interest income from pooled investments is allocated 1) to those funds which are required by law or administrative action to receive interest and 2) the proprietary funds. Interest is allocated on a monthly basis based on the weighted average cash balances in each fund receiving interest.

Receivables and Payables: Revenues are accrued as revenue and accounts receivable and considered available if received within 60 days of year-end, with the exception of sales and use taxes. Sales and use taxes and Federal and state grants are accrued as revenue and accounts receivable and considered available if received within 75 days of year-end. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrued as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred under the accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statement of net position. The amount recognized as revenue under the modified accrual basis is limited to the amount that is deemed measurable and available. Inclusionary housing receivables represent amounts due to the City from home owners resulting from qualified individuals being provided a home by a developer at a subsidized price below market value. This program allows qualified homeowners to obtain financing to help the City satisfy low income housing requirements. If the home owner obtaining this subsidy subsequently sells the home to a nonqualified person, the amount of the subsidy must be repaid to the City from the home sale proceeds. The City records potential amounts due under this program as loans receivable. The City considers amounts to be uncollectible due to the borrower having an incentive to find a qualifying buyer and offsets them with a valuation allowance.

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds are reported as nonspendable fund balance in governmental funds to indicate they do not constitute resources available for appropriation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

An allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided for uncollectible state mandates receivable of \$806,312 at June 30, 2019. An allowance for doubtful accounts has also been provided for those enterprise fund utilities accounts that were forwarded to a collection agency and for inactive accounts. All other receivables in the opinion of management are fully collectible.

At June 30, 2019, the utilities allowances were as follows:

Enterprise Funds							
1	<u>Nater</u>	5	<u>Sewer</u>	Re	efuse		<u>Total</u>
\$	2,709	\$	1,762	\$	794	\$	5,265

<u>Property Taxes</u>: The County of Yolo (the County) is responsible for the collection and allocation of property taxes. Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the County up to 1% of the full cash value of taxable property, plus other increases approved by the voters and distributed in accordance with statutory formulas. The City recognizes property taxes when the individual installments are due provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Secured property taxes are levied on or before September 30 of each year. They become a lien on real property on March 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. These taxes are paid in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes, which are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30, are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, costs and interest when paid.

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are levied, provided they are due and collected within sixty days after fiscal year-end. The County apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate methods of distribution, the "Teeter Plan," as prescribed by Section 4717 of the California Revenue and Taxation code. Therefore, the City receives 100% of the secured property tax levies to which it is entitled, whether or not collected. Unsecured delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible.

Restricted Assets: Certain proceeds of the City's long-term liabilities are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "reserve" account is used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the bond's debt service. Certain unspent debt proceeds are also restricted to specific capital projects by the applicable debt covenant.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets used in enterprise and fiduciary funds are also reported on those Fund Financial Statements. Capital assets are recorded at cost. The City has set the capitalization threshold for reporting general capital assets at \$5,000 including infrastructure with a useful life of more than one year. Major outlays for capital assets are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The cost of assets sold or retired (and related accumulated depreciation) are eliminated from the accounts in the year of sale or retirement and the resulting gain or loss is included in the operating statement of the related fund. In governmental funds, the sale of general capital assets is included in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as proceeds from sale.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Depreciation on recorded capital assets is expensed on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Classification	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 - 40
Vehicles and equipment	5 – 15
Roads, bridges and levees	25 – 50
Curbs, gutters and sidewalks	20 – 30
Traffic signals	10
Park improvements	20 – 30
Software	5 – 10

<u>Land Held for Resale</u>: The City purchased a motel at 820 and 824 West Capitol Avenue in West Sacramento to demolish and make the land available for private development in the future in the amount of \$3,220,184. The land held for resale is recorded in the General Fund.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Employees accrue vacation, sick leave, floating holiday, management and compensatory time off benefits. City employees have vested interests in the amount of annual leave accrued and are paid on termination. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements and is currently payable. The General Fund is generally used to liquidate compensated absences.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>: Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has legal claim to them (i.e., when cost reimbursement grant revenues are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures) or when exchange revenues are received before the exchange takes place.

Unearned revenue in governmental funds represents unearned exchange revenue received before it was earned and unearned revenue in enterprise funds represents lease revenues received prior to the period when they were due and earned by the City.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the earnings process is complete. As described in above, the City recorded deferred outflows of resources in the Sewer Fund for treatment plant decommissioning costs. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference in carrying amount of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred outflows of resources are also reported related to the City's pension plans and other postemployment benefit plans as described in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the earnings process is complete. Governmental fund revenues that are not received within the City's availability period under modified accrual accounting are reported as deferred inflows of resources until available. Such amounts are recognized as revenue in the government-wide statements. Deferred amounts on refunding may be reported as deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources are also reported related to the City's pension plans and other postemployment benefit plans, as described in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

(Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Long-term Obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term liabilities and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

<u>Pension Plans</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

<u>Estimates and Assumptions</u>: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Deficit Fund Equity</u>: The following funds reported deficits at June 30, 2019:

<u>Fund</u> <u>Deficit</u>

Non-major capital project funds Fire Facility Impact Fees Fund

\$ 4,459,230

The deficits in the non-major capital project fund will be eliminated with future contributions from other sources or funds and future developer fees.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City Council establishes budgets for all governmental funds except the Low Mod Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund, Public Art Special Revenue Fund, Community Development Performing Bond Support Services Special Revenue Fund, RD 811 Maintenance Special Revenue Fund, Underground Improvements Capital Projects Fund, Senior Center Construction Capital Projects Fund, Triangle/Bridge District Capital Projects Fund. Southport Mello-Roos Capital Projects Fund and Bridge District Capital Projects Fund. Debt-funded and other capital projects are also budgeted on a multi-year basis by the City Council. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager. A meeting is held between the Department Heads, Finance Director and City Manager for the purpose of reviewing and prioritizing budget requests. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution of the City Council on or before June 30 in accordance with the municipal code. The approved budget is placed in the City's accounting system and is monitored by the Finance Department. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within an activity, within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. The City Manager has the ability to delay implementation of City Council approved expenditures in the event of negative impact on budgeted revenues.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. Supplemental appropriations, which increase appropriations, may be made during the fiscal year. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements and supplementary information have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year. Amounts represent the original budgeted amounts and all supplemental appropriations. The supplemental appropriations were immaterial.

Budget information is presented for all governmental funds, with the exception of the unbudgeted funds discussed above. The governmental fund budgets are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Appropriations, except open project appropriations, encumbrances, and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The budgetary data is prepared on the modified accrual basis consistent with the related "actual" amounts.

<u>Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations</u>: The following funds with a legally adopted budget had expenditures and transfers in excess of the final appropriation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019; expenditures and transfers together, shall not exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The funds below incurred expenditures over appropriations at the fund level. Funds without a legally adopted budget are omitted.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	Total Expenditures <u>and Transfers</u>	Excess Expenditures <u>and Transfers</u>
Non-major Special Revenue Funds:			
Technology Impact Fee Fund	\$ -	\$ 26,000	\$ (26,000)
Economic Development Fund	45,879	274,961	(229,082)
Public Works Engineering Support			
Services Fund	3,671,265	4,656,343	(985,078)
Community Development Support			
Services Fund	2,743,520	2,795,518	(51,998)
Non-major Debt Service Funds:			, ,
2012 Pension Obligation Bond Fund	1,875,753	1,875,914	(161)
2012 Refunding Lease Revenue Bond Fund	588,506	590,702	(2,196)
Non-major Capital Projects Funds:	,	,	(, ,
Community Facilities District Fund	_	523,101	(523,101)
Traffic Improvement Fund	976,849	3,095,885	(2,119,036)
Park Improvements Fund	-	519,953	(519,953)
Police Facility Impact Fee Fund	145,400	165,645	(20,245)
Fire Facility Impact Fees Fund	140,092	191,463	(51,371)
Flood Protection in Lieu Fund	1,050,000	1,310,722	(260,722)
Community Investment (Measure G) Fund	5,063,303	9,931,360	(4,868,057)
community invocation (Mododio O) i dild			(1,000,001)
	\$ 17,500,540	\$ 27,031,356	\$ (9,530,816)

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Beginning in fiscal year 2018-19, a new accounting process was added to remediate the budget adjustment entries for all council actions on any new or revised appropriations. Any council agenda with a budgetary action requires a Budget Resolution. The City will implement a process to ensure that all approved Budget Resolutions are recorded in the financial system.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds. Cash and investments as of June 30, 2019 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Government-wide Statement of Net Position				Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position			
	Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities	Pr	ivate-Purpos Trust <u>Fund</u>	е	Agency <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and Investments Restricted assets:	\$ 116,084,965	\$	22,819,931	\$	9,283,613	\$	21,360,309	\$ 169,548,818
Cash and investments Cash and investments	-		-		-		9,638,376	9,638,376
	13,172,368	_	20,423,490		2,315		20,138,064	53,736,237
Total	<u>\$ 129,257,333</u>	\$	43,243,421	\$	9,285,928	\$	51,136,749	\$ 232,923,431

Cash and investments are categorized as follows under GASB Statement No. 40:

Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 8,915 <u>12,678,114</u>
Total cash and deposits	12,687,029
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF) U.S. Treasury Obligations U.S. Agency Securities Certificates of Deposit Investment Agreements State and Municipal Bonds Medium Term Notes Money Market Mutual Funds Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) Pools (CAMP)	84,189,368 3,688,767 8,219,673 11,990,628 2,378,268 10,942,719 28,357,453 49,402,201 21,067,325
Total investments	220,236,402
Total cash and investments	\$ 232,923,431

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy: Investments are reported at fair value. California statutes authorize cities to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 - Financial Affairs. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The City's investment policy does not provide for additional restrictions as to the investment type, maximum maturity, percentage of portfolio or maximum in a single issuer. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City's permissible investments included the following instruments:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Minimum Credit <u>Quality</u>	Maximum % of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
California Local Agency				
Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	N/A	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	N/A	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	N/A	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	N/A	40%	5%
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A	30%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	A -1	25%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	N/A	None	None
Municipal Bonds	5 years	Α	30%	None
Corporate Bonds	5 years	Α	30%	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	AAA	20%	10%
JPA Pools, including CAMP	N/A	N/A	None	None

Authorized investments above exclude amounts held by bond trustee that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions. The City complied with the provisions of California Government Code pertaining to the types of investments held, institutions in which deposits were made and security requirements. The City will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statutes pertaining to public deposits and investments.

<u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>: The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City resolutions, bond indentures or State statutes.

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents.

The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

	Maximum	Minimum Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality
Authorized investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	Quality
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	N/A
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	N/A
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	AAA
Banker's Acceptances	270 to 360 days	A1
Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	365 days	A1
Commercial Paper	180 to 270 days	A1+
Repurchase Agreements	30 to 365 days	A2
California Local Agency Debt	5 years	Α
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	AAA
Medium Term Notes	5 years	Α
Mortgage Pass-through Securities	5 years	AAA
Money Market Mutual Funds	1 year	AAAm

The debt agreements also authorize debt proceeds to be invested in guaranteed investment contracts that are guaranteed by a financial institution which has an unsecured rating or the agreement itself is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by two or more rating agencies and is secured at all times by securities consisting of United States Obligations with a market value of 105% of the principal amount of the obligation. The debt agreements do not specify a maximum percentage of the portfolio or maximum amount in one issuer for guaranteed investment contracts.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Maturities as of Year-end							
		12 Months	13-24	24-60	More than			
Type of Investment	<u>Total</u>	or Less	<u>Months</u>	<u>Months</u>	60 Months			
LAIF	\$ 84,189,368	\$ 84,189,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
U.S. Agency Securities	6,556,512	598,122	3,466,835	2,491,555	-			
Certificates of Deposit	11,990,628	4,214,379	4,725,940	3,050,309	-			
State and Municipal Bonds	10,942,719	2,494,710	3,371,401	5,076,608	-			
Medium Term Notes	28,357,453	9,489,705	9,803,613	9,064,135	-			
Money Market Mutual Funds	3,424,888	3,424,888	-	-	-			
JPA Pools CAMP	21,067,325	21,067,325	-	-	-			
Held by bond trustee:								
U.S. Agency Securities	1,663,161	-	1,663,161	-	-			
U.S. Treasury Obligations	3,688,767	3,688,767	-	-	-			
Investment Agreements	2,378,268	-	-	-	2,378,268			
Money Market								
Mutual Funds	45,977,313	45,977,313						
Total	\$ 220,236,402	<u>\$ 175,144,577</u>	\$ 23,030,950	<u>\$ 19,682,607</u>	\$ 2,378,268			

(Continued)

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NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

Ratings as of Year-end						
		Exempt from		AA+ to AA-	A+ to A-	
Type of Investment	<u>Total</u>	<u>Disclosure</u>	AAA/Aaa	/Aa1 to Aa3	/A1 to A3	<u>Unrated</u>
LAIF	\$ 84,189,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 84,189,368
U.S. Agency Securities	6,556,512	-	-	6,556,512	-	-
Certificates of Deposit	11,990,628	11,990,628	-	=	-	-
State and Municipal Bonds	10,942,719	-	45,106	9,888,858	1,008,755	-
Medium Term Notes	28,357,453	=	1,499,730	12,540,990	14,316,733	=
Money Market						
Mutual Funds	3,424,888	=	3,424,888	=	-	=
JPA Pools CAMP	21,067,325	-	-	-	-	21,067,325
Held by bond trustee:						
U.S. Treasury						
Obligations	3,688,767	-	-	-	-	3,688,767
U.S. Agency						
Securities	1,663,161	-	1,663,161	-	-	-
Investment						
Agreements	2,378,268	-	-	-	-	2,378,268
Money Market						
Mutual Funds	45,977,313	-	45,926,790	-	-	50,523
Total	\$ 220,236,402	<u>\$ 11,990,628</u>	<u>\$ 52,559,675</u>	\$ 28,986,360	<u>\$ 15,325,488</u>	<u>\$ 111,374,251</u>

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The City's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that may be invested in any issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. The City has no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, mutual funds and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of the City's investments.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's deposits, including all certificates of deposit, was \$24,668,742 and the balance in financial institutions was \$22,851,159. Of the balance in financial institutions, \$11,908,440 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$10,942,719 was collateralized as required by State law (Government Code Section 53630), by the pledging financial institution with assets held in a common pool for the City and other governmental agencies, but not in the name of the City. As of June 30, 2019, City investments in investment agreements of \$2,378,268 were held by the same broker-dealer (counterparty) that was used by the City to buy the securities.

Investment in LAIF: LAIF is stated at fair value. LAIF is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The total fair value amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF is \$105,739,564,676, which is managed by the State Treasurer. Of that amount, 1.49 percent is invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities. No amounts were invested in derivative financial products. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The weighted average maturity of investments held by LAIF was 193 days at June 30, 2019.

Investment in JPA Pool: The City is a voluntary participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Section 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of its Participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. The Pool's investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The City reports its investments in CAMP at the fair value amounts provided by CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share. At June 30, 2019, these investments have an average maturity of 49 days.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u>: The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

	Fair Value Measurements Using					
Investments by fair value level	<u>Amount</u>	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
U.S. Treasury Obligations U.S. Agency Securities Certificates of Deposit - Negotiable State and Municipal Bonds Medium Term Corporate Notes Investment Agreements	\$ 3,688,767 8,219,673 11,990,628 10,942,719 28,357,453 2,378,268	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 3,688,767 8,219,673 11,990,628 10,942,719 28,357,453 2,378,268	\$ - - - - - -		
Total investments by fair value level	65,577,508	<u>\$</u>	\$ 65,577,508	<u>\$</u>		
Investments measured at net asset value or not categorized:						
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Money Market Mutual Funds California Asset Management Program (CAMP) Total investments measured at net asset value	84,189,368 49,402,201 21,067,325 154,658,894					
Total	\$220,236,402					

All securities classified in Level 2 are valued using pricing models based on market data, such as matrix or model pricing from outside pricing services, including for similar assets. These valuation techniques include third party benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. The certificates of deposit and investment agreements are valued using discounted cash flows techniques. The investment agreement classified as level 3 is valued using unobservable inputs as there are no active markets for the investment.

The City also has a nonrecurring fair value measurement as of June 30, 2019 for a sewer treatment plant that has been decommissioned and will not be used by the government. The land associated with the property is valued at \$4,100,000 based on an internal valuation using comparable land sales (level 3 inputs), but due to demolition and cleanup costs needed in order to sell the property exceeding the value of the land, the property has not been marketable and is considered to have no value.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

<u>Due to/Due From Other Funds</u>: There is no due to/due from other funds noted for the year ended June 30, 2019.

<u>Long-Term Interfund Advances</u>: At June 30, 2019, the funds below had made advances which were not expected to be repaid within the next year. The funds with the advance to other funds report nonspendable fund balance to indicate the amounts are not available for appropriation.

Advances to Other Funds Advances from Other Funds			<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	2,086,100
General Fund	Port Enterprise Fund		2,100,000
Port Enterprise Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		2,232,793
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund		3,106,661
Non Major Governmental Funds	Non-Major Governmental Funds		5,573,899
Total interfund advances		\$_	15,099,453

The General Fund advanced \$2,086,100 to the Fire Facility Impact Fee Capital Projects Fund to cover a debt service payment that will be repaid with future fire impact fees. The General Fund also advanced \$2,100,000 to the Port Enterprise Fund to provide cash needed to exercise the option to buy the Stone Lock property and to repay the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund to unwind a transaction disallowed by the State Controller's Office, respectively. These amounts will be repaid with future wharfage and dockage revenue.

The advances between non-major special revenue funds and other non-major funds consisted of advances from the General Facilities Improvements Capital Projects Fund to other funds. The General Fund was advanced \$3,106,661 to finance the purchase and demolition of a motel and provide the land for private development recorded as land held for resale, which will be repaid when the property is sold. The Fire Facility Impact Fee Capital Projects Fund was advanced \$2,373,900 to finance the construction of Fire Station 45, which will be repaid with future fire impact fees. The Corporate Yard Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund was advanced \$5,432,792 to finance the new Phase 1 Relocation. Funds receiving advances are paying interest on the advances at the average LAIF rate. None of the advances require scheduled payments.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Interfund Transfers:

Fund Receiving Transfer	Fund Making Transfer	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	\$ 3,437,228
General Fund	Port Enterprise Fund	205,247
General Fund	Sewer Enterprise Fund	467,505
General Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	772,510
General Fund	Refuse Enterprise Fund	227,798
HCD Block Grant Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	263,321
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund	9,830,492
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Non-major Governmental Funds	11,086,357
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Sewer Enterprise Fund	2,399,465
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Water Enterprise Fund	3,675,077
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Port Enterprise Fund	719,176
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Refuse Enterprise Fund	197,460
Water Enterprise Fund	General Fund	193,775
Water Enterprise Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	523,101
Water Enterprise Fund	Sewer Enterprise Fund	2,578,554
Total interfund transfers		\$ 36,577,066

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them, move receipts restricted to debt service from the Funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and subsidize operating losses.

<u>Internal Balances</u>: Internal balances are presented in the Government-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

NOTE 5 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

The City has various notes receivable from individuals, partnerships, and corporations for housing and rehabilitation projects, reimbursement agreements and loans. The notes have varying maturity dates through March 29, 2074. A number of the notes are non-interest bearing and the remaining notes have interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 7.50%. Certain notes receivable payments are deferred with interest being capitalized into the respective principal balances. Interest receivable of governmental activity notes not collected within the 60-day availability period is offset with deferred inflows to recognize that the interest receivable does not represent available spendable resources. The interest receivable is recognized for government-wide purposes unless management determines the amount to be uncollectible. An allowance for uncollectible notes receivable of \$9,404,181 has been recorded in the respective funds at June 30, 2019, and includes \$5,294,723 for inclusionary housing receivables. Governmental activities interest receivable on loans of \$6,975,855 is not expected to be collected within the availability period and is offset with deferred inflows of resources. The interest receivable of \$6,956,534 is recognized, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 5 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

A summary of governmental activities notes receivable at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Governmental- activities	Balance at July 1, <u>2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Repayments	Balance at June 30, <u>2019</u>
General Fund HCD Block Grant Fund Low Mod Income	\$ 298,522 17,963,855	\$ 198,202 2,250,333	\$ 26,653 302,298	\$ 470,071 19,911,890
Housing Asset Fund Community Investment	32,437,991	-	29,199	32,408,792
(Measure G)	36,417	-		36,417
Total	\$ 50,736,785	\$ 2,448,535	\$ 358,150	\$ 52,827,170

With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 15, the City agreed to become the successor to the Redevelopment Agency's housing activities and as a result the Low Mod Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund assumed the loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency.

Loans receivable in enterprise funds represent amounts due from the homeowner for water and sewer system improvements that were allowed to be paid over time. The Sewer Fund loans are due when the home is sold and the Water Fund loans are payable over five years. None of the loans bear interest. A summary of business-type activities notes receivable at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Business-type activities	alance at July 1, 2018	<u>Ad</u>	<u>ditions</u>	<u>Re</u>	payments	alance at June 30, <u>2019</u>
Sewer Fund Water Fund	\$ 508,560 10,341	\$	- -	\$	61,563 2,693	\$ 446,997 7,648
Total	\$ 518,901	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	64,256	\$ <u>454,645</u>

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

<u>Capital Asset Additions and Retirements</u>: Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	July 1, <u>2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	Retirements	June 30, <u>2019</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets,	\$ 26,256,901 19,236,680	\$ 3,680,521 15,408,461	\$ - (17,787,202)	\$ - -	\$ 29,937,422 16,857,939
not being depreciated	45,493,581	19,088,982	(17,787,202)		46,795,361
Capital assets, being depreci	ated:				
Buildings	45,418,463 42,790,705	-	- 4 740 022	-	45,418,463 44,538,737
Improvements Equipment	15,851,751	653,903	1,748,032 -	(199,457)	16,306,197
Infrastructure Total capital assets,	466,725,537		16,039,170		482,764,707
being depreciated	570,786,456	653,903	17,787,202	(199,457)	589,028,104
Less accumulated depreciation	on for:				
Buildings	(14,276,199)	(1,232,829)	-	-	(15,509,028)
Improvements	(15,340,213)	(1,462,470)	-	-	(16,802,683)
Equipment Infrastructure	(11,781,226)	(987,775)	-	199,457	(12,569,544)
Total accumulated	(228,844,662)	(10,718,394)			<u>(239,563,056</u>)
depreciation	(270,242,300)	(14,401,468)	_	199,457	(284,444,311)
Capital assets being					
depreciated, net	300,544,156	(13,747,565)	17,787,202	_	304,583,793
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 346,037,737</u>	<u>\$ 5,341,417</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 351,379,154</u>

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type Activities:	July 1, <u>2018</u>	Additions	Retirements	<u>Transfers</u>	June 30, <u>2019</u>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets,	\$ 12,907,776 3,055,186	\$ 50,000 2,487,828	\$ (1,623,379) 	\$ - (352,575)	\$ 11,334,397 5,190,439				
not being depreciated	15,962,962	2,537,828	(1,623,379)	(352,575)	16,524,836				
Capital assets, being depreci	ated:								
Buildings Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets, being depreciated	32,971,533 59,437,507 7,505,239 186,209,427 286,123,706	10,466 86,169 	(217,261) (49,481) (345,426) 	352,575 352,575	32,754,272 59,398,492 7,245,982 186,562,002 285,960,748				
Less accumulated depreciation			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Buildings Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation Capital assets being depreciated, net	(26,926,477) (35,850,921) (3,813,864) (72,118,434) (138,709,696) 147,414,010	(457,502)	217,261 49,481 344,092 	352,575	(27,056,934) (37,279,494) (3,927,274) (76,272,893) (144,536,595) 141,424,153				
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 163,376,972</u>	\$ (3,803,270)	\$ (1,624,713)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 157,948,989</u>				
<u>Depreciation Allocation</u> : Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program was as follows:									
General government Public works Public safety Community development Culture and recreation	t				\$ 2,005,733 9,907,793 1,238,541 179,184 1,070,217				
Total governmental activ	ities depreciation	expense			<u>\$ 14,401,468</u>				

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Sewer	\$ 1,637,458
Water	3,387,385
Port	1,362,262
Refuse	50,628
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	<u>\$ 6,437,733</u>

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance at July 1 2018	Incurred	<u>Retired</u>	Balance at June 30 <u>2019</u>	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds					
2011 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, 3.7%, due 09/01/29 2012 Refunding Lease Revenue	\$ 4,954,637	\$ -	\$ (352,806)	\$ 4,601,831	\$ 365,980
Bonds, 2.90%, due 03/01/30	5,904,764	-	(422,506)	5,482,258	433,219
Direct Placement Bonds Pension Obligation Bonds 2012 Pension Obligation Bonds					
Part 1, 4.42%, due 02/07/21 2012 Pension Obligation Bonds	2,372,600	-	(708,000)	1,664,600	786,400
Part 2, 4.10%, due 02/17/19	1,044,800	-	(1,044,800)	-	-
Direct Borrowings			,		
US bank leases	1,466,267	=	(216,865)	1,249,402	221,893
Street lighting loans	816,003	-	(154,465)	661,538	158,714
Portable radio loan	402,528	-	(61,391)	341,137	63,565
Solar panels lease	2,623,951	-	(171,086)	2,452,865	175,719
Fire apparatus equipment		1,800,000	(180,182)	1,619,818	123,104
	19,585,550	1,800,000	(3,312,101)	18,073,449	2,328,594
Compensated absences	4,796,682	217,150	(8,878)	5,004,954	1,601,585
	24,382,232	\$ 2,017,150	\$ (3,320,979)	23,078,403	\$ 3,930,179
Less Due Within One Year	(4,804,448)			(3,930,179)	
Due in More than One Year	\$ 19,577,784			\$ 19,148,224	

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

	Balance at July 1 <u>2018</u>	<u>Incurred</u>	<u>Retired</u>	Balance at June 30 <u>2019</u>	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities					
General Obligation Bonds					
Revenue Bonds					
Water Revenue Bonds, Series	4 00 005 000	Φ.	ф (000 000)	Φ 00 405 000	f 000 000
2012, 2.00-5.00%, due 10/01/34 Water Revenue Bonds, Series	\$ 39,005,000	\$ -	\$ (600,000)	\$ 38,405,000	\$ 620,000
2013, 2.00-5.00%, due 10/01/24	11,310,000	-	(1,405,000)	9,905,000	1,455,000
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series			, , ,		, ,
2017 3.00-4.00%, due 10/01/44	9,010,000	-	(170,000)	8,840,000	175,000
Water Revenue Bonds, Series			,		
2017, 3.00-4.00%, due 10/01/44	14,875,000	-	(275,000)	14,600,000	285,000
Direct Borrowings					
Port construction note	2,113,570		(161,075)	1,952,495	166,664
Sewer notes payable	1,006,806		(152,542)	854,264	153,918
Water leases payable	1,046,231	-	(79,946)	966,285	82,004
Port service concession arrangement	1,064,322	272,061	<u>-</u>	1,336,383	345,001
	79,430,929	272,061	(2,843,563)	76,859,427	3,282,587
Unamortized bond premiums	4,601,418	<u>-</u> _	(286,689)	4,314,729	
	84,032,347			81,174,156	
Compensated absenses	264,520	\$ 42,679	\$	307,199	\$ 98,304
	84,296,867			81,481,355	
Less Due Within One Year	(3,145,083)			(3,380,891)	
	¢ 91 151 794			\$ 78,100,464	
	\$ 81,151,784			φ 10,100,404	

Description of Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

2011 Refunding Lease Obligation Bonds: In December 2011, \$6,820,200 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 were issued by the West Sacramento Financing Authority to refund the remaining 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds. To provide for repayment of the bonds, the City entered into an agreement to lease the administration facilities from the West Sacramento Financing Authority. Principal payments of \$140,273 to \$261,607 are due semiannually on September 1 through 2029. Interest payments of \$4,840 to \$126,174 are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through September 1, 2029. The bonds bear an interest rate of 3.7%. Fire Station 45 is pledged as collateral for the debt.

2012 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds: On December 21, 2012, \$7,954,988 in Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, were issued by the West Sacramento Financing Authority to refund the remaining 2004 Lease Revenue Bonds. The proceeds are to finance a portion of the cost of construction of a fire station facility, including fixtures and equipment. To provide for repayment of the bonds, the City entered into an agreement to lease its City Hall. Principal payments of \$107,394 to \$285,157 are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1, through March 1, 2030. Interest payments of \$4,135 to \$113,790 are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through March 1, 3030. The bonds bear an interest rate of 2.9%. City Hall is pledged as collateral for the debt.

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

2012 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds Part 1 and 2: On November 1, 2011, \$10,806,700 in 2012 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds were issued by the City to refinance the side fund obligations to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). Principal payments for Part 1 of the Bonds of \$32,500 to \$440,300 are due semiannually on June 30 and December 30 through February 17, 2021 and bear an interest rate of 4.42%. Principal payments for Part 2 of the Bonds of \$90,100 to \$523,800 are due semiannually on June 30 and December 30 and were paid off in February 2019.

<u>US Bank Leases</u>: On October 15, 2015, the City entered into a \$1,492,100 lease that provides the City with fire equipment. Principal payments of \$139,139 to \$142,785 are due annually on October 15 through 2025. Interest payments of \$3,647 to \$35,365 are due annually on October 15 through 2025 and bear an interest rate of 2.62%.

On October 30, 2015 the City entered into a \$1,228,812 lease to finance the purchase of public works equipment. Principal payments of \$111,036 to \$135,445 and interest payments of \$2,958 to \$24,409 are due annually on October 30 through 2024. The lease bears an interest rate of 2.23%. The Sewer Fund and Water Fund have an interest in the leased equipment and related lease obligation of fifty-three percent (53%) and twenty percent (20%), respectively.

On February 21, 2017 the City entered into a \$352,686 lease to finance the purchase of police body cameras. Principal payments of \$71,822 to \$73,155 and interest payments of \$1,333 to \$5,187 are due annually February through 2021. The lease bears an interest rate of 1.86%. The US Bank leases are secured with a first lien on the leased equipment.

Street Lighting Loans: On March 15, 2013, the City executed a loan agreement of \$1,460,000 to finance City-wide street lighting replacements. Principal payments of \$128,824 to \$164,464 are due annually on March 15 through 2023. Interest payments of \$4,524 to \$40,165, are due annually on March 15 through 2023 and bear an interest rate of 2.75%.

On March 15, 2014, the City executed an additional loan agreement of \$62,425 to finance additional Citywide street lighting replacements. Principal payments of \$6,207 to \$7,713 are due annually on March 15 through 2023. Interest payments of \$212 to \$1,717 are due annually on March 15 through 2023 and bear an interest rate of 2.75%. The loans are secured with the leased assets pledged as collateral.

<u>Portable Radio Loan</u>: On June 25, 2014 the City executed a loan agreement with the County of Sacramento in the amount of \$627,810 to finance the purchase of radio equipment from the Sacramento Regional Communications System. Principal payments of up to \$75,641 are due annually on July 1 through 2023. Interest payments of \$2,586 to \$22,224 are due annually on July 1 through 2023 and bear an interest rate of 3.54%.

Solar Panels Lease: On March 10, 2016 the City executed a lease agreement with Banc of America Public Capital in the amount of \$3,984,982 to finance the purchase of solar panels installed at City Hall. Principal payments of \$48,037 to \$157,175 and interest payments of \$2,114 to \$52,952 are due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 through June 1, 2031. The lease bears an interest rate of 2.60%. The Water Fund has a twenty-five percent (25%) interest in the leased equipment and related lease obligation.

The lease is secured with a first lien on the leased equipment. The solar panels leased had a cost of \$3,845,251 and accumulated depreciation of \$723,018.

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Fire Apparatus Equipment Lease</u>: On July 30, 2018 the City entered into a \$1,800,000 lease to finance the purchase of two fire apparatus. Principal payments of \$180.182 and interest payments of \$123,104 to \$180,182 are due annually July through 2029. The lease bears an interest rate of 3.524%. The U.S. Bancorp lease are secured with a first lien on the leased equipment.

Business-type Activities:

Revenue Bonds (Refunding and Water System Improvement Project), Series 2012: In June 2012, \$41,930,000 in West Sacramento Financing Authority Revenue Bonds (Refunding and Water System Improvement Project), Series 2012 were issued to finance the acquisition, construction and improvement of certain capital improvements to the water system and to fully refund the outstanding principal amount of the Authority's Revenue Bonds (Water System Improvement Project, Series 2002), and to partially refund the Authority's Water Revenue Bonds (Pooled Financing Program), Series 2003C. The bonds are secured by the revenues of the Water Enterprise Fund. Principal payments of \$195,000 to \$4,195,000 are due annually on October 1 through October 1, 2034. Interest payments of \$104,875 to \$981,675 are due semiannually on October 1 and April 1 through October 1, 2034. Interest rates range from 2.00% to 5.00%.

The City has pledged future water and sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay all of the City's Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds through 2044. The Sewer and Water Enterprise Fund's total principal and interest remaining to be paid on all bonds for which revenue is pledged is \$114,646,450. The Water Enterprise Fund's principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$5,653,550 and \$8,016,011 respectively; therefore, approximately 71% of Water Fund revenue is pledged for the bonds.

Revenue Bonds (Refunding and Water System Improvement Project), Series 2013: In July 2013, \$18,130,000 in West Sacramento Financing Authority Revenue Bonds (Refunding and Water System Improvement Project), Series 2013 were issued to finance the acquisition, construction and improvement of certain capital improvements to the water system and to fully refund the outstanding principal amount of the Authority's Water Revenue Bonds (Pooled Financing Program), Series 2003C. The bonds are secured by the revenues of the Water Enterprise Fund. Principal payments of \$1,200,000 to \$1,850,000 are due annually on October 1 through October 1, 2024. Interest payments of \$37,000 to \$356,275 are due semiannually on October 1 and April 1 through October 1, 2024. Interest rates range from 2.00% to 5.00%. The City has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay all of the City's Water Revenue Bonds through 2024. See the disclosure of pledged revenues and payments under the Series 2012 Bonds footnote above.

Revenue Bonds (Wastewater and Water), Series 2017: In October 2017, \$23,885,000 in West Sacramento Financing Authority Revenue Bonds (Water Revenue and Wastewater Revenue), Series 2017 were issued to finance certain capital improvements to the water system and the wastewater system of the City of West Sacramento. The bonds are secured by the revenues of the Sewer and Water Enterprise Funds. Principal payments of \$170,000 to \$2,995,000 are due annually on October 1 through October 1, 2047. Interest payments of \$8,313 to \$264,791 are due semiannually on October 1 and April 1 through October 1, 2047. Interest rates range from 3.00% to 4.00%. See the disclosure of pledged revenues and payments under the Series 2012 Bonds footnote above.

(Continued)

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Port Construction Note: On August 1, 2003, the Sacramento-Yolo Port District entered into a construction note with a bank in the amount of \$4,294,183 to finance a storm water collection and treatment system. The Port is required to collect net operating and other revenues equal to 125% of the debt service payments on the note. Principal payments ranging from \$98,562 to \$239,267 are due annually on August 1 through 2030. Interest payments of \$4,151 to \$61,868 are due semiannually on February 1 and August 1 through August 1, 2030 at an interest rate of 3.73%. The Port has pledged future operating and other revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Port Construction Note through August 2030. The Port Enterprise Fund's total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$2,773,623. The Port Enterprise Fund's principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$231,621 and \$555,165, respectively; therefore, approximately 42% of the Port Fund's revenue is pledged.

<u>Sewer Notes Payable</u>: In April 2004, the City entered into an agreement for sewer improvements with the State of California State Water Resources Control Board in the amount of \$1,819,129. The note is due in annual installments of \$90,956 through July 7, 2024. Interest has been capitalized as part of the note amount.

<u>Solar Panels Lease</u>: On March 10, 2016 the City executed a lease agreement with Banc of America Public Capital in the amount of \$3,984,982 to finance the purchase of solar panels installed at City Hall. As indicated in the Governmental Activities section above the Water Fund has a twenty-five percent (25%) interest in leased equipment representing solar panels on water tanks and the related lease obligation. The Water Fund's share of the lease amount is \$996,246. Its share of the principal payments are \$12,009 to \$39,294 and interest payments of \$529 to \$6,030, which are due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 through June 1, 2031. The lease bears an interest rate of 2.69%.

<u>US Bank Lease</u>: On October 30, 2015 the City issued \$1,228,812 of debt to finance the purchase of Public Works equipment. As indicated in the Governmental Activities section above the Sewer Fund and Water Fund have an interest in the leased equipment and related lease obligation of fifty-three percent (53%) and twenty percent (20%) respectively. The Sewer Fund's share of the lease amount is \$652,111 and the Water Funds Share is \$242,674. The Sewer Fund's share of the principal payments are \$58,849 to \$71,786 with interest payments of \$1,568 to \$12,937. The Water Fund's share of the principal payments are \$22,207 to \$27,089 with interest payments of \$592 to \$4,882. The payments are due annually on October 30 through 2024. The loan bears an interest rate of 2.23%.

Port Service Concession Arrangement: Effective July 1, 2013, the Sacramento-Yolo Port District entered into a lease agreement with SSA Pacific, Inc. for the Port's North Terminal that qualifies as a service concession arrangement under GASB Statement No. 60, as described in Note 16. As part of the agreement, SSA forgave \$850,000 in existing debt from the Port. In accordance with GASB 60, a liability of \$3,523,797 was accrued representing the net present value of future operating and maintenance expenses required to be paid by the Port under the agreement. The liability was discounted at the Port's cost of funds of rate 5.25% as of the date the agreement was entered into. The liability will be extinguished over the 10-year lease term and the difference between cash paid for expenses and the principal amount accrued will be trued-up through the deferred inflows of resources recognized when the lease was recorded, as described in Note 16.

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Requirements</u>: Debt service requirements are shown below:

General Obligation Bonds

Year Ending	Governmental Activities			 Business-Type Activities				
June 30:		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	799,199	\$	322,779	\$ 2,535,000	\$	3,101,100	
2021		826,528		296,451	2,650,000		2,984,775	
2022		848,848		269,256	2,775,000		2,860,575	
2023		876,090		241,264	2,900,000		2,730,575	
2024		908,150		212,328	3,035,000		2,594,575	
2025-2028		4,996,149		592,367	17,425,000		10,685,375	
2029-2033		829,125		17,203	21,995,000		6,022,400	
2034-2038		-		-	8,515,000		2,197,216	
2039-2043		-		-	5,130,000		1,289,828	
2044-2048		<u>-</u>			 4,790,000		343,409	
	\$	10,084,089	\$	1,951,648	\$ 71,750,000	\$	34,809,828	

Direct borrowings and Direct Placement Bonds

Year Ending	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities						
June 30:		Principal		Interest		Principal Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	1,529,395	\$	247,996	\$	747,587	\$	247,295		
2021	Ψ	1,642,063	Ψ	184,101	Ψ	749,508	Ψ	260,081		
2022		712,177		140,684		751,876		272,863		
2023		732,906		119,953		754,692		285,647		
2024		577,340		98,605		441,536		59,325		
2025-2028		2,156,121		269,776		1,509,131		143,480		
2029-2033		639,358		21,863		155,097		5,243		
	\$	7,989,360	\$	1,082,978	\$	5,109,427	\$	1,273,934		

Events of Default with Finance Related Consequences: Upon the occurrence of an event of default under the bond covenants the owner of the bonds is entitled to enforce the covenants and agreements of the City by mandamus suit or other proceeding at law or in equity for only the pledged revenues specified in the covenants. In addition, the Trustee has the right to accelerate the total unpaid principal amount outstanding and interest accrued thereon.

NOTE 8 - AGENCY BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER CONDUIT DEBT

Special assessment bonds have been issued under the 1915 Bond Act. The City is in no way liable for repayment of any bonds of the funds reflected in the agency funds, according to bond counsel, but is acting only as an agent for the property owners/bond holders in collecting and forwarding the special assessments. These debt agreements are accounted for as agency funds. Balances of the agency bonds are as follows as of June 30, 2019:

Spec Tax - CFD No. 12 - Raley's Field	\$	3,916,439
·	Ψ	, ,
Spec Tax - CFD No. 14 - Newport 2004		6,025,000
Spec Tax - CFD No. 20 - Rfnd Bridgeway Lk2		7,670,000
2016 Special Tax Refunding Bond - CFD 27		14,815,000
Spec Tax Rev Bond - 2006 - Series A		31,415,000
Spec Tax Rev Bond - 2006 - Series B		2,545,000
2012 Special Tax Refunding Bond		5,095,000
2014 Special Tax Refunding Bond		26,805,000
2016 Special Tax Refunding Bond Senior Series		8,120,000
2016 Special Tax Refunding Bond Subordinate Series		3,120,000
River City Regional Stadium		25,570,000
2017 Special Tax Bonds - CFD 27		14,065,000
2011 WSAFCA JPA Bond		11,685,000
2015 WSAFCA JPA Bond		26,555,000
	\$	187,401,439

Events of Default with Finance Related Consequences: Upon the occurrence of an event of default under the bond covenants the owner of the bonds is entitled to enforce the covenants and agreements of the Agency by mandamus suit or other proceeding at law or in equity for only the pledged revenues specified in the covenants. In addition, the Trustee has the right to accelerate the total unpaid principal amount outstanding and interest accrued thereon.

NOTE 9 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

<u>Net Position</u>: The government-wide and business type activities financial statements report net position. Net position is reported as the net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category represents net position of the City not restricted for any project or other purpose.

NOTE 9 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE (Continued)

<u>Fund Balances</u>: Governmental fund balances represent the net current assets and deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows of each fund.

The City's fund balances are classified in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54 (GASB 54), Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which requires the City to classify its fund balances based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendable fund balances represent balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as permanent funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable and land held for resale are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council (i.e. a Resolution), which may be altered only by formal action of the City Council (i.e. another Resolution). Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to council commitments are included along with spendable resources.

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Council or City Manager and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or City Manager. This category includes encumbrances; nonspendable, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of special revenue, capital projects or debt service funds which have not been restricted or committed. It is the policy of the City Council to provide authority to assign fund balance to the City Manager through the budget process on Resolution and to authorize use of the assignment through the same action. The City had no assigned fund balances at June 30, 2019.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

NOTE 9 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Detailed classifications of the City's governmental fund balances, as of June 30, 2019, are below:

			Major Special Revenue		venue	_					
Fund Balance Classifications		General Fund		HCD Block Grant Fund		Low Mod Income Housing Asset Fund		Non-major Governmental Funds		Total	
Nonspendable											
Notes receivable, net	\$	470.071	\$	_	\$		\$	36.417	\$	506,488	
Prepaid expenditures	Ψ	45.033	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	1,766,337	Ψ	1,811,370	
Advances to other funds		4,186,100						8,680,560		12,866,660	
Land held for sale		3,220,184						0,000,500		3,220,184	
Prepaid Lease		5,220,104						2,600,000		2,600,000	
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances		7,921,388		<u> </u>	_	-		13,083,314		21,004,702	
Restricted:											
Low income housing projects		_		22,629,290		32,876,251		_		55,505,541	
Community Facilities districts Capital Projects		-		-		-		15,065,011		15,065,011	
Landscaping and street lighting projects		-		_		-		5,938,623		5,938,623	
Technology impact fees		-		-		-		261,185		261,185	
Cable		_		_		-		475,029		475,029	
Public Art		-		-		-		73,955		73,955	
Capital improvements		_		_		-		5,478,727		5,478,727	
Debt service		_		_		-		5,766,394		5,766,394	
Total Restricted Fund Balances				22,629,290		32,876,251		33,058,924		88,564,465	
Committed:											
Operations & Maintenance Measure K		5,368,795		-		-		-		5,368,795	
Operations & Maintenance Measure V		1,391,783		-		-		-		1,391,783	
Community investment measure G		2,655,481		-		-		4,009,245		6,664,726	
Measure E		3,857,336		-		-		-		3,857,336	
Measure N		472,136		-		-		-		472,136	
Community programs		420,069		-		-		1,279,405		1,699,474	
Public safety programs and projects		-		-		-		828,592		828,592	
Equipment and maintenance		-		-		-		7,765,474		7,765,474	
Capital Projects				-				26,359,333		26,359,333	
Total Committed Fund Balances		14,165,600		-		-		40,242,049		54,407,649	
Unassigned:											
General Fund		32,936,133		-		-		-		32,936,133	
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		79,736		79,736	
Capital Project Funds				<u>-</u>				(4,459,230)		(4,459,230)	
Total Unassigned Fund Balances (deficit)		32,936,133				-		(4,379,494)		28,556,639	
Total fund balances	\$	55,023,121	\$	22,629,290	\$	32,876,251	\$	82,004,793	\$	192,533,455	

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

General Information about the Defined Benefit Pension Plans:

Plan Descriptions - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The City has a Miscellaneous Agent Plan and a Public Safety Cost Sharing Pension Plan made up of the following rate plans:

- Safety Police Plan cost sharing plan
- Safety Police Second Tier Plan cost sharing plan
- PEPRA Safety Police Plan cost sharing plan
- Safety Fire Plan cost sharing plan
- Safety Fire Second Tier Plan cost sharing plan
- PEPRA Safety Fire Plan cost sharing plan

CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City Council resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. Standard death benefit include the Basic Death Benefit, 1957 Survivor Benefit, and Special Death Benefit (for Safety members). There is also an Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit offered to Safety members. The 1959 Survivor Benefit is provided to level 3 and level 4. Cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect during the year ended June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan					
	Prior to	February 11, 2012 to	On or after			
<u>Hire date</u>	February 11, 2012	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013			
D (14) (14)	0.50/ 0.55	0.00/ @ 00	0.00/ @ 00			
Benefit formula (at full retirement)	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67			
Monthly benefits, as a % of						
eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	1.09% to 2.42%	1.0% to 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.00%	6.25%			
Required employer contribution rates	19.341%	19.341%	19.341%			

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	Safety Police Plan	Safety Police Second Tier Plan	PEPRA Safety Police Plan
•	Prior to	October 8, 2011 to	On or after
	October 8,	December 31,	January 1,
	2011	2012	2013
Benefit formula (at full retirement)	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a			
% of eligible compensation	3.00%	2.40% to 3.00%	2.00% to 2.70%
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	9.00%	11.50%
Required employer contribution rates			
Paid by employee	4.325%	4.325%	
Paid by employer	15.211%	12.331%	12.082%
Total employer contribution rates	19.536%	16.656%	12.082%
		Cofoty Fire	DEDDA
	Sofoty Eiro	Safety Fire Second Tier	PEPRA
	Safety Fire Plan	Plan	Safety Fire Plan
·	Prior to	October 8, 2011 to	On or after
	January 1,	December 31,	January 1,
	2013	2012	2013
•	2010	2012	2010
Benefit formula (at full retirement)	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.00%	2.40% to 3.00%	2.00% to 2.70%
Required employee contribution rates	9.000%	9.000%	11.500%
Required employer contribution rates	19.536%	16.656%	12.082%

All plans except the PEPRA plans are closed to new members that are not already CalPERS participants.

Employees Covered - At the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Miscellaneous Plan:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	221
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	377
Active employees	277
Total	875

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for all Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense were as follows:

	Miscellaneous Agent <u>Plan</u>	Public Safety Cost Sharing <u>Plan</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Contributions	<u>\$ 3,808,875</u>	\$ 4,303,927	<u>\$ 8,112,802</u>	

Net Pension Liability of Defined Benefit Pension Plans: The City's net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Miscellaneous Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below. As of June 30, 2019, the City's reported net pension liabilities for its Miscellaneous Agent Plan and the proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Public Safety Cost Sharing Plan were as follows:

	Net Pension <u>Liability</u>
Miscellaneous Agent Plan Public Safety Cost Sharing Plan - Proportionate Share	\$ 37,279,965 41,926,786
Total net pension liability	<u>\$ 79,206,751</u>
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$ 76,947,585 <u>2,259,166</u>
	<u>\$ 79,206,751</u>

The City's net pension liability for the cost sharing plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the cost sharing plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability the cost sharing plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating employers.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Public Safety Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2016 was as follows:

	Public Safety Cost Sharing <u>Plan</u>
Proportion - June 30, 2018 Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.71455%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	<u>0.02300</u> %

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities were determined using the following actuarial assumptions for all agent and cost sharing Plans:

Valuation Date Measurement Date	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate Inflation	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	3.0%
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific Data. The table uses 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2016. The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of a December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class for all plans. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	-	(0.92)%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>		

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

⁽b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>: The changes in the net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan were as follows:

		Increase (Decrease)
	Total Pension <u>Liability</u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
Balance at July 1, 2018 Changes in the year:	<u>\$ 125,809,456</u>	<u>\$ 86,869,861</u>	\$ 38,939,595
Service cost	2,904,042	-	2,904,042
Interest on the total pension liability	8,792,399	-	8,792,399
Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Contribution - employer Contribution - employee	(856,846) (840,317)	- - 3,390,005 1,266,743	(856,846) (840,317) (3,950,005) (1,266,743)
Net investment income	-	7,393,264	(7,393,264)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	(5,187,400)	(5,187,400) (391,104)	391,104
Net changes	4,811,878	6,471,508	(1,659,630)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 130,621,334	<u>\$ 93,341,369</u>	<u>\$ 37,279,965</u>

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous Agent <u>Plan</u>	Public Safety Cost Sharing <u>Plan</u>
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$ 6.15% 55,502,138	\$ 6.15% 63,912,616
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$ 7.15% 37,279,965	\$ 7.15% 41,926,786
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$ 8.15% 22,286,328	\$ 8.15% 23,913,335

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans: For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,307,072 for the agent and cost sharing plans combined. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to all plans combined from the following sources:

	Miscella	neous Plan	Public S	afety Plan	Total	Total
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to						
measurement date	\$ 3,808,875	\$ -	\$ 4,303,927	\$ -	\$ 8,112,802	\$ -
Differences between actual						
and expected experience	-	(1,010,672)	897,448	-	897,448	(1,010,672)
Changes in assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings	2,244,597	-	3,558,731	-	5,803,328	-
on plan investments	116,594	-	283,864	-	400,458	-
Change in employer's proportion Difference between employer's contribution and proportionate	, -	-	908,289	-	908,289	-
share				(1,171,979)	-	(1,171,979)
Total	<u>\$ 6,170,066</u>	<u>\$ (1,010,672</u>)	\$ 9,952,259	<u>\$ (1,171,979</u>)	<u>\$16,122,325</u>	<u>\$ (2,182,651</u>)

The \$8,112,802 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Miscellaneous <u>Plan</u>	Public Safety <u>Plan</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 2,382,689 301,832 (1,089,102) (244,900)	\$ 3,624,900 2,180,466 (1,038,608) (290,405)	\$ 6,007,589 2,482,298 (2,127,710) (535,305)
Total	<u>\$ 1,350,519</u>	\$ 4,476,353	\$ 5,826,872

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Defined Contribution Retirement Plans</u>: IRC Section 401(a) Plans - The City makes four IRC Section 401(a) plans (the Plans) available to eligible participants. Participants are eligible to participate after 12 months of service unless indicated otherwise below. The Plans are administered by the City. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Plans are established and may be amended by the City Council. Participants are fully vested in employer (if applicable) and participant contributions at the contribution date. Contributions are deposited into self-directed investment accounts for each participant at the trust administrators. The Plans qualify as 401(a) tax-qualified multiple employer trust funds. The City has the following IRC Section 401(a) plans:

ICMA Plan 107768 - This Plan is available only to the City Manager. The City contributes 9% and the participant contributes 5.5% of participant compensation to the Plan.

ICMA Plan 109931 - This Plan is available only to Department Heads and City Council members. The City contributes 5.5% and the participants contribute 4.5% of participant compensation to the Plan.

ICMA Plan 109885 - This Plan is available only to management employees other than Department Heads and the City Manager. The City contributes 1.5% of participant compensation to the Plan. Participants are not required to contribute to the Plan.

The plans above are administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation.

During the year ending 2019, the City contributed \$169,707 to the plans above on a combined basis. The amount contributed to each plan and contributed by participants was not available at the issuance date of the financial statements.

The PARS Alternate Retirement System (PARS-ARS) Plan - All part-time, seasonal and temporary employees that are not covered by social security or another retirement plan are allowed to participate in the PARS-ARS Plan. Employees are eligible to participate as of the employee's hire date. The PARS-ARS plan document does not allow employer contributions and requires participants to contribute 7.5% of their compensation. The PARS-ARS trustee is MUFG Union Bank.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u>: In addition to the pension benefits described above, the City provides post-employment health care benefits to eligible employees. CalPERS invests the Plan's assets as part of the California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), resulting in its classification as an agent plan. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the single employer plan according to existing bargaining arrangements. In accordance with City Council Resolution, the plan is available to all employees who retire under CalPERS while working for the City. The City pays a percentage of health insurance premiums of non-safety employees with over ten years of service and 100% of safety employee's health insurance premiums up to the limit specified in the City's Memorandums of Understanding. Two ex-council members and an ex-contract city attorney are eligible. Copies of the CalPERS' CAFR may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office – 400 P Street – Sacramento, CA 95814.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council according to existing bargaining arrangements. The OPEB Plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (Continued)

<u>Eligibility</u>: Service - age 50, 5 years of service and retire directly from City under CalPERS or disability retirement.

Benefits Provided

Medical and Dental	<u>1</u>	<u>Medical</u>		Contribution
City Manager Dept. Head (Fire Chief) Fire Management FFA Dept. Head (Non-safety)	No No No Yes	PEM HCA PEM HCA PEM HCA PEM HCA City	100% of premiums 5-9 YOS \$75 + 30% of premiums 10-14 YOS \$100 + 50% of premiums 15-19 YOS \$150 + 75% of premiums 20+YOS 100% of premiums	No Cap \$800 \$800 \$750 Retired < 7/1/11 or Employees with 20+ YOS as of 7/1/11 no cap. All others \$1,500
Dept. Head (Police Chief)	No	City	100% Premiums	Up to Blue Shield Access+ plan
Police Management	No	City	100% Premiums if DOH > 7/1/10, need 10 yrs City service	•
POA (Safety) Hired ≤6/30/14	No	City	Retired< 1/1/09 or have 7+ YOS as of 1/109: 100% PORAC (family) All other retirees: 10-14 YOS 50% of premiums 15-19 YOS 75% of premiums 20+ YOS 90% of premiums	Single \$737 2 party \$1,185 Family \$1,511
POA (Safety) Hired > 6/30/14	No	City	Same as POA(Safety) hired ≤ 6/30/14	\$1,200
Non-Safety Management, POA (Non-Safety), Specialists & Professionals, Confidential	A		10-14 YOS \$50 + 25% of premiums 15-19 YOS \$75 + 30% of premiums 20+ YOS \$100 + 50% of premiums	Lesser of 75% of Total Premiums or \$750 POA(Non-Safety) Not to exceed POA
Stationary Engineers City Council	Yes No	City City	activ 100% Self pay by the retiree	e cafeteria amounts \$0

Vision Benefit: None - City pays 100% of vision premiums for one former City Manager.

<u>Surviving Spouse Benefit</u>: 100% of retiree benefit continues to surviving spouse if retiree elects survivor annuity under retirement plan.

Except for the fire group, the City contribution cap amounts may increase each year based on premiums for active employees. For the fire group, the City contribution cap amounts increase each year in accordance with Government Code Section 22825.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (Continued)

<u>OPEB Plan Investments</u>: The discount rate of 7.28% was determined using the asset allocation and assumed rates of return associated with CalPERS' California Employers' Retirement Benefit Trust Strategy 1. The portfolio allocation and rates of return associated with CERBT Trust Strategy 1 are as follows:

Asset Class	Percentage of Portfolio*	Real Rate of <u>Return</u>
Global Equity	59.00%	5.25%
Fixed Income	25.00	1.79
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS)	5.00	1.00
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	8.00	3.25
Commodities	3.00	0.34

^{*}geometric average

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms: The following is a table of plan participants at June 30, 2019:

	Number of Participants
Inactive Plan members, covered spouses, or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Active employees	297 <u>386</u>
Total	<u>683</u>

<u>Contributions</u>: Contributions to the OPEB Plan from the City were \$2,474,783 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB Plan.

Net OPEB Liability: The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of
	Salary
Discount Rate	7.24%
Healthcare Trend Rate	3.84%
Mortality	CalPERS OPEB Assumption Model, revised
	December 20, 2017
Termination Rates	CalPERS OPEB Assumption Model, revised
	December 20, 2017
Disability	CalPERS OPEB Assumption Model, revised
•	December 20, 2017
Retirement	CalPERS OPEB Assumption Model, revised
	December 20, 2017

(Continued)

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (Continued)

Premiums Blended premiums were developed based

> on the City's enrollment by plan. These premiums were used in implicit subsidy active explicit subsidy calculations.

Developed based on premiums for the City's **Annual Per Capita Claims**

enrollment by plan.

Based on actual CalPERS HMO and PPO Aging or Morbidity Factors

population data.

Retiree pays any difference between Participant Contributions

premiums and the benefit cap for the retiree

(which varies by bargaining group). 2.75% (same as CalPERS). The salary

Salary Increases increase is used to determine the growth in

the aggregate payroll.

Individual Salary Increased: 2018 CalPERS

Merit Salary Increases.

Inflation Rate 2.50%

provided

Current Retirees: Spouse coverage **Marital Status**

by City

Future Retirees: 60% assumed to be

married.

Spouse Gender Assumes spouse of opposite gender. Spouse Age Difference

Assumes males are three years older than

females.

Participation Current Retirees: Assume current elections

continue until decrement.

Future Retirees: Assume 60% of future retirees will elect to continue coverage in City's plans, and that 25% will procure similar coverage elsewhere and seek reimbursements. Assume 60% of retirees

with coverage enroll a spouse.

Current Retirees - City provided subscriber-level annual Employer Contributions for Inactives: contributions. For pre-65s, assumed a 50% drop in contributions at Age 65 to account for transition to Medicare Supplement premiums.

> Trend Rates Medical Long-Term Trends from Society of

> > Actuaries "Long Term Healthcare Cost Trends Model v2018_c" using baseline

assumptions.

PEMHCA Administration Fee 0.23% of retiree premium.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (Continued)

PEMHCA Information	West Sacramento is enrolled in an unequal contribution, with current retirees receiving 30% of the PEMHCA minimum in 2018. For Firefighters, Safety Management, and City Manager, the PEMCHA minimum is embedded in monthly premiums. For other groups, the PEMHCA minimum is paid to CalPERS in addition to the medical
Dental Valuation	premiums paid to retirees. Single dental premiums of \$468/year in 2018 were trended at 4%. The dental premiums were assumed to not create an
Benefit Cap Trend Rate	implicit subsidy. Assumed to increase at medical trend rates for pre and post retirement.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$ 31,503,047	\$ 17,744,942	\$ 13,758,105
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,163,030	-	1,163,030
Interest	2,442,530	-	2,442,530
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	3,425,905	-	3,425,905
Changes of assumptions	(1,587,653)	-	(1,587,653)
Contributions – employer	-	2,311,728	(2,311,728)
Net investment income	-	1,412,245	(1,412,245)
Benefit payments, including	4		
refunds	(1,535,458)	(1,535,458)	-
Administrative expense		(9,234)	9,234
Net changes	3,908,354	2,179,281	1,729,073
Balances at June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 35,411,401</u>	\$ 19,924,223	<u>\$ 15,487,178</u>

There were no changes between the measurement date and the year ended June 30, 2019 which had a significant effect on the City's net OPEB liability.

Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the total OPEB liability, at June 30, 2019:

56.26%

<u>Discount Rate</u>: All future benefit payments were discounted using a discount rate of 7.24%. As the plan is funded by an irrevocable trust, and the plans' projected contributions and net position are expected to fully cover future benefit payments, the discount rate has been set to equal the long-term rate of return on plan investments.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease 6.24%	Discount Rate 7.24%	Increase <u>8.24%</u>
Net OPEB liability for the plan	\$ 20,182,279	<u>\$ 15,487,178</u>	<u>\$ 11,603,043</u>

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current	
	1%	Healthcare Cost	1%
	<u>Decrease</u>	Trend Rate	<u>Increase</u>
	6%	7%	8%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing to
	to 2.84%	to 3.84%	to 4.84%
Net OPEB liability for the plan	<u>\$ 11,161,231</u>	<u>\$ 15,487,178</u>	<u>\$ 20,789,117</u>

<u>OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:</u> For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,474,783. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows <u>of Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows <u>of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 2,984,422	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	1,384,107
Net difference between projected and		
actual earnings on investments	-	214,528
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	2,474,783	
Total	\$ 5,459,205	\$ 1,598,635

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (Continued)

\$2,474,783 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 162,558
2021	162,558
2022	162,560
2023	249,544
2024	237,937
Thereafter	410,630
Total	\$ 1,385,78 7

Deferred inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period.

Section 115 Trust Fund: On June 14, 2017, the City Council approved establishing a IRC Section 115 trust fund with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) for the OPEB plan. The PARS trust is expected to provide advantages over the existing CalPERS CERBT due to the ability to diversify investments to allow for higher returns. Management recommended contributing 50% of its OPEB ARC to the PARS Section 115 trust and 50% to the CalPERS CERBT and to review the performance of the two trust funds on an annual basis for the first three years. No significant contributions have been made to the PARS trust for fiscal years June 30, 2019 or 2018.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Participation in YCPARMIA: The City of West Sacramento, California is a member of the Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority (YCPARMIA), a public entity risk pool that is currently operating as a common risk management agency. There are six members on the Board of Directors including one member from the City. The Board of Directors elects officers of the YCPARMIA annually. The City pays an annual premium to YCPARMIA for its insurance coverage. The Agreement for Formation of YCPARMIA provides that YCPARMIA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will be reinsured through California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CAJPIA) for claims in excess of YCPARMIA limits indicated below for each insured event.

The CAJPIA is a large risk pool that covers claims for smaller risk pools such as YCPARMIA. The City has no accrued liability or reserves as of June 30, 2019. The City does not retain risk of loss in the pool above the self-funded retention amount for the general liability, property, and workers' compensation.

The City has had no settlements which exceeded insurance coverage in the last three fiscal years, and no changes in insurance coverage have occurred from the prior year.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Amount	Coverage provider	Payment Source
Fidelity		
\$ 0 - \$ 1,000	Self-insured	City funds
1,001 - 25,000	Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority	Shared risk pool
25,001 - 2,000,000	Fidelity & Deposit of Maryland	Shared risk pool
General and Auto Liability Claims:		
\$ 0 - \$ 5,000	Self-insured	City funds
5,001 - 500,000	Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority	Shared risk pool
500,001 - 40,000,000	California Joint Powers Insurance Authority	Shared risk pool
Pollution Legal Liability		
\$ 0 - \$ 100,000	Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority	Shared risk pool
100,001 - 10,000,000	Commercial insurance	Shared risk pool
Property Protection Claims:		
\$ 0 - \$ 1,000	Self-insured	City funds
1,001 - 25,000	Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority	Shared risk pool
25,001 - 959,357,100	Commercial insurance	Shared risk pool
Workers' compensation:		
\$ 0 - \$ 1,000	Self-insured	City funds
1,001 - 500,000	Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority	Shared risk pool
500,001 - 50,000,000	Commercial insurance	Shared risk pool
Cyber Liability:		
\$ 0 - \$ 100,000	Catastrophic retention	City funds
100,001 - 1,000,000	Commercial insurance	Shared risk pool

The City also maintains a smaller policy with YCPARMIA for Marine Hull and Machinery Coverage. Complete financial information for YCPARMIA is available at Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority, 77 West Lincoln Avenue, Woodland, CA 95695.

NOTE 13 - JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

The City also participates in the West Sacramento Area Flood Control Agency (the Flood Control Agency). The Flood Control Agency was established on July 20, 1994 under a joint exercise of powers agreement between the City, Reclamation District No. 900 and Reclamation District 537 to provide a coordinated regional effort to finance and provide facilities and works necessary to ensure not less than the minimum level of flood protection, as defined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, exists within the boundaries of the Flood Control Agency. The Board of Directors is comprised of a City Council member and one trustee from each of the participating Reclamation Districts. Upon termination of the joint exercise of powers agreement, any surplus funds on hand will be returned to the participants in proportion to the contributions made to the Flood Control Agency. The Flood Control Agency is authorized, through its participants, to impose special assessments for flood control purposes. The City accounts for the special assessments as well as a reimbursement payable to the Flood Control Agency for costs incurred by its members prior to its formation in the Flood Control Agency Fund. The Flood Control Agency does not meet the definition of a component unit because it has a separate governing body, the City is not financially accountable for it, there is no financial benefit or burden relationship and it does not operate solely for the benefit of the City. Separate financial statements are issued by the Flood Control Agency and are available at the City's Finance Department or at www.cityofwestsacramento.org.

NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Grant Contingencies</u>: The City participates in various federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to compliance audits by the grantors. No audits by the grantors have been conducted during the year ended June 30, 2019. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board: As part of the Groundwater Extraction Pilot Study accepted by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), which is in connection with the investigation of the distribution of nitrate and ammonia in the soil and groundwater with the Port, the Port installed three groundwater extraction wells and began pumping the ground water to the Port storm water treatment system on June 28, 2002. Based on the favorable results of the treatment of the pumped groundwater in the Port storm water treatment system and with the concurrence of the RWQCB, the Port installed two additional groundwater pumping wells in June 2004. Further negotiations with the RWQCB will determine the requirement for additional wells, the year-round treatment plan and the amount of overall facility groundwater extraction required. Based on the investigations performed by professional consultants, in the opinion of the Port's management, there is no threat to any drinking water supply.

Contingencies Related to the Termination of the Redevelopment Agency: As indicated in Note 15, certain transfers made by the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Sacramento to other governments are subject to review by departments of the State of California, including transfers made to other City funds. While the State has required any previous unnecessary transfers to other City funds to be reversed and paid to the Successor Agency for distribution to other jurisdictions as residual payments under AB 1484, the Successor complied with these payments totaling \$8,657,818. The City completed required residual payments including: 1) the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund payment, 2) the "July True Up" payment, and 3) the Other Funds and Accounts payment. The State Department of Finance issued a Finding of Completion letter on May 13, 2013. The approval of the annual Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) process was moved to January 2019.

NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Long-Term Commitments</u>: The City had the following significant contract commitments as of June 30, 2019:

		Appropriation	<u> </u>	Expended June 30, 2019	Commitment		
Water projects	\$	20,994,577	\$	3,614,980	\$	17,379,597	
City park improvements		1,612,406		354,484		1,257,922	
Sewer projects		10,545,000		1,421,781		9,123,219	
City facilities projects		9,751,954		3,958,087		5,793,867	
Drainage and flood control projects		3,107,435		2,321,229		786,206	
Transportation projects		28,489,094		16,114,460		12,374,634	
Community investment projects		19,241,853		7,588,842		11,653,011	
Total commitments	\$	93,742,319	\$	35,373,863	\$	58,368,456	

Stone Lock Property: The sale of the Stone Lock property to the Port District was consummated, however asbestos contamination was found in the damaged buildings and responsibility for remediation is being determined. It is currently unknown how much the remediation of the contamination discovered will cost and it is unclear whether the State will approve funding for remediation efforts on the Successor Agency's ROPS. Since the amount is not estimable at June 30, 2019 and responsibility for the costs has not been determined, the Successor Agency and Port Fund have not accrued a liability for the asbestos remediation costs. In 2019, the City received a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) grant in the amount of \$300,000 to conduct a Phase II on the site and develop a lead paint and asbestos abatement plan that includes a cost estimate.

Port District Agreement to Purchase Land: In April 2017, the Port District approved a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the Agreement) with Equilon Enterprises, Inc. d/b/a Shell Oil Products US (Equilon) where Equilon agreed to sell approximately 8.89 acres of land to the Port District for \$3 million. The Agreement requires Equilon to terminate operations at the property by March 31, 2021 and to demolish and remove the facility on the property by December 31, 2021. The property has been identified as contaminated under state and federal regulations and the Agreement requires the property to be remediated by May 31, 2025. The Port District may terminate the Agreement if the property has not been remediated by this date. Equion is responsible for all expenses of the property prior to the close of escrow, which is required to occur no later than November 30, 2025.

Operating Leases Receivable and Payable:

Lease Payable - In October 2006, the City entered into an agreement with the Washington Unified School District (District) to lease a joint use recreation center. The agreement states that the District has agreed to pay all up-front capital costs for the construction of the recreation center facility and the City will make payments to the District for the City's portion of these costs, including interest, over the course of a thirty-year period. In the year ended June 30, 2010, the project was completed and the City began making payments starting February 1, 2009 through August 1, 2038. Future payments for the project are listed below.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Leases Receivable - A significant portion of the Port's assets are leased to tenants under operating lease agreements. Leased assets include maritime facilities, and industrial land. Lease terms range from short-term to June 30, 2055. The City and SSA Pacific entered into a long-term concession and lease agreement on July 1, 2013 for operation of the Port's North Facility as discussed in Note 16. The lease, which is currently in its second five-year lease period through June 30, 2023, may be extended for two additional five-year periods through June 30, 2023. Future payments are listed below.

Future minimum lease payments payable and receivable are as follows as of June 30, 2019.

	V	/ashington					
		School	Port Leases				
Year Ending	Dis	strict Lease	S	SA Lease	Other Leases		
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Payable</u>	<u>ole</u> <u>Receivable</u> <u>Receiv</u>		<u>Receivable</u>		
2020	\$	1,095,342	\$	689,988	\$	1,240,744	
2021		1,095,342		696,888		1,831,018	
2022		1,095,342		703,857		1,626,645	
2023		1,095,342		710,895		1,520,101	
2024		1,095,342		-		1,535,364	
2025-2029		5,476,710		-		8,077,432	
2030-2034		5,476,710		-		7,489,230	
2035-2039		4,929,039		-		3,792,791	
2040-2044		-		-		3,893,904	
2045-2049		-		-		4,293,296	
2050-2054						5,737,982	
	\$	21,359,169	\$	2,801,628	\$	41,038,507	

NOTE 15 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO

In an effort to balance its budget, the State of California adopted ABx1 26 on June 28, 2011, as amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved redevelopment agencies on January 31, 2012.

Under the provisions of AB 1484, the City may elect to become the Housing Successor and retain the housing assets. The City elected to become the Housing Successor and on February 1, 2012, certain housing assets were transferred to the City's Low Mod Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund. The activities of the Housing Successor are reported in the Low Mod Income Housing Assets Special Revenue Fund as the City has control of those assets, which may be used in accordance with the low and moderate income housing provisions of California Redevelopment Law.

NOTE 15 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO (Continued)

The City also elected to become the Successor Agency and on February 1, 2012 the Redevelopment Agency's remaining assets were distributed to and liabilities were assumed by the Successor Agency. ABx1 26 requires the establishment of an Oversight Board to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency and one was established in April 2012. The activities of the Successor Agency are subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which is comprised of seven members, including one member of City Council, one former Redevelopment Agency employee appointed by the Mayor and the remaining members are appointed by external agencies with an interest in Successor Agency assets. Pursuant to Senate Bill 107, on July 1, 2018, a single consolidated County Oversight Board was established for the four city Oversight Boards.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency, including paying debt service payments of existing Redevelopment Agency debt agreements. Currently, the last of the obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency will terminate in 2037.

The following disclosures of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2019 are required by debt continuing disclosure requirements.

Capital Assets: Successor Agency capital asset activity was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance at July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2019
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 1,142,925</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,142,925</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 1,142,925</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,142,925</u>

NOTE 15 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO (Continued)

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u>: The following is a summary of changes in the Successor Agency's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance at July 1, 2018	Incurred Retired		Balance at June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year	
Revenue Bonds:						
2007 Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series B						
5.00%-5.50%, due 09/01/2018	\$ 1,570,000	\$ -	\$(1,570,000)	\$ -	\$ -	
Tax Allocation Bonds:						
2004 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B						
4.29%-5.65%, due 09/01/2020	1,385,000	-	(675,000)	710,000	710,000	
2014 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds						
3.91%, due 09/01/2029	50,160,906	-	(2,720,732)	47,440,174	2,866,700	
2014 Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds						
5.25%, due 09/01/2035	8,734,050	-	(18,248)	8,715,802	19,035	
2016 Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds						
3.0%-5.0%, due 09/01/2036	20,705,000			20,705,000	755,000	
	82,554,956	-	(4,983,980)	77,570,976	4,350,735	
Notes Payable:						
Cemex 4%, due 10/01/2023	1,549,339	-	(129,069)	1,420,270	134,232	
Unamortized bond (premiums)/discounts	3,263,423		(179,764)	3,083,659		
Total Debt, Net	87,367,718	<u>\$ -</u>	\$(5,292,813)	82,074,905	\$4,484,967	
Less: Due within one year	(5,113,049)			(4,484,967)		
Due in more than one year	\$82,254,669			\$77,589,938		

2004 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series B: (California Redevelopment Agency Pools) On December 1, 2004, the Redevelopment Agency signed an agreement to participate with two other redevelopment agencies and the Association of Bay Area Governments (the Association) to receive \$7,705,000 of the proceeds of the Association's 2004 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Series B to provide moneys to purchase tax allocation bonds issued by the Redevelopment Agency to finance various redevelopment capital projects within, or of benefit to the Project Area. The bonds are secured by a pledge of the Redevelopment Agency's tax increment revenue. The Agency is required to collect tax increment revenue equal to 125% of the debt service payments on this issuance and all other parity debt payable from the Agency's tax increment revenue. Principal payments of \$365,000 to \$710,000 are due annually on September 1 through 2020. Interest payments of \$19,028 to \$192,071 are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1, through September 1, 2019. Interest rates range from 4.29% to 5.65%.

2007 Revenue Bonds, Series A & B: On November 7, 2007, the Redevelopment Agency signed an agreement to participate with two other redevelopment agencies and the Association of Bay Area Governments (the Association) to receive \$22,830,000 and \$13,455,000 to finance redevelopment projects of benefit to the City's redevelopment project area. The bonds are special obligations of the issuer payable from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of property tax revenues. See below for a summary of future principal and interest payments to be made on this and other Agency debt as well as tax revenues recognized and principal and interest payments made during the year.

NOTE 15 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO (Continued)

2014 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds: On January 15, 2014, \$58,766,588 in 2014 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds were issued by the Successor to the Redevelopment Agency to refund the 1998 Tax Allocation Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2015, and the portion of the 2004 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Series A maturing on or before September 1, 2029. The bonds are secured by a lien on tax revenues. Principal payments of \$1,058,994 to \$5,414,106 are due annually on September 1 through 2029. Interest payments of \$105,846 to \$1,148,887 are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through September 1, 2029. Interest rate is 3.91%.

2014 Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds: On September 30, 2014, \$8,813,730 in 2014 Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds were issued by the Successor Agency to refund the remaining 2004 Series A Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds maturing after September 1, 2029. The bonds are secured by a lien on Successor Agency tax revenues, which is subordinate to the lien on tax revenues that secure Senior Obligations, as defined. Principal payments of \$16,771 to \$1,562,456 are due annually on September 1, 2015 through 2035. Interest payments of \$33,671 to \$189,936 are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through September 1, 2035. 2035. Interest rate is 5.25%.

2016 Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds: On July 7, 2016, \$20,705,000 in 2016 Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds were issued by the Successor Agency to refund the 2007 Series A Revenue Bonds. The bonds are secured by a lien on Successor Agency tax revenues, which is subordinate to the lien on tax revenues that secure Senior Obligations, as defined. Principal payments of \$755,000 to \$1,620,000 are due annually on September 1, 2019 through 2036. Interest payments of \$24,300 to \$456,125 are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through 2036. Interest rates range from 3.0% to 5.0%.

With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency discussed above, Tax Increment is no longer distributed and housing set-aside amounts are no longer required, and instead the Successor Agency receives payments from the County's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) that are to be used to fund debt service on the Bonds, with no distinction between housing and non-housing revenues. The Agency has pledged future tax revenues to repay all of the Agency's Revenue and Tax Allocation Bonds through 2036. The Agency's total principal and interest remaining to be paid on all Revenue and Tax Allocation Bonds combined was \$102,780,093 at June 30, 2019. The Agency's principal and interest paid during the current year for all Revenue and Tax Allocation Bonds combined was \$8,279,696 during the year ended June 30, 2019.

The pledged revenues reported above represents tax revenues deposited into the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund administered by the County of Yolo Auditor-Controller's Office, less property tax administration fees and tax sharing payments made to other local agencies as required under Community Redevelopment Law (net pledged tax increment revenues). A portion of the net pledged tax increment revenues are made available to the Agency under the ROPS process described in Note 15. below. The net pledged tax increment revenues reported above are not intended to represent the amount received by the Agency and reported in the Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund. Although the Agency does not receive all of the net pledged tax increment revenues, additional revenues would be available to the Agency in the future if necessary to make debt service payments.

NOTE 15 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO (Continued)

<u>Notes Payable</u>: On July 12, 2006, the Redevelopment Agency entered into an agreement with RMC Pacific Materials, Inc. to relocate and relinquish the right to receive rail service at the Cemex cement plant located at 1501 South River Road in exchange for 20 annual payments of \$191,054 beginning November 7, 2009. The payments include interest imputed at 4%. Debt service requirements as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Year Ending	Boi	nds	Notes Payable			
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2020	\$ 4,350,735	\$ 3,090,286	\$ 134,232	\$ 56,822		
2021	4,495,769	2,911,418	139,601	51,453		
2022	4,671,140	2,727,329	145,185	45,869		
2023	4,872,196	2,531,543	150,993	40,061		
2024	5,070,859	2,327,476	157,032	34,022		
2025-2029	28,842,213	8,257,671	693,227	70,710		
2030-2034	17,498,155	3,007,436	-	-		
2035-2037	7,769,909	355,958				
	\$ 77,570,976	\$ 25,209,117	\$ 1,420,270	\$ 298,937		

Commitments and Contingencies:

State Approval of Enforceable Obligations - The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) semiannually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent six-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the State Department of Finance cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

State Asset Transfer Review - Pursuant to Health and Safety code section 34167.5, the activities of the former Redevelopment Agency and the Successor Agency were subject to further examination by the State of California and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the State cannot be determined at this time. In November 2012, the State Controller's Office completed the Asset Transfer Review for the period of January 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012. The State concluded that the City of West Sacramento did not need to reverse any transfer of assets.

Long Range Property Management Plan - Health and Safety Code 34191.5 (b) required that the Successor Agency, upon receipt of a Finding of Completion, prepare a Long Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP) to address the disposition and use of the 12 remaining real properties of the former redevelopment agency. The Oversight Board approved the LRPMP on October 23, 2013.

NOTE 15 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO (Continued)

Pledged Revenue - In addition to the pledge of revenues for all Bonds described above, the former Redevelopment Agency pledged certain revenues for the payment of debt service on bonds issued by Community Facilities District No. 12 (Raley's Field), which is reported as an agency fund in the City's financial statements. As stated in Note 8, the bond is a special assessment bond and the City and Successor Agency are in no way liable for repayment of this Bond. Beginning in 2000, the former Redevelopment Agency agreed to pay an amount equal to \$189,057, less the amount of special taxes levied during each year through 2029. In addition, beginning in 2002, the Redevelopment Agency agreed to pay \$224,000 through 2029. This amount will be increased or decreased by the percentage change in assessed valuation of property within CFD No. 12 from the prior year's valuation. The revenue is now collected by the Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund and the pledge of revenues has been assumed by the Successor Agency. The amount of revenue collected for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$8,857,162.

Potential Contamination - The Successor Agency identified a property known as the Tower Court property that is potentially contaminated and may need remediation. The property, formerly the site of an auto repair shop, was identified as having elevated lead concentrations in the soil. An Environmental Oversight Agreement exists between the Successor Agency and the California Department of Toxic Substances Control to coordinate to clean up the site prior to development. The potential remediation costs for the sight are currently under investigation.

<u>Tax Abatement</u>: The Successor Agency has two agreements approved by the Successor Agency Board of Directors to rebate tax increment revenues collected on to two properties developed by two private entities. The agreement provided an incentive to make the improvements necessary to develop Raley's Field, a minor league baseball park, and a corporate headquarters of a local company. The tax increment is collected by the Successor Agency and returned to the entities under the agreement.

One agreement ends May 6, 2037 and requires 100% of the tax increment collected on the related property to rebated semi-annually and the second agreement is effective for the term of the special tax bonds for CFD 12 used to build Raley's Field that is payable through the fiscal year ending September 1, 2029 in the amount of the debt service payments that is paid within 10 days of the debt service payments being made. The agreement resulted in payments of \$1,375,448 being made by the Successor Agency during the year ended June 30, 2019. The City receives approximately 47% of the tax increment revenue distributed by the Successor Agency each year, which results a loss of tax revenues by the City of approximately 47% of the payments above.

NOTE 16 - SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT

<u>Port Operating Agreement</u>: Effective July 1, 2013, the Port executed a Master Lease and Terminal Operations Management Agreement (the Agreement) with SSA Pacific (SSA) SSA for the Port's North Terminal developed maritime facilities. Control of the Port's real estate operations and related real estate lease agreements were retained by the Port. Under the Agreement, the wharfage and dockage revenue is retained by SSA and SSA is responsible for all operating and maintenance costs of the leased facilities. Agreements with outside parties related to operating the leased facilities were assigned to SSA. The Port was responsible for payment of one-half of the cost of perimeter fencing around the leased facilities as well as insurance and maintenance costs under the Agreement.

NOTE 16 - SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT (Continued)

The Port is entitled to receive \$650,000 per year in rent for five years plus 25% of the SSA's wharfage and dockage revenues exceeding \$2 million under the Agreement. The rent is due on a monthly basis on the first day of each month and is subject to yearly increases of 1%. SSA agreed forgive \$900,000 in Port debt related to previous improvements to the maritime facilities, and to purchase the Port's PM10 air credits for \$50,000 under the Agreement. The Agreement may be extended for three additional five-year periods, including one five-year period at the option of SSA, assuming SSA is not in default, and two five-year periods upon the mutual consent of the Port and SSA. The Port has also agreed to consider the value of any significant capital investments by SSA in the leased facilities when making the decision whether to further extend the agreement with SSA, but in no case will the term of the agreement exceed fifty years.

The City accrued the net present value of the lease payments of \$1,815,335 and the present value of the estimated operating and the maintenance expenses the Port is required to incur under the agreement of \$1,336,380 at June 30, 2019 and recorded deferred inflows of resources for the net difference between these two amounts under GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements. The City determined the most likely lease term was ten years and used the lease revenue and operating and maintenance expenses through June 30, 2023 in this transaction. The deferred inflows of resources are also being amortized over the same ten-year period and the net difference in the principal portion of the cash received for lease payments and cash paid for operating and maintenance expenses is trued-up through the deferred inflows of resources each year and amortized over the remaining portion of the ten-year period. Unamortized deferred inflows of resources under the agreement at June 30, 2019 were \$757,406. SSA must return the facilities to the Port at the end of the agreement, so the Port will not depreciate the facilities under the lease and will record any capital additions made by SSA during the lease term according to *GASB Statement No. 60*.

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 20, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

<u>Tax Bond Issuance</u>: In September 2019, the City issued Special Tax Bonds, Series 2019 to finance the costs of certain capital improvements to serve the property within the City's Community Facilities District No. 29 (Port Towne Infrastructure). The bonds totaled \$3,645,000, bear an interest rate of 4% to 5% and mature through September 1, 2049.

New Sales Tax Measure: Measure N was a ballot measure proposed by the West Sacramento City Council and approved by West Sacramento voters in November 2018 with an effective date of April 1, 2019. The measure added a permanent one-quarter cent sales tax for general purposes. Measure N is a general tax, the proceeds from which can be used for any lawful purpose. The Measure N ballot language outlines three use categories for Measure N funds: Public Safety with fixed 50% of the annual tax revenues, Inclusive Economic Development with 30% of revenues, and Community Improvements for the remaining 20% of revenues. The City's General Fund should remain the primary source of funding for Public Safety with Measure N revenues used in a supplementary capacity. The Inclusive Economic Development and Community Improvements allocations may vary year-to-year based on leveraging opportunities and other factors, but the average of 30% of the tax revenue for Inclusive Economic Development and 20% for the Community Improvements is intended over the life of the revenues. Other provisions of the tax measure may be found in the Council approved Measure N policy located on the City's website.

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

Reclamation District Proposal Adoption: Working though the Yolo Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCo), in fiscal year 2017/18, the City submitted a proposal that would modify the governing structure of two of the reclamation districts within the City limits, Reclamation District (RD) 537 and RD 900. The proposal would designate the West Sacramento City Council as the governing body for both districts while other RD functions would remain the same. The LAFCo Resolution was adopted at the November 14, 2019 meeting for the reorganization and to establish RD 900 as a subsidiary district of the City; detach the City portion of RD 537 and its Sphere of Influence (SOI); Annex RD 537's detached territory, RD 537's SOI, and the balance of RD 900's SOI within the West Sacramento Basin Levee System into RD 900.

NOTE 18 - NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following pronouncement has been implemented this fiscal year.

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in the notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. The Statement requires additional essential information related to debt to be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Statement also requires that disclosure of existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The adoption of Statement No. 88 did not affect the City's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this statement is to (1) enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The Statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of the construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The adoption of Statement No. 89 did not result in a prior period adjustment. Effective July 1, 2018, interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities was recorded as an expense.

The following newly emerged pronouncements have been considered but had no effect on the City for the current fiscal year:

GASB Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations". The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2019.

(Continued)

NOTE 18 - NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

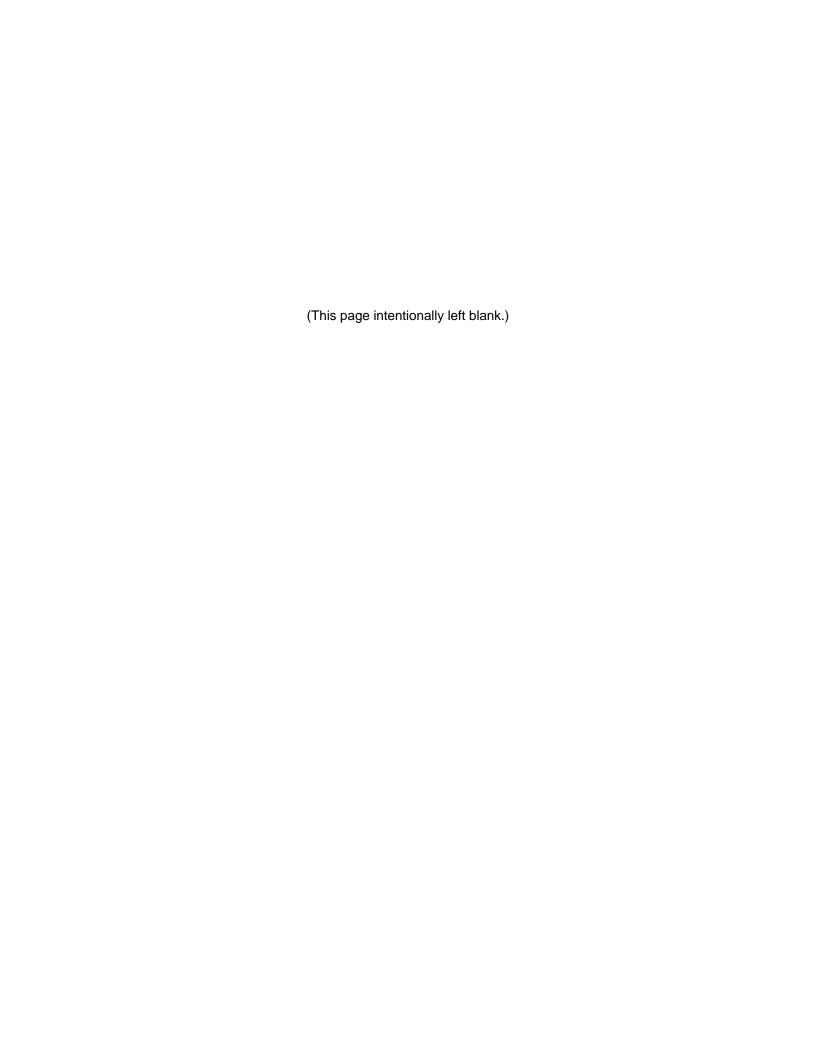
GASB has issued the following statements which may impact the City's financial reporting requirements in the future:

GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities". The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2019.

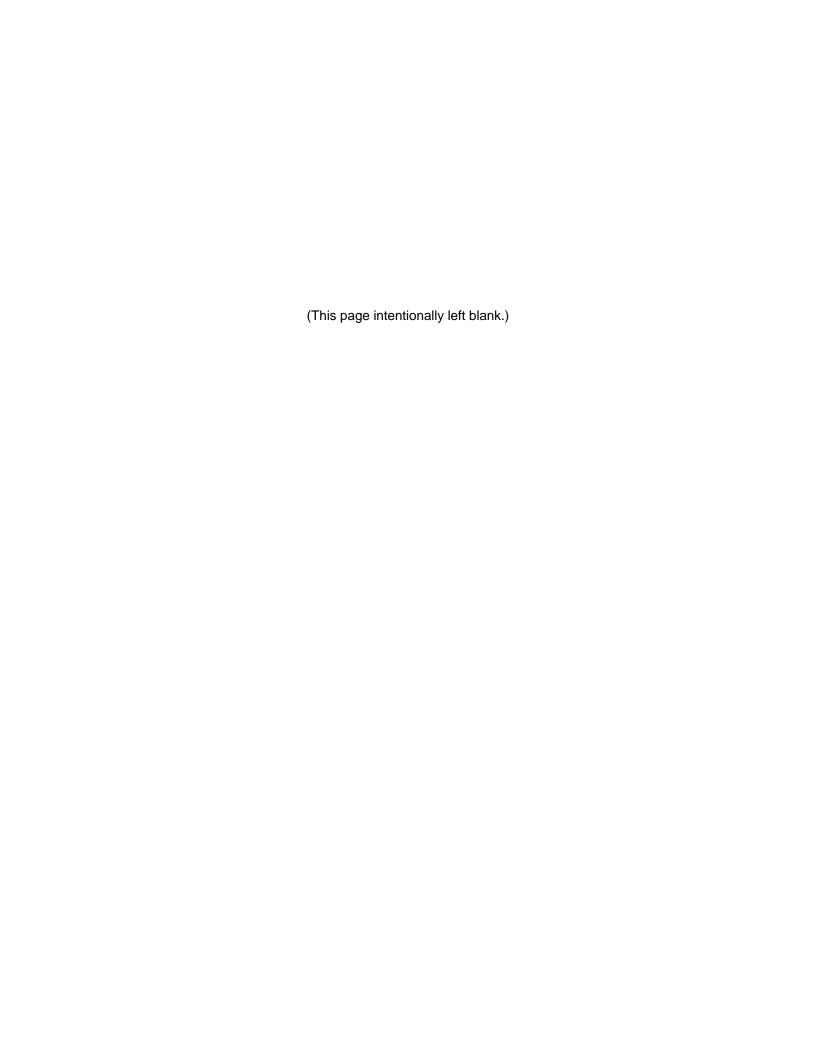
GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases". The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61". The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations". The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2021.







CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - MISCELLANEOUS PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS

June 30, 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Total pension liability					
Service cost Interest on total pension	\$ 2,904,042	\$ 2,954,295	\$ 2,674,614	\$ 2,556,177	\$ 2,590,467
liability	8,792,399	8,452,381	8,066,337	7,653,951	7,272,888
Changes in benefits Differences between expected and actual	(050.040)	(700 570)	(705.747)	- (4.440.050)	-
experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of	(856,846) (840,317)	(792,573) 7,203,552	(795,717) -	(1,118,053) (1,969,754)	-
employee contributions Net change in total	(5,187,400)	(4,670,394)	(4,367,508)	(3,798,428)	(3,558,794)
pension liability Total pension liability -	4,811,878	13,147,261	5,577,726	3,323,893	6,304,561
beginning	125,809,456	112,662,195	107,084,469	103,760,576	97,456,015
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 130,621,334	\$ 125,809,456	\$ 112,662,195	\$ 107,084,469	\$ 103,760,576
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 3,390,005	\$ 3,219,379	\$ 3,052,035	\$ 2,795,566	\$ 2,491,490
Contributions - employee	1,266,743	1,279,199	1,261,639	1,228,203	1,284,689
Net investment income	7,393,264	8,804,045	415,371	1,744,308	11,269,598
Benefit payments	(5,187,400)	(4,670,394)	(4,367,508)	(87,310)	-
Administrative expenses and other	(391,104)	(115,683)	(47,561)	(3,798,428)	(3,558,794)
Net change in fiduciary net income	6,471,508	8,516,546	313,976	1,882,339	11,486,983
Plan fiduciary net position -					
beginning Plan fiduciary net position -	86,869,861	78,353,315	78,039,339	76,157,000	64,670,017
ending (b)	\$ 93,341,369	\$ 86,869,861	\$ 78,353,315	\$ 78,039,339	\$ 76,157,000
Net pension liability -					
ending (a) - (b)	\$ 37,279,965	\$ 38,939,595	\$ 34,308,880	\$ 29,045,130	\$ 27,603,576
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total					
pension liability	71.46%	69.05%	69.55%	72.88%	73.40%
Covered payroll, measure- ment period	17,285,967	\$ 17,332,326	\$ 16,668,162	\$ 15,645,379	\$ 15,564,905
Net pension liability as a					
percentage of covered payroll	215.67%	224.66%	205.83%	185.65%	177.34%
Notes to schedule Valuation date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Measurement date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Benefit changes: There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in assumptions: The discount rate was changed to 7.15% from 7.65% in the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Omitted years: GASB Statement No.68 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date. This schedule is intended to present ten years of information and additional years wil be added prospectively as they become available.

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PENSION PLAN MISCELLANEOUS PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS

June 30, 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Actuarially determined contribution, employer's fiscal year Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 3,808,875	\$ 3,389,260	\$ 3,219,379	\$ 3,249,114 (3,249,114	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>
Covered payroll, employer's fiscal year	\$ 17,285,967	\$ 17,161,678	\$ 16,772,692	\$ 16,668,162	\$ 15,645,379
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	22.03%	18.76%	19.19%	19.49%	18.42%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation date Measurement date	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018	June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017	,	June 30, 2014 June 30, 2015	June 30, 2013 June 30, 2014
Benefit changes: Changes in assumptions:	In 2018, de	e no changes in emographic ass e to the CalF	umptions and i		

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost method Level percentage of payroll

Remaining amortization period Varies by plan, not more than 30 years.

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies depending on entry age and service

Investment rate of return 7.15%, net of administrative expenses; includes inflation. Retirement age Probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period 1997 to 2011.

Actuarial Assumptions December 2017.

Mortality Based on 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997 to

2011.

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date. This schedule is intended to present ten years of information and additional years will be added prospectively as it becomes available.

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC SAFETY PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS June 30, 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.71455%	0.69155%	0.69312%	0.67312%	0.63392%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 41,926,786	\$ 41,321,437	\$ 35,897,922	\$ 27,735,405	\$ 23,778,013
Covered payroll, measurement period	\$ 12,694,293	\$ 12,460,506	\$ 12,302,810	\$ 11,735,360	\$ 12,111,651
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	330.28%	331.62%	291.79%	236.34%	196.32%
Plan fiduciary net position	\$110,906,950	\$101,583,139	\$103,406,766	\$103,812,721	\$104,189,162
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.15%	71.77%	74.23%	78.92%	81.42%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation date Measurement date	June 30, 2017 June 30,2018	June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017	June 30, 2015 June 30, 2016	June 30, 2014 June 30, 2015	June 30, 2013 June 30, 2014

Benefit changes: There were no changes to benefit terms.

<u>Changes in assumptions</u>: The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% from 2.75% in the June 30, 2018 valuation. The discount rate was changed to 7.15% from 7.65% in the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date. This schedule is intended to present ten years of information and additional years will be added prospectively as they become available.

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PENSION PLAN PUBLIC SAFETY PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS

June 30, 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution, employer's fiscal year Contributions in relation to the actuarially	s \$ 4,303,927	\$ 3,789,158	\$ 3,413,718	\$ 3,132,597	\$ 2,945,130
determined contributions	(4,303,927)	(3,789,158)	(3,413,718)	(3,132,597)	(2,945,130)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Covered – employee payroll, employer's fiscal year	\$ 12,891,988	\$ 12,694,293	\$ 12,746,347	\$ 12,302,810	\$ 11,735,360
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee pay	roll 33.38%	29.85%	26.78%	25.46%	25.10%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation date Measurement date	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018	June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017	June 30, 2015 June 30, 2016		June 30, 2013 June 30, 2014

Benefit changes: There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost method Level percentage of payroll

Remaining amortization period Varies by plan, not more than 30 years.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies depending on entry age and service

Investment rate of return 7.15%, net of administrative expenses; includes inflation.

Retirement age Probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience

Study for the period 1997 to 2007.

Mortality Based on 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997 to 20

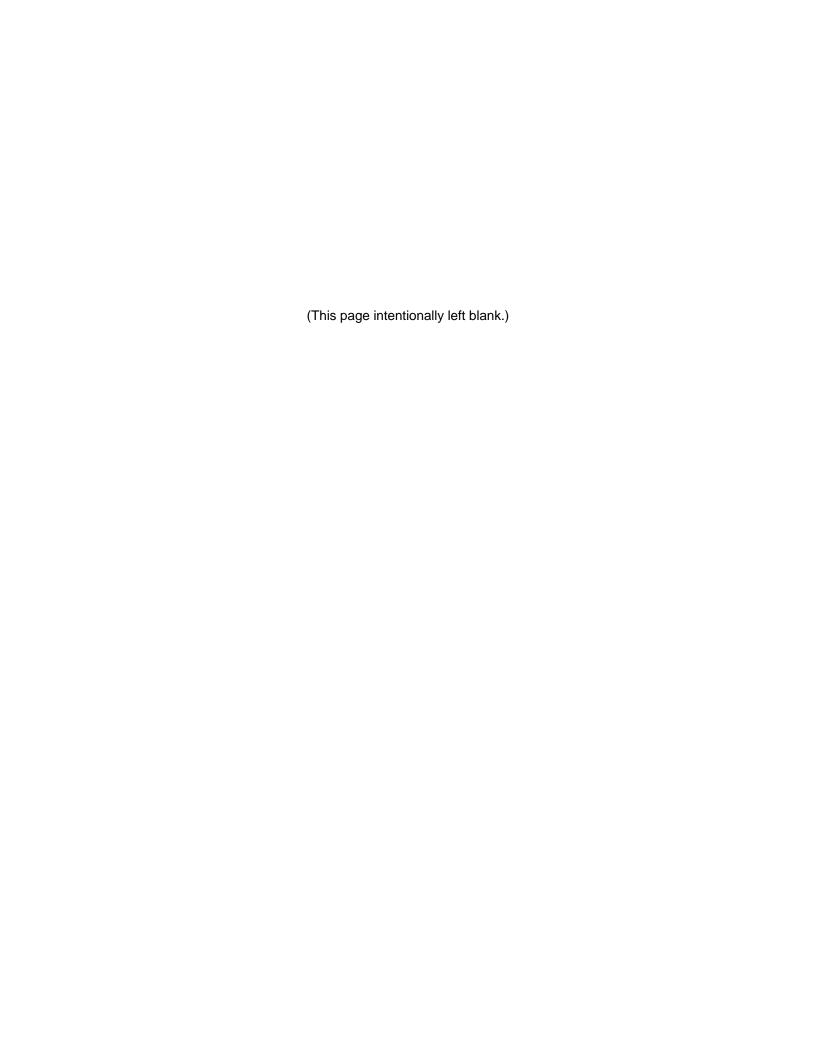
2007.

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date. This schedule is intended to present ten years of information and additional years will be added prospectively as it becomes available.

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY (UNAUDITED) June 30, 2019

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB liability Service costs Interest Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	\$	1,163,030 2,442,530 3,425,905 (1,587,653) (1,535,458)	\$ 1,130,527 2,186,281 - (1,404,450)
Net change in total OPEB liability		3,908,354	1,912,358
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	_	31,503,047	 29,590,689
Total OPEB liability, end of year (a)	\$	35,411,401	\$ 31,503,047
Plan fiduciary net position Net investment income Contributions - employer Benefit payments Administrative expense	\$	1,412,245 2,311,728 (1,535,458) (9,234)	\$ 1,623,962 2,151,000 (1,404,450) (7,905)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,179,281	2,362,607
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		17,744,942	 15,382,335
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year (a)	\$	19,924,223	\$ 17,744,942
Net OPEB liability, end of year	\$	15,487,178	\$ 13,758,105
Covered - employee payroll	\$	30,400,390	\$ 26,329,910
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		65.53%	67.39%
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		50.94%	52.25%

⁽a) This is a 10 year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retrospectively. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the yearend that occurred one year prior. All years prior to 2018 are not available.





NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The non-major special revenue funds of the City are outlined as follows:

Landscaping and Street Lighting Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of fees levied on property owners of the City which are specifically restricted to landscaping, street lighting and maintenance.

Hazardous Materials Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of fees collected specifically for the inspection and enforcement of hazardous materials storage.

Transit Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of Transportation Development Act funds, which are restricted for public transit services or streets and roads projects.

Technology Impact Fee Fund - To account for revenues and the associated expenditures of technology impact fees specifically restricted for acquisition and improvement of technology for the City.

Storm Water Maintenance District Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of fees levied on property owners of the City, which are specifically restricted to the maintenance of pumps to control storm water runoff.

Cable Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of franchise fees, received from cable television franchises, which are specifically restricted to activities for educational and governmental use.

Special Purpose Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of various minor programs specifically restricted for community programs, traffic regulation, and disaster reimbursements.

Public Safety Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of various minor grants specifically restricted for public safety.

Public Art Fund - to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the public art projects in the City.

Road Fund - to account for revenues and expenditures of appropriated gas tax, which are specifically restricted for the construction and maintenance of streets.

Community Development Performance Bond Support Services Special Revenue Fund - to account for refundable community development performance bonds received from developers.

Improvements Fund:

General Equipment Improvements Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of funds restricted to acquiring equipment.

Tree Mitigation Improvements Fund - to account for revenues and associated expenditures of tree mitigation fees restricted to replace trees destroyed by development activities.

Public Works Support Services Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures for the activities of the Public Works Administration and Equipment Maintenance.

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Public Works Engineering Support Services Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures for the activities of the Public Works Engineering division.

Community Development Support Services Fund - to account for the revenues and the associated expenditures of the Department of Community Development, consisting of planning, engineering, and building inspection.

Planning Division Fund - to account for the revenues and the associated expenditures of the Department of Community Development planning activities including zoning, parcel map and project review.

Flood Program Support Fund - to account for the revenues and the associated expenditures of flood administration and management activities.

Economic Development Fund - The Economic Development Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with recruitment to the city of targeted industries and the retention and expansion of West Sacramento businesses.

RD811 Maintenance Fund - to account for the revenues and the associated expenditures of maintenance programs within Reclamation District 811.

Parking Improvement Fund - to account for the revenues and the associated expenditures of parking improvements within the City.

Bridge District IFD Fund - to account for the revenues and the associated expenditures of the Infrastructure Financing District established to fund improvements in the Bridge District.

Enhanced IFD Fund - to account for the revenues and the associated expenditures of the Infrastructure Financing District established to fund a portion of the cost of developing public facilities that will support new investment and redevelopment throughout the City.

NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. The non-major debt service funds of the City are outlined as follows:

2011 Lease Revenue Bond Fund - to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of revenue bond principal and interest for an administrative facility.

2012 Pension Obligation Bonds Fund - to account for the refunding of the CALPERs side fund obligation related to the Police Safety plan and Fire Safety Plan. Annual debt service for the bond will be paid from this fund.

2012 Refunding Lease Revenue Refund Bonds Fund - to account for the refinancing of the 1997 City Hall Lease Revenue Bond and lower the annual debt service payment. Annual debt service for this obligation will be paid from this fund.

General Equipment Lease Fund - to account for expenditures related to the streetlight improvement project changing the current streetlights with high energy efficient LED lights. This project is funded from the loan proceeds received from PNC Financial Capital. The Accela lease was also added to this fund to account for expenditures related to the online permit system, Accela, from the loan proceeds received from U.S Bank Trust.

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (Continued)

The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The non-major capital projects funds of the City are as follows:

Traffic Improvement Fund - to account for the construction of traffic improvements.

Park Improvement Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of the park impact fees specifically restricted for park acquisitions, construction and improvements.

Underground Improvements Fund - to account acquisition and construction of underground improvements.

General Facilities Improvements Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of funds specifically restricted to finance building and improvements associated with general municipal services.

Police Facility Impact Fees Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of the police impact fees specifically restricted acquisition and construction of police facilities.

Fire Facility Impact Fees Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of the fire impact fees specifically restricted acquisition and construction of fire facilities.

Childcare Impact Fees Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of the childcare impact fees specifically restricted acquisition and construction of childcare facilities.

City Hall Impact Fees Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of the City Hall impact fees specifically restricted acquisition and construction of City Hall.

Drainage Impact Fees Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of the storm drain impact fees specifically restricted for drain enhancement and maintenance projects.

Corporate Yard Impact Fees Fund - to account for revenues and the associated expenditures of the corporate yard impact fees specifically restricted acquisition and construction of the corporate yard.

City Capital Projects Fund – to account for future general capital projects of the City in one consolidated capital projects fund.

Senior Center Construction Fund - to account for the acquisition and construction of a senior center.

Triangle/Bridge District Project Capital Projects Fund - to account for the construction of the infrastructure in the Bridge District.

Southport Mello-Roos Fund - to account for the acquisition and construction of improvements within the Southport Mello-Roos District from developer impact fees.

Flood Protection In Lieu Fund -to account for revenues and associated expenditures of flood protection fees restricted to finance the maintenance and construction of levee and storm drain in the City.

Bridge District Fund - to account for revenues and expenditures related to the infrastructure improvements in the Bridge District area of the City. The City received \$23.0 million in Proposition 1C grant and formed a Community Facilities District No. 27 to fund the backbone infrastructure improvements.

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (Continued)

Community Investment (Measure G) Capital Fund - to account for revenues from the former Redevelopment Agency that are committed for infrastructure improvements and economic development activities within the City under Measure G.

Community Facilities Districts Capital Fund - to account for acquisition and construction activity of various community facilities districts of the City.

		Special Rev	venue Funds		
	Landscaping and Street Lighting <u>Fund</u>	Hazardous Materials <u>Fund</u>	Transit <u>Fund</u>	Technology Impact Fee <u>Fund</u>	Storm Water Maintenance District <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 6,280,901	\$ 7,670	\$ 62,058	\$ 261,185	\$ 5,952
Receivables:	Ψ 0,200,301	Ψ 7,070	Ψ 02,000	Ψ 201,100	Ψ 0,002
Accounts receivable and other assets	39	(57)	-	-	-
Interest receivable Notes receivable, net	-	-	-	-	-
Grants receivable	-	_	-	-	_
Prepaid expenditures	-	-	-	-	110
Prepaid lease	- 170 274	-	- - 220 202	-	- 604
Due from other governments Advances to other funds	172,374 -	394 -	5,229,292	-	60 4 -
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments with fiscal agents					
Total assets	\$ 6,453,314	\$ 8,007	\$ 5,291,350	\$ 261,185	\$ 6,666
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND AND FUND BALANCES					
Accounts payable	\$ 513,461	\$ 1,480	\$ 2,058	\$ -	\$ 3,281
Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments	1,230	6,527	-	-	3,385
Refundable deposits	-	_	-	-	_
Unearned revenue	-	-	60,000	-	-
Advances from other funds					
Total liabilities	514,691	8,007	62,058		6,666
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues			5,229,292		
Total deferred inflows					
of resources			5,229,292		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Fund balances:					4.4.0
Nonspendable Restricted	5,938,623	-	-	- 261,185	110
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned					(110)
Total Fund					
Balances (deficits)	5,938,623			261,185	
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources and fund balances	\$ 6,453,314	\$ 8,007	\$ 5,291,350	<u>\$ 261,185</u>	\$ 6,666

Cable <u>Fund</u>	Special Purpose <u>Fund</u>	Public Safety <u>Fund</u>	Public Art <u>Fund</u>	Road <u>Fund</u>	Community Development Performance Bond Support <u>Fund</u>	General Equipment Improvements <u>Fund</u>
\$ 396,231	\$1,056,712	\$ 712,867	\$ 73,955	\$ 669,887	\$ 2,942,710	\$ 7,983,741
80,298	-	-	-	697	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	183,461 -	69,329 -	-	893	-	1,754,009
-	- 210,304	- 122,210	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	18,902					50,523
\$ 476,529	\$1,469,379	\$ 904,406	\$ 73,955	\$ 671,477	\$ 2,942,710	\$ 9,788,273
\$ 1,500 - - -	\$ 57,828 17,525 18,344 - 96,277	\$ 1,057 22,758 -	\$ - - -	\$ 11,385 4,762 938	62,833 - - 2,879,877	\$ 268,790 - - -
1,500	189,974	23,815	<u> </u>	17,085	2,942,710	268,790
	-	51,999	-	-	-	
-	<u> </u>	51,999		-	<u> </u>	
- 475,029 -	- - 1,279,405 -	- - 828,592	73,955 - -	893 573,011 - 80,488	- - - -	1,754,009 - 7,765,474
475,029	1,279,405	828,592	73,955	654,392		9,519,483
<u>\$ 476,529</u>	<u>\$1,469,379</u>	\$ 904,406	<u>\$ 73,955</u>	<u>\$ 671,477</u>	\$ 2,942,710	\$ 9,788,273

			;	Special Rev	enue/	Funds	
						olic Works	Community
		Tree	Pub	lic Works	Er	ngineering	Development
	М	itigation	5	Support		Support	Support
		rovements		Services		Services	Services
	pi	Fund		Fund	•	Fund	Fund
		<u>i unu</u>		<u>r unu</u>		<u>r unu</u>	<u>r unu</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	90,591	\$	28,394	\$	446,309	\$ 2,223,244
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable and other assets		-		20		132,207	61,118
Interest receivable		-		-		-	-
Notes receivable, net		-		-		-	-
Grants receivable		-		-		-	-
Prepaid expenditures		-		268		384	887
Prepaid lease		-		-		-	-
Due from other governments		-		-		-	79
Advances to other funds		-		-		-	-
Restricted assets:							
Cash and investments with fiscal agents				<u>-</u>			
Total access	¢	90,591	æ	20 602	æ	E79 000	¢ 2.205.220
Total assets	\$	90,591	\$	28,682	\$	578,900	\$ 2,285,328
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND AND FUND BALANCES Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	5,799	\$	39,035	\$ 64,038
Salaries and benefits payable	•	_	•	22,809	,	54,136	29,029
Due to other governments		_		,		-	14,481
Refundable deposits		-		_		_	1,175
Unearned revenue		-		_		485,729	137,716
Advances from other funds		-		-		-	-
						_	
Total liabilities				28,608		578,900	246,439
DEFENDED INFLOWS OF DESCRIPTION							
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_	_
Unavailable revenues							
Total deferred inflows							
of resources		<u> </u>					
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)							
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		_		268		384	887
Restricted		90,591		-		-	2,038,002
Committed		· -		-		-	-
Unassigned		-		(194)		(384)	-
Total Fund							
Balances (deficits)		90,591		74		-	2,038,889
_ s.s. (ss. (ss. (ss. (ss. (ss. (ss. (ss		,					
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	\$	90,591	\$	28,682	\$	578,900	\$ 2,285,328

Planning Division <u>Fund</u>	P S	Flood rogram Support <u>Fund</u>	Deve	onomic elopment Fund	Mai	RD811 intenance <u>Fund</u>		Parking provement <u>Fund</u>	Di	Bridge strict IFD <u>Fund</u>	Ent	nanced IFD <u>Fund</u>		Total Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>
\$ 61,750	\$	16,119	\$	8,586	\$	591,518	\$	778,657	\$	496,438	\$	910,283	\$	26,105,758
-		-		-		_		2,765		-		-		277,087
-		-				-		-		-		-		-
-		-		_		-		-		-		-		- 252,790
64		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,756,615
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
64,382		-		-		-		3,187		-		-		5,802,826
 					_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	_					69,425
\$ 126,196	\$	16,119	\$	8,586	\$	591,518	\$	784,609	\$	496,438	\$	910,283	\$	34,264,501
\$ 10,886 9,268	\$	175 15,899	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	10,520 2,695	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	1,054,126 190,023
-		-		-		-		1,141		-		-		34,904 2,881,052
106,042		-		-		-		-		-		-		885,764
 <u>-</u>					_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_		_	<u> </u>
 126,196		16,074						14,356						5,045,869
						-		<u>-</u>	_			<u> </u>		5,281,291
 <u> </u>	_						_	<u> </u>	_		_	<u>-</u>		5,281,291
64		_		_		_		_		_		_		1,756,615
-		45		8,586		591,518		770,253		496,438		910,283		12,227,519
- (0.4)		-		-		-		-		-		-		9,873,471
 (64)	_				_		_	-	_		_		_	79,736
 <u>-</u>		45		8,586		<u>591,518</u>	_	770,253		496,438		910,283		23,937,341
\$ 126,196	\$	16,119	\$	8,586	\$	591,518	\$	784,609	\$	496,438	\$	910,283	\$	34,264,501

		Debt Se	rvice Funds		
	2011	2012	2012		
	Lease	Pension	Refunding	General	Total
	Revenue	Obligation	Lease Revenue	Equipment	Debt
	Bond	Bonds	Bonds	Lease	Service
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 4,504,256	\$ 29,548	\$ 981,874	\$ 249,830	\$ 5,765,508
Receivables:					
Accounts receivable and other assets	-	-	-	-	-
Interest receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Notes receivable, net Grants receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenditures	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid lease	-	_	_	_	-
Due from other governments	-	_	_	_	-
Advances to other funds		-	-	_	-
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	403,483	-	_	403,483
Ç					<u> </u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,504,256</u>	\$ 433,031	<u>\$ 981,874</u>	\$ 249,830	<u>\$ 6,168,991</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES AND AND FUND BALANCES					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Salaries and benefits payable	-	402,597	-	-	402,597
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-		-		
Total liabilities		402,597			402,597
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues			<u>-</u>		
Total deferred inflows					
of resources				-	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	
Restricted	4,504,256	30,434	981,874	249,830	5,766,394
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned					
Total Fund	4 504 050	00.404	004.074	040.000	F 700 004
Balances (deficits)	4,504,256	30,434	981,874	249,830	5,766,394
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows	# 4 504 050	£ 400.004	Ф 004 0 7 4	¢ 240.020	f 6 100 004
of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 4,504,256</u>	\$ 433,031	<u>\$ 981,874</u>	\$ 249,830	\$ 6,168,991

Capital Projects Funds Under-General Police Fire Facilities City Hall Traffic Park ground Facility Facility Childcare Improvement Improvement Improvements Improvements Impact Fees Impact Fees Impact Fees Impact Fees **Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund** Fund **Fund Fund** \$ 4,797,208 \$ 1,849,597 \$ 63,279 7,050,487 790,370 \$ 770 364,854 428,251 14,079 694,810 155,099 8,680,560 \$ 5,506,097 \$ 2,004,696 63,279 \$ 15,731,047 790,370 770 364,854 428,251 72,182 161,208 83,328 4,460,000 72,182 161,208 83,328 4,460,000 14,079 42,599 14,079 42,599 8,680,560 5,330,810 1,878,769 63,279 6,978,305 790,370 364,854 428,251 (4,459,230)1,878,769 63,279 790,370 364,854 5,330,810 15,658,865 (4,459,230)428,251 \$ 2,004,696 \$ 15,731,047 790,370 428,251 \$ 5,506,097 63,279 770 364,854

	Capital Projects Funds										
		Drainage Impact Fees <u>Fund</u>	lı	Corporate Yard mpact Fees <u>Fund</u>		City Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	C	Senior Center Construction <u>Fund</u>			
ASSETS		_,_									
Cash and investments	\$	713,326	\$	8,530,447	\$	1,137,538	\$	285,562			
Receivables: Accounts receivable and other assets											
Interest receivable		-		-		-		-			
Notes receivable, net		-		-		-		-			
Grants receivable		_		_		_		_			
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-		_			
Prepaid lease		-		-		-		_			
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-			
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-			
Restricted assets:											
Cash and investments with fiscal agents				-							
Total assets	\$	713,326	\$	8,530,447	\$	1,137,538	\$	285,562			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS											
OF RESOURCES AND											
AND FUND BALANCES											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,769	\$	_			
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		-			
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-			
Refundable deposits		-		-		-		-			
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-			
Advances from other funds		-		5,432,792		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Total liabilities				5,432,792		1,769		<u> </u>			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenues		-		-		-		-			
Total deferred inflows		_		_		_					
of resources						<u> </u>					
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)											
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-			
Restricted											
Committed		713,326		3,097,655		1,135,769		285,562			
Unassigned											
Total Fund											
Balances (deficits)		713,326		3,097,655		1,135,769		285,562			
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows											
of resources and fund balances	\$	713,326	\$	8,530,447	\$	1,137,538	\$	285,562			

angle/Bridge strict Project <u>Fund</u>	Southport Mello- Roos <u>Fund</u>	Flood Protection In Lieu <u>Funds</u>	Bridge District <u>Fund</u>	Community Investment (Measure G) Capital <u>Fund</u>	Community Facillities Districts Capital Fund	Total Capital Projects <u>Funds</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
\$ 1,740,035	\$ 347,059	\$ 3,039,114	\$ 227,461	\$ 4,585,962	\$ 2,365,551	\$ 38,316,871	\$ 70,188,137
-	-	-	-	-	-	14,079	291,166
-	-	-	-	7,177	-	7,177	7,177
-	-	-	-	36,417	-	36,417	36,417
12,081	-	-	-	424,288		1,286,278	1,539,068
2 600 000	-	-	-	-	9,722	9,722 2,600,000	1,766,33° 2,600,000
2,600,000	_	-	-	17,026	-	2,600,000 17,026	5,819,852
-	_	-	_	17,020	-	8,680,560	8,680,560
					12,699,460		
<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	12,699,460	12,699,460	13,172,368
\$ 4,352,116	\$ 347,059	\$ 3,039,114	\$ 227,461	\$ 5,070,870	\$ 15,074,733	\$ 63,667,590	\$ 104,101,082
\$ 73,353 -	\$ -	\$ 14 -	\$ -	\$ 945,433	\$ - -	\$ 1,337,287	\$ 2,391,41 592,62
-	-	-	-	34,863	-	34,863	69,76
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,881,05
<u> </u>						9,892,792	885,76 9,892,79
73,353		14		980,296	_	11,264,942	16,713,40
_	_	_	_	44,912	_	101,590	5,382,88
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,012		101,000	0,002,00
-		-		44,912		101,590	5,382,88
2,600,000	-	-	-	36,417	9,722	11,326,699	13,083,314
2,000,000	_	-	-	-	15,065,011	15,065,011	33,058,92
1,678,763	347,059	3,039,100	227,461	4,009,245	-	30,368,578	40,242,04
-						(4,459,230)	(4,379,49
 4,278,763	347,059	3,039,100	227,461	4,045,662	15,074,733	52,301,058	82,004,79
\$ 4,352,116	\$ 347,059	\$ 3,039,114	\$ 227,461	\$ 5,070,870	\$ 15,074,733	\$ 63,667,590	\$ 104,101,08

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year ended June 30, 2019

	-	Special Revenue Funds								
	Landscaping and Street Lighting <u>Fund</u>		Mate	Hazardous Materials <u>Fund</u>		Transit <u>Fund</u>		Technology Impact Fee <u>Fund</u>		
REVENUES										
Special benefit assessment for	c	2 570 202	¢		¢.		ď			
operations Contributions from developers and	\$	3,579,383	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
homeowners		62,000		_		_		_		
Franchise fees		02,000		_		_		_		
Fees, licenses and permits			2	31,133						
Fines and forfeitures		_	2	.51,155		_		_		
Use of money and property		197,040		3,052		-		6,970		
Intergovernmental		197,040		3,032	2 77	- 1,994		0,970		
Charges for services		13,850	2	209,314	2,11	1,994		107,237		
Other revenues		13,844		19,440		_		107,237		
					0.77	74 004		444.007		
Total revenues		3,866,117	4	62,939	2,77	'1,994		114,207		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		15,028		-		-		-		
Public works		3,654		-	2,09	8,653		26,000		
Public safety		-	4	27,747		-		-		
Community development		-		-		-		-		
Landscaping and street lighting		4,281,519		-		-		-		
Culture and recreation		670		-		-		-		
Housing rehabilitation		-		-		-		-		
Capital outlay		6,037		-		-		-		
Debt service:										
Principal payments		-		-		-		-		
Interest and fiscal charges								-		
Total expenditures		4,306,908	4	27,747	2,09	98,65 <u>3</u>		26,000		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures		(440,791)		35,192	67	73,341		88,207		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES USES										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		
Issuance of capital leases and loans		-		-		-		-		
Transfers in		567,115		-		-		-		
Transfers (out)		(548,677)	(1	49,046)	(68	31,161)		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		18,438	(1	<u>49,046</u>)	(68	31,161)		-		
Net change in fund balances		(422,353)	(1	13,854)		(7,820)		88,207		
Beginning fund balances (deficits)		6,360,976	1	13,854		7,820		172,978		
Ending fund balances (deficits)	\$	5,938,623	\$	-	\$	-	\$	261,185		

Mai [rm Water ntenance District Fund	Cable <u>Fund</u>	Special Purpose <u>Fund</u>	Public Safety <u>Fund</u>	Public Art <u>Fund</u>	Road <u>Fund</u>	Community Development Performance Bond Support Fund	General Equipment Improvements <u>Fund</u>
\$	11,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	190,320	-	443,225	-	10,481	260,000	-	500
	-	316,186	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	202	4,953	46,299	- 16,655	2,096	10,905	-	216,686
	-	4,933	414,932	422,009	2,090	2,040,644	-	210,000
	-	-	525,723	10,039	-	37,849	-	-
	13,355		719,939	250,950		54,040		240,000
	215,811	321,139	2,150,118	699,653	12,577	2,403,438		457,186
	-	44,216	-	-	-	180	-	-
	389,517	-	876	-	-	936,271	-	-
	-	-	-	808,177	-	10,000	-	39,468
	22	-	1,923,032	11,956	-	-	-	-
	_	-	2,092	-	-	-	-	7,286
	-	-	65,043	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	19,500	-	597,474	-	461,506
	<u>-</u>							
	389,539	44,216	1,991,043	839,633		1,543,925		508,260
	(173,728)	276,923	159,075	(139,980)	12,577	859,513		(51,074)
	_	_	_	_	_	2,340	_	10,695
	_	-	-	-	-	2,540	-	1,800,000
	342,176	-	1,007,385	248,166	-	1,000,923	-	619,875
	(168,448)	(375,000)	(1,177,615)	<u> </u>		(1,769,730)		(90,092)
_	173,728	(375,000)	(170,230)	248,166		(766,467)		2,340,478
	-	(98,077)	(11,155)	108,186	12,577	93,046	-	2,289,404
	<u>-</u>	573,106	1,290,560	720,406	61,378	561,346		7,230,079
\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 475,029	\$ 1,279,405	\$ 828,592	\$ 73,955	\$ 654,392	\$ -	\$ 9,519,483

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year ended June 30, 2019

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
	Tree Mitigation Improvements Fund	Public Works Support Services Fund	Public Works Engineering Support Services Fund	Community Development Support Services Fund
REVENUES Special benefit assessment for				
operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
homeowners	-	-	52,331	52,331
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	26,520	-	28,493	1,359,856
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	2,199	13,171	10,722	44,085
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	3,971,571	2,569,129
Other revenues	375	4,331	21,870	7,288
Total revenues	29,094	17,502	4,084,987	4,032,689
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	-	-	286,093	209
Public works	12,590	1,458,199	3,559,439	33,243
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	2,135	2,292,229
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing rehabilitation				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	113
Debt service:				
Principal payments	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>-</u>			
Total expenditures	12,590	1,458,199	3,847,667	2,325,794
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	16,504	(1,440,697)	237,320	1,706,895
over experience				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES USES				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	9,900	-
Issuance of capital leases and loans	=	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	1,470,648	631,737	250,000
Transfers (out)	(401)	(330,192)	(808,676)	(469,724)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(401)	1,140,456	(167,039)	(219,724)
Net change in fund balances	16,103	(300,241)	70,281	1,487,171
9	• **	,	•	. ,
		200 245	(70.004)	EE1 710
Beginning fund balances (deficits)	74,488	300,315	(70,281)	551,718
Beginning fund balances (deficits)	74,488	300,315	(70,281)	551,716

Planning Division <u>Fund</u>	Flood Program Support <u>Fund</u>	Economic Development <u>Fund</u>	RD811 intenance <u>Fund</u>	Parking provement <u>Fund</u>	Di	Bridge istrict IFD <u>Fund</u>	Enł	nanced IFD <u>Fund</u>		Total Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	46,146	\$	693,482	\$	4,330,945
_	423,631	5,000	73,599	_		_		_		1,573,418
-	-	-	-	_		-		_		316,186
_	-	_	_	224,007		_		_		1,870,009
_	-	_	_	109,064		_		_		109,064
(1,084)	(5,287)	408	17,264	10,373		-		_		596,709
-	-	-	· -	-		-		-		5,649,579
3,545	854,643	-	-	1,000		-		-		8,303,900
 2,039		<u>-</u>	 	 <u>-</u>						1,347,471
 4,500	1,272,987	5,408	 90,863	 344,444		46,146		693,482	_	24,097,281
_	_	_	_	152,764		_		_		498,490
144	109,667	11,640	4,804	37,102		_		_		8,681,799
	-	- 11,010	- 1,001	-		_		_		1,285,392
281,553	906,177	_	_	606		_		_		5,417,710
-	-	_	_	-		_		_		4,281,519
_	-	_	_	-		_		_		10,048
-		_	-	86,520		-		_		151,563
-	-	-	-	-		-		-		1,084,630
-	-	-	-	-		-		-		-
 <u> </u>			 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>				<u> </u>	_	
 281,697	1,015,844	11,640	 4,804	 276,992		<u>-</u>		_	_	21,411,151
 (277,197)	257,143	(6,232)	 86,059	 67,452		46,146		693,482	_	2,686,130
_	_	_	_	_		_		_		22,935
-	-	_	-	-		-		-		1,800,000
426,772	_	_	_	349,107		_		_		6,913,904
 (149,575)	(257,098)	(263,321)	 	 (31,500)		<u>-</u>				(7,270,256)
 277,197	(257,098)	(263,321)	 <u> </u>	 317,607		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		1,466,583
-	45	(269,553)	86,059	385,059		46,146		693,482		4,152,713
 <u>-</u>		278,139	 505,459	 385,194		450,292		216,801		19,784,628
\$ 	<u>\$ 45</u>	\$ 8,586	\$ 591,518	\$ 770,253	\$	496,438	\$	910,283	\$	23,937,341

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year ended June 30, 2019

		Debt Ser	vice Funds		
	2011	2012	2012		
	Lease	Pension	Refunding	General	Total
	Revenue	Obligation Bonds	Lease Revenue	Equipment	Debt
	Bond <u>Fund</u>	Fund	Bonds Fund	Lease <u>Fund</u>	Service <u>Funds</u>
	<u>runu</u>	<u>runu</u>	<u>runu</u>	<u>r unu</u>	<u>runus</u>
REVENUES					
Special benefit assessment for					
operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and					
homeowners	-	-	-	-	-
Franchise fees Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	_	_		-	<u>-</u>
Use of money and property	39,008	5,049	30,626	8,106	82,789
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	_	_	_	_
Other revenues	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	39,008	5,049	30,626	8,106	82,789
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	_	_	_	_	_
Public works	-	_	-	_	_
Public safety	_	_	-	_	_
Community development	-	_	-	-	_
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	050.000	4 750 000	100 500	700 000	-
Principal payments	352,806	1,752,800	422,506	783,989	3,312,101
Interest and fiscal charges	180,016	123,114	168,196	142,025	613,351
Total expenditures	532,822	1,875,914	590,702	926,014	3,925,452
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(402 914)	(1.970.965)	(EGO 076)	(017 009)	(2.042.662)
over expenditures	(493,814)	(1,870,865)	(560,076)	(917,908)	(3,842,663)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES USES					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of capital leases and loans	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	4,339,651	1,874,154	590,702	997,499	7,802,006
Transfers (out)	-		_		
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,339,651	1,874,154	590,702	997,499	7,802,006
233.000 (3000)					
Net change in fund balances	3,845,837	3,289	30,626	79,591	3,959,343
Beginning fund balances (deficits)	658,419	27,145	951,248	170,239	1,807,051
5					
Ending fund balances (deficits)	\$ 4,504,256	\$ 30,434	\$ 981,874	\$ 249,830	\$ 5,766,394

Capital Projects Funds Under-General Police Fire Facility Facility Traffic Park ground **Facilities** Childcare City Hall Improvement Improvement Improvements Improvements Impact Fees Impact Fees Impact Fees Impact Fees <u>Fund</u> <u>Fund</u> <u>Fund</u> **Fund** <u>Fund</u> Fund <u>Fund</u> <u>Fund</u> \$ \$ \$ 64,514 17,750 960,883 468,771 57,844 110,051 35,114 32,248 166,170 55,307 2,017 306,113 26,688 3,382 11,092 13,158 1,174,414 118,440 47,883 2,301,467 707,032 2,017 371,746 84,532 113,433 46,206 45,406 8,343 2,057,752 204,829 (35,396)145,245 3,805 232,775 1,003,133 651,827 287,178 101,371 3,060,885 519,953 829,603 145,245 101,371 3,805 2,017 12,062 (759,418)187,079 (457,857)(60,713)42,401 45,406 4,159,092 1,894,161 202,850 1,258,319 (35,000)(7,313,658)(20,400)(90,092)1,859,161 202,850 (1,896,247)(20,400)(90,092)2,017 45,406 1,099,743 389,929 (2,354,104)(81,113)(78,030)42,401 4,231,067 61,262 871,483 1,488,840 18,012,969 (4,381,200)322,453 382,845 5,330,810 1,878,769 63,279 \$ 15,658,865 790,370 \$ (4,459,230) 364,854 428,251

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year ended June 30, 2019

		Capital Projects Funds					
	Drainage Impact Fees <u>Fund</u>	Corporate Yard Impact Fees <u>Fund</u>	City Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Senior Center Construction <u>Fund</u>			
REVENUES Special benefit assessment for	r.	•	œ.	c			
operations Contributions from developers and homeowners	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -			
Franchise fees Fees, licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	- 113,419	44,139	-	-			
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	51,215 -	179,744 -	7,812 -	9,101 -			
Charges for services Other revenues	- -	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>			
Total revenues	164,634	223,883	7,812	9,101			
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General government	-	3,935	110,395	-			
Public works	-	-	-	-			
Public safety	-	-	-	-			
Community development Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	_	_			
Culture and recreation	-	-	_	-			
Housing rehabilitation	_	-	_	_			
Capital outlay	-	3,385,000	_	_			
Debt service:							
Principal payments	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges	30,604	72,408					
Total expenditures	30,604	3,461,343	110,395	-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	404.000	(0.007.400)	(400 500)	0.404			
over expenditures	134,030	(3,237,460)	(102,583)	9,101			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES USES							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-			
Issuance of capital leases and loans	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	-	8,154,566	1,238,352	-			
Transfers (out)	_	-					
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,154,566	1,238,352	_			
Net change in fund balances	134,030	4,917,106	1,135,769	9,101			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)	579,296	(1,819,451)	_	276,461			
Ending fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ 713,326</u>	\$ 3,097,655	\$ 1,135,769	\$ 285,562			

	angle/Bridge trict Project <u>Fund</u>	Southport Mello- Roos Fund	Flood Protection In Leiu <u>Funds</u>	Bridge District <u>Fund</u>	Community Investment (Measure G) Capital Fund	Community Facillities Districts Capital Fund	Total Capital Projects <u>Funds</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,330,945
	-	-	135,426	-	45,140	-	262,830	1,836,248
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	316,186
	-	282,254	1,713,297	-	-	-	3,818,020	5,688,029
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109,064
	75,403	19,018	86,888	7,436	166,838	345,321	1,532,703	2,213,600
	226,389	-	-	-	4,385,389	-	5,952,515	11,602,094
	- - 200	-	-	-	-	-	100 700	8,303,900
	5,296	204.070	4 005 044	7 400	161,472	245 224	166,768	1,514,239
	307,088	301,272	1,935,611	7,436	4,758,839	345,321	11,732,836	35,914,305
	171,996 - - - - - - 670,660	- - - - - - -	- 1,260,722 - - - - - -	9,029 - - - - - -	1,056,309 - - - - - - 8,867,551	- - - - - - -	122,673 4,760,637 110,117 - 236,580 - 14,865,349	621,163 13,442,436 1,395,509 5,417,710 4,281,519 246,628 151,563 15,949,979 3,312,101
	_	_	_	_	-	_	204,383	817,734
_	842,656		1,260,722	9,029	9,923,860		20,299,739	45,636,342
	(535,568)	301,272	674,889	(1,593)	(5,165,021)	345,321	(8,566,903)	(9,722,037)
	-	-	- ,,,,,,,,,	-	-	-	4,159,092	4,182,027
	-	-	-	-	445.000	-	-	1,800,000
	-	-	- (50,000)	-	445,000	- (522 101)	13,193,516	27,908,027
	<u>-</u>		(50,000)		(7,500)	(523,101)	(8,039,751)	(15,310,007)
	<u>=</u>	-	(50,000)	-	437,500	(523,101)	9,312,857	18,580,047
	(535,568)	301,272	624,889	(1,593)	(4,727,521)	(177,780)	745,954	8,858,010
	4,814,331	45,787	2,414,211	229,054	8,773,183	15,252,513	51,555,104	73,146,783
\$	4,278,763	\$ 347,059	\$3,039,100	\$227,461	\$4,045,662	\$15,074,733	\$52,301,058	\$ 82,004,793

	Special Revenue Funds					
	La	andscaping and S	treet Lighting Fun	nd		
				Variance		
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ 3,133,190	\$ 3,133,190	\$ 3,579,383	\$ 446,193		
Contributions from developers and						
homeowners	-	-	62,000	62,000		
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-		
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	407.040	-		
Use of money and property	30,301	30,301	197,040	166,739		
Intergovernmental	-	-	40.050	- 40.050		
Charges for services	-	-	13,850	13,850		
Other revenues	0.400.404		13,844	13,844		
Total revenues	3,163,491	3,163,491	3,866,117	702,626		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	-	-	15,028	(15,028)		
Public works	-	-	3,654	(3,654)		
Public safety	-	-	-	-		
Community development	-	-	-			
Landscaping and street lighting	4,662,591	5,033,294	4,281,519	751,775		
Culture and recreation	-	-	670	(670)		
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	- 0.007	(0.007)		
Capital outlay	-	-	6,037	(6,037)		
Debt service:						
Principal payments	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	4 000 504	<u> </u>	4 000 000	700,000		
Total expenditures	4,662,591	5,033,294	4,306,908	726,386		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(1,499,100)	(1,869,803)	(440,791)	1,429,012		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-		
Transfers in	567,115	567,115	567,115	-		
Transfers (out)	(527,044)	(548,677)	(548,677)	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	40,071	18,438	18,438			
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ (1,459,029)</u>	<u>\$ (1,851,365</u>)	(422,353)	\$ 1,429,012		
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			6,360,976			
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 5,938,623			

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
			laterials Fund	
	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and				
homeowners	-	-	-	-
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	257,708	257,708	231,133	(26,575)
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	-	-	3,052	3,052
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	233,649	233,649	209,314	(24,335)
Other revenues	5,000	5,000	19,440	14,440
Total Revenues	496,357	496,357	462,939	(33,418)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Public safety	450,709	454,099	427,747	26,352
Community development	-	-		-
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	_	-
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	-	-	_	-
Principal payments	-	-	_	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	_	-
Total expenditures	450,709	454,099	427,747	26,352
·		<u> </u>		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	15 61 <u>9</u>	12.259	25 102	(7.066)
over expenditures	45,648	42,258	35,192	(7,066)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(86,685)	(149,046)	(149,046)	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	(86,685)	(149,046)	(149,046)	
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ (41,037)</u>	<u>\$ (106,788)</u>	(113,854)	<u>\$ (7,066)</u>
Beginning fund balances (deficits)	_	_	113,854	_
			Φ.	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			<u> </u>	

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
		Transi		
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	l Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and homeowners Franchise fees Fees, licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 2,269,755	\$ - - - - 2,269,755	\$ 2,771,994	\$ - - - - - 502,239
Other revenues	2 260 755	2 260 755	2 771 004	<u>-</u>
Total Revenues	2,269,755	2,269,755	2,771,994	502,239
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public works Public safety Community development Landscaping and street lighting Culture and recreation Housing rehabilitation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues	2,171,755 - - - - - - - 2,171,755	2,171,755 - - - - - - - 2,171,755	2,098,653 - - - - - - - - 2,098,653	73,102
over expenditures	98,000	98,000	673,341	575,341
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers (out) Total other financing sources (uses)	- - -	- (681,161) (681,161)	(681,161) (681,161)	- - - -
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 98,000	\$ (583,161)	(7,820)	\$ 575,341
Beginning fund balances (deficits)	<u></u>	<u></u>	7,820	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			<u> </u>	

	Special Revenue Funds						
		Technology	Impact Fee				
	Decadana (-	d Amagusts		Variance			
	Buagete Original	d Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Positive (Negative)			
	<u>Original</u>	<u>1 11121</u>	Actual	(i vegative)			
REVENUES	•	•	•	•			
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
homeowners	_	_	_	_			
Franchise fees	_	_	_	-			
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-			
Use of money and property	-	-	6,970	6,970			
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services Other revenues	30,000	30,000	107,237	77,237			
Other revenues Total Revenues	30,000	30,000	114,207	84,207			
Total Revenues	30,000	30,000	114,207	04,207			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	- (00,000)			
Public works Public safety	-	<u>-</u>	26,000	(26,000)			
Community development	- -	- -	- -	- -			
Landscaping and street lighting	-	_	_	-			
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-			
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-			
Debt service:	-	-	-	-			
Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>			
-	<u>-</u> _	<u></u>	26,000	(26,000)			
Total expenditures		_	20,000	(20,000)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	30,000	30,000	88,207	58,207			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	-	_	-			
Transfers in	-	-	-	-			
Transfers (out)							
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	88,207	\$ 58,207			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)	<u></u>	<u></u>	172,978				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 261,185				

rear	enaea	June	30,	2019	

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Sto	rm Water Mainte		Fund			
	Budgeted Original	d Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES							
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,934	\$ 934			
Contributions from developers and			-				
homeowners	-	-	190,320	190,320			
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-			
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-			
Use of money and property	100	100	202	102			
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services	-	-	-	<u>-</u>			
Other revenues			13,355	13,355			
Total Revenues	11,100	11,100	215,811	204,711			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	_			
Public works	401,330	401,330	389,517	11,813			
Public safety	-	-	-	-			
Community development	-	-	22	(22)			
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-			
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-			
Debt service:	-	-	-	-			
Principal payments	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges							
Total expenditures	401,330	401,330	389,539	11,791			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(390,230)	(390,230)	(173,728)	216,502			
·							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	402.000	-	-	-			
Transfers in	483,000	342,176	342,176	-			
Transfers (out)	(194,841)	(168,448)	(168,448)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	288,159	173,728	173,728				
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ (102,071)</u>	\$ (216,502)	-	\$ 216,502			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)							
Ending fund balances (deficits)			<u> -</u>				

	Special Revenue Funds			
		Cable		
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and homeowners	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -
Franchise fees	375,000	375,000	316,186	(58,814)
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	3,000	3,000	4,953	1,953
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Other revenues	<u> </u>			
Total Revenues	378,000	378,000	321,139	(56,861)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	45,000	45,000	44,216	784
Public works	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total expenditures	45,000	45,000	44,216	<u>784</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	333,000	333,000	276,923	(56,077)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(375,000)	(375,000)	(375,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(375,000)	(375,000)	(375,000)	
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ (42,000)	\$ (42,000)	(98,077)	<u>\$ (56,077)</u>
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			573,106	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 475,029	

	Special Revenue Funds			
		Special Pu		
	Budgeted		•	Variance Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
homeowners	300,000	389,375	443,225	53,850
Franchise fees	-	· <u>-</u>	-	· -
Fees, licenses and permits	-	_	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	_	-	_
Use of money and property	1,455	24,680	46,299	21,619
Intergovernmental	355,976	501,291	414,932	(86,359)
Charges for services	647,000	647,000	525,723	(121,277)
Other revenues	550,000	850,000	719,939	(130,061)
Total Revenues	1,854,431	2,412,346	2,150,118	(262,228)
Total Revenues	1,054,451	2,412,340	2,130,110	(202,220)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	_	_	-	_
Public works	_	_	876	(876)
Public safety	_	_	-	(3.3)
Community development	1,832,320	2,044,221	1,923,032	121,189
Landscaping and street lighting	1,002,020	2,011,221	1,020,002	-
Culture and recreation	_	_	2,092	(2,092)
Housing rehabilitation	_	_	65,043	(65,043)
Capital outlay	_	_	-	(00,040)
Debt service:	_	_	_	_
Principal payments	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		_	
Total expenditures	1,832,320	2,044,221	1,991,043	53,178
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	22,111	368,125	159,075	(209,050)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	_	-	-
Transfers in	982,454	1,007,385	1,007,385	_
Transfers (out)	(1,119,634)	(1,177,615)	(1,177,615)	_
			(170,230)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(137,180)	(170,230)	(170,230)	_
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ (115,069)</u>	\$ 197,895	(11,155)	<u>\$ (209,050)</u>
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			1,290,560	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 1,279,405	

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
		Public Sa	fety Fund	
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and				
homeowners	-	-	-	-
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	1,200	12,040	16,655	4,615
Intergovernmental	183,333	577,610	422,009	(155,601)
Charges for services Other revenues	12,000	10,000	10,039	(26,032)
	241,982	276,982	250,950	(26,032)
Total Revenues	438,515	876,632	699,653	(176,979)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	_	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Public safety	796,013	1,119,408	808,177	311,231
Community development	-	-	11,956	(11,956)
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	19,500	(19,500)
Debt service:	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-
Total expenditures	796,013	1,119,408	839,633	279,775
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(357,498)	(242,776)	(139,980)	102,796
over experiences	(001,100)	(212,770)	(100,000)	102,700
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	252,924	248,166	248,166	-
Transfers (out)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	252,924	248,166	248,166	
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ (104,574</u>)	\$ 5,390	108,186	\$ 102,796
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			720,406	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 828,592	

	Special Revenue Funds			
		Road	l Fund	
	D. salamant s. d.	A		Variance
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>1 111a1</u>	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and homeowners	250,000	250,000	-	10.000
Franchise fees	250,000	250,000	260,000	10,000
Fees, licenses and permits	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	<u>-</u>
Fines and forfeitures	-	_	-	-
Use of money and property	1,000	1,000	10,905	9,905
Intergovernmental	1,926,590	2,846,590	2,040,644	(805,946)
Charges for services	1,000	1,000	37,849	36,849
Other revenues	5,000	39,964	54,040	14,076
Total Revenues	2,183,590	3,138,554	2,403,438	(735,116)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	_	-	180	(180)
Public works	1,819,569	2,368,699	936,271	1,432,428
Public safety	-	-	10,000	(10,000)
Community development	-	-	-	-
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	597,474	(597,474)
Debt service: Principal payments	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_
	1,819,569	2,368,699	1,543,925	824,774
Total expenditures	1,019,309	2,300,099	1,343,923	024,774
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	364,021	769,855	859,513	89,658
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (LISES)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	2,340	2,340
Transfers in	75	1,000,924	1,000,923	2,340
Transfers (out)	(628,223)	(1,769,730)	(1,769,730)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(628,148)	(768,806)	(766,467)	2,339
Total other initiationing sources (uses)	(626, 1.16)	(100,000)	(1 00, 101)	
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ (264,127)	\$ 1,049	93,046	<u>\$ 91,997</u>
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			561,346	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 654,392	

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Ge	eneral Equipmen	t Improvements F	und
				Variance
	-	l Amounts		Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and			-	500
homeowners Franchise fees	-	-	500	500
Fees, licenses and permits	_	_	_	_
Fines and forfeitures	_	-	_	_
Use of money and property	50,000	50,000	216,686	166,686
Intergovernmental	•	•	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Other revenues			240,000	240,000
Total Revenues	50,000	50,000	457,186	407,186
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	39,468	(39,468)
Community development	-	-	-	-
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	7.000	(7,000)
Culture and recreation Housing rehabilitation	-	-	7,286	(7,286)
Capital outlay	280,340	833,175	- 461,506	371,669
Debt service:	200,040	000,170	401,000	071,000
Principal payments	_	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	280,340	833,175	508,260	324,915
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(230,340)	(783,175)	(51,074)	732,101
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	10,695	10,695
Issuance of capital leases and loans	-	-	1,800,000	1,800,000
Transfers in	487,875	619,875	619,875	-
Transfers (out)		(90,092)	(90,092)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	487,875	529,783	2,340,478	1,810,695
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 257,535	<u>\$ (253,392)</u>	2,289,404	\$ 2,542,796
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			7,230,079	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 9,519,483	

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Tı	ee Mitigation Im	provements Fu		
				Variance	
	-	d Amounts		Positive	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Contributions from developers and			-		
homeowners	-	-	-	-	
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-	
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	26,520	26,520	
Fines and forfeitures	10,000	15,000	-	(15,000)	
Use of money and property	-	-	2,199	2,199	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	
Other revenues	<u>-</u>		375	375	
Total Revenues	10,000	15,000	29,094	14,094	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	
Public works	2,500	23,159	12,590	10,569	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Community development	-	-	-	-	
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	
Debt service:	-	-	-	-	
Principal payments	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges			<u> </u>	_	
Total expenditures	2,500	23,159	12,590	10,569	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	7,500	(8,159)	16,504	24,663	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers (out)	(25,892)	(401)	(401)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,892)	(401)	(401)		
rotal other linancing sources (uses)	(23,692)	(401)	(401)		
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ (18,392)</u>	<u>\$ (8,560)</u>	16,103	\$ 24,663	
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			74,488		
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 90,591		

	Special Revenue Funds			
	F	ublic Works Supp	oort Services Fu	
	5			Variance
	_	ed Amounts	Actual	Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and			-	
homeowners	-	-	-	-
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	_	_	- 13,171	- 13,171
Intergovernmental	-	_	-	-
Charges for services	_	14,000	-	(14,000)
Other revenues	5,000	5,000	4,331	(669)
Total Revenues	5,000	19,000	17,502	(1,498)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public works	1,530,285	1,549,823	1,458,199	91,624
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	-	_	_	_
Total expenditures	1,530,285	1,549,823	1,458,199	91,624
Total experiances	1,000,200	1,010,020	1, 100, 100	01,021
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,525,285)	(1,530,823)	(1,440,697)	90,126
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,854,510	1,470,648	1,470,648	-
Transfers (out)	(305,703)	(330, 192)	(330, 192)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,548,807	1,140,456	1,140,456	
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 23,522	\$ (390,367)	(300,241)	\$ 90,126
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			300,315	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			<u>\$ 74</u>	

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Public W	orks Engineerir	ng Support Servic	
	Developet 1	A		Variance
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts Final	<u>Actual</u>	Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>ı ınaı</u>	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and homeowners	54,000	52,331	52,331	
Franchise fees	5 4 ,000	J2,JJ1 -	J2,331 -	- -
Fees, licenses and permits	25,000	25,000	28,493	3,493
Fines and forfeitures	· -	· -	-	· -
Use of money and property	-	-	10,722	10,722
Intergovernmental	-	-		-
Charges for services	3,256,755	3,280,535	3,971,571	691,036
Other revenues	3,600	3,600	21,870	18,270
Total revenues	3,339,355	3,361,466	4,084,987	723,521
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	286,093	(286,093)
Public works	3,643,387	3,671,265	3,559,439	111,826
Public safety	-	-	- 0.425	- (2.42E)
Community development Landscaping and street lighting	_	_	2,135	(2,135)
Culture and recreation			- -	<u>-</u>
Housing rehabilitation	-	_	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total expenditures	3,643,387	3,671,265	3,847,667	(176,402)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(304,032)	(309,799)	237,320	547,119
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			0.000	0.000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	- 341,563	- 631,737	9,900 631,737	9,900
Transfers (out)	541,505	-	(808,676)	(808,676)
Total other financing sources (uses)	341,563	631,737	(167,039)	(798,776)
Total other imalicing sources (uses)	011,000		(107,000)	<u>(100,110</u>)
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 37,531	\$ 321,938	70,281	<u>\$ (251,657)</u>
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			(70,281)	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			<u> </u>	

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Commu	nity Developme	nt Support Service	es Fund
				Variance
	Budgeted			Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and				
homeowners	49,020	69,031	52,331	(16,700)
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	1,077,120	1,077,120	1,359,856	282,736
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	44.005
Use of money and property	-	-	44,085	44,085
Intergovernmental Charges for services	1,402,640	1,427,060	- 2,569,129	1,142,069
Other revenues	1,402,040	1,427,000	7,288	7,288
	2,528,780	2 572 211	4,032,689	
Total revenues	2,526,760	2,573,211	4,032,009	1,459,478
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	209	(209)
Public works	-	-	33,243	(33,243)
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community development	2,287,464	2,273,796	2,292,229	(18,433)
Landscaping and street lighting Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	113	(113)
Debt service:	_	_	-	(110)
Principal payments	-	_	-	_
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	2,287,464	2,273,796	2,325,794	(51,998)
·				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	044.040	222 445	4 700 005	4 407 400
over expenditures	241,316	299,415	1,706,895	1,407,480
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	250,000	250,000	250,000	-
Transfers (out)	(454,772)	(469,724)	(469,724)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(204,772)	(219,724)	(219,724)	_
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 36,544	\$ 79,691	1,487,171	\$ 1,407,480
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			551,718	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 2,038,889	

	Special Revenue Funds			
		Planning Div		
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and homeowners	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	73,820	74,320	-	(74,320)
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	-	(775)	(1,084)	(309)
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	160,520	160,520	3,545	(156,975)
Other revenues	<u> </u>	2,107	2,039	(68)
Total revenues	234,340	236,172	4,500	(231,672)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	144	(144)
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community development	582,694	585,181	281,553	303,628
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	<u> </u>			-
Total expenditures	582,694	585,181	281,697	303,484
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(348,354)	(349,009)	(277,197)	71,812
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	271,560	426,772	426,772	-
Transfers (out)			(149,575)	(149,575)
Total other financing sources (uses)	271,560	426,772	277,197	(149,575)
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ (76,794)</u>	\$ 77,763	-	<u>\$ (77,763)</u>
Beginning fund balances (deficits)				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			<u>\$</u> -	

	Special Revenue Funds			
		Flood Program	Support Fund	
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and	404 400	404 400	100.001	(0= 000)
homeowners	461,469	461,469	423,631	(37,838)
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	-	-	_	-
Use of money and property	- -	-	(5,287)	(5,287)
Intergovernmental	_	_	(0,201)	(0,201)
Charges for services	874,895	894,895	854,643	(40,252)
Other revenues	_ _			
Total revenues	1,336,364	1,356,364	1,272,987	(83,377)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	109,667	(109,667)
Public safety	1 000 404	1 102 726	-	107.540
Community development Landscaping and street lighting	1,082,431	1,103,726	906,177	197,549
Culture and recreation	- -	- -	-	- -
Housing rehabilitation	_	_	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	1,082,431	1,103,726	1,015,844	87,882
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	253,933	252,638	257,143	4,505
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(248,094)	(257,098)	(257,098)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(248,094)	(257,098)	(257,098)	
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 5,839	<u>\$ (4,460)</u>	45	\$ 4,505
Beginning fund balances (deficits)				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			<u>\$ 45</u>	

	Special Revenue Funds			
		Economic Deve		
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions from developers and	*	•	*	•
homeowners	_	5,000	5,000	-
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	185	185	408	223
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Other revenues				
Total revenues	185	5,185	5,408	223
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	45,879	45,879	-	45,879
Public works	-	-	11,640	(11,640)
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		-
Total expenditures	45,879	45,879	11,640	34,239
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(45,694)	(40,694)	(6,232)	34,462
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-		-
Transfers (out)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(263,321)	(263,321)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(263,321)	(263,321)
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ (45,694)</u>	\$ (40,694)	(269,553)	\$ (228,859)
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			278,139	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 8,586	

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Parking Improvement Funds							
	Budgete	A	Variance Positive					
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)				
REVENUES								
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and homeowners	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -				
Franchise fees	_	-	-	_				
Fees, licenses and permits	30,000	175,000	224,007	49,007				
Fines and forfeitures	18,000	100,000	109,064	9,064				
Use of money and property	-	15,000	10,373	(4,627)				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	-	-	1,000	1,000				
Other revenues								
Total Revenues	48,000	290,000	344,444	54,444				
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	30,000	890,265	152,764	737,501				
Public works	-	-	37,102	(37,102)				
Public safety	-	-	-	-				
Community development	-	-	606	(606)				
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	96 530	(96 E20)				
Housing rehabilitation Capital outlay	-	_	86,520	(86,520)				
Debt service:	_	<u>-</u>	-	- -				
Principal payments	_	_	-	_				
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-	-	-				
Total expenditures	30,000	890,265	276,992	613,273				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	18,000	(600,265)	67,452	667,717				
over expenditures								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-				
Transfers in	-	-	349,107	349,107				
Transfers (out)		(315,000)	(31,500)	283,500				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(315,000)	317,607	632,607				
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 18,000	<u>\$ (915,265)</u>	385,059	\$ 1,300,324				
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			385,194					
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 770,253					

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Bridge District IFD Fund								
			Variance						
	-	d Amounts		Positive					
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)					
REVENUES									
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 46,146	\$ (53,854)					
Contributions from developers and									
homeowners	-	-	-	-					
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-					
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-					
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-					
Use of money and property	-	-	-	-					
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-					
Charges for services	-	-	-	-					
Other revenues									
Total Revenues	100,000	100,000	46,146	(53,854)					
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	_	_	_	_					
Public works	-	-	-	-					
Public safety	-	-	-	-					
Community development	-	-	-	-					
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-					
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-					
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-					
Debt service:									
Principal payments	-	-	-	-					
Interest and fiscal charges				<u> </u>					
Total expenditures									
5 (15:) (
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	400.000	400.000	40.440	(50.054)					
over expenditures	100,000	100,000	46,146	(53,854)					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-					
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-					
Total other financing sources (uses)									
Total other interioring doubted (docto)		-							
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	46,146	<u>\$ (53,854)</u>					
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			450,292						
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 496,438						

	Debt Service Funds							
	2011 Lease Revenue Bond Fund							
				Variance				
	_	d Amounts	A = 1 = 1	Positive				
REVENUES	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Contributions from developers and	φ -	φ -	φ -	Φ -				
homeowners	-	-	-	_				
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-				
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-				
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-				
Use of money and property	-	-	40,407	40,407				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	371,946	371,946	-	(371,946)				
Other revenues								
Total Revenues	371,946	371,946	40,407	(331,539)				
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-				
Public works	-	-	-	-				
Public safety	-	-	-	-				
Community development	-	-	-	-				
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-				
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-				
Debt service:	-	4 000 400	-	-				
Principal payments	327,862	4,628,183	352,806	4,275,377				
Interest and fiscal charges	205,031	205,031	180,016	25,015				
Total expenditures	532,893	4,833,214	532,822	4,300,392				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(160,947)	(4,461,268)	(492,415)	3,968,853				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	-		-				
Transfers in	-	-	4,338,252	4,338,252				
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	171,660	4,339,651	4,338,252	(1,399)				
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 10,713	<u>\$ (121,617)</u>	3,845,837	\$ 3,967,454				
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			658,419					
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 4,504,256					

	Debt Service Funds							
	2012 Pension Obligation Fund							
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES								
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and homeowners	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -				
Franchise fees	-	1,672,084	-	(1,672,084)				
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-				
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-				
Use of money and property	10,000	10,000	5,049	(4,951)				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	-	-	-	-				
Other revenues								
Total Revenues	10,000	1,682,084	5,049	(1,677,035)				
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-				
Public works	-	-	-	-				
Public safety	-	-	-	-				
Community development	-	-	-	-				
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-				
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	-	-				
Principal payments	1,752,800	1,752,800	1,752,800	-				
Interest and fiscal charges	122,953	122,953	123,114	(161)				
Total expenditures	1,875,753	1,875,753	1,875,914	(161)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(1,865,753)	(193,669)	(1,870,865)	(1,677,196)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-		-				
Transfers in Transfers (out)	-	1,874,154 -	1,874,154 -	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,874,154	1,874,154	<u>-</u>				
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$(1,865,753)</u>	\$ 1,680,485	3,289	<u>\$(1,677,196)</u>				
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			27,145					
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 30,434					

	Debt Service Funds						
	2012 Refunding Lease Revenue Bond Fund						
		Variance					
	_	d Amounts		Positive			
DEVENUE O	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)			
REVENUES	c	· Φ	Φ	Φ.			
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and homeowners	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -			
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-			
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-			
Use of money and property	-	-	30,626	30,626			
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services	-	-	-	-			
Other revenues							
Total Revenues			30,626	30,626			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government Public works	-	-	-	-			
Public works Public safety	-	-	-	-			
Community development	_	_	_	_			
Landscaping and street lighting	_	_	_	_			
Culture and recreation	-	_	_	-			
Housing rehabilitation	-	_	_	-			
Capital outlay	-	_	_	-			
Debt service:	-	_	-	_			
Principal payments	396,734	396,794	422,506	(25,712)			
Interest and fiscal charges	-	191,772	168,196	23,576			
Total expenditures	396,734	588,566	590,702	(2,136)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(396,734)	(588,566)	(560,076)	28,490			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	590,702	590,702	590,702	-			
Transfers (out)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Total other financing sources (uses)	590,702	590,702	590,702	_			
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 193,968	\$ 2,136	30,626	\$ 28,490			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			951,248				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 981,874				

	Debt Service Funds						
	General Equipment Lease Fund						
				Variance			
	-	Amounts	A = 4 = l	Positive			
REVENUES	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)			
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Contributions from developers and	Ψ -	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ			
homeowners	_	_	_	_			
Franchise fees	_	-	-	-			
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-			
Use of money and property	-	-	8,106	8,106			
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services	-	-	-	-			
Other revenues							
Total Revenues			8,106	8,106			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	<u>-</u>	-	_	-			
Public works	_	-	-	-			
Public safety	-	-	-	-			
Community development	-	-	-	-			
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-			
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-			
Debt service:	005 707	0.45,000	702.000	04.004			
Principal payments	665,797	845,980	783,989	61,991 (57,604)			
Interest and fiscal charges	84,421	84,421	142,025	(57,604)			
Total expenditures	750,218	930,401	926,014	4,387			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(750,218)	(930,401)	(917,908)	12,493			
•							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	-	-	-			
Transfers in	817,316	997,499	997,499	-			
Transfers (out)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)	817,316	997,499	997,499	-			
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 67,098	\$ 67,098	79,591	\$ 12,493			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			170,239				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 249,830				

	Capital Improvement Funds							
	Traffic Improvement Fund							
		Variance						
	Budgeted		A - 1 - 1	Positive				
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)				
REVENUES								
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Contributions from developers and								
homeowners	-	-		-				
Franchise fees Fees, licenses and permits	200,000	200,000	960,883	- 760,883				
Fines and forfeitures	200,000	200,000	900,003	700,003				
Use of money and property	5,000	5,000	166,170	161,170				
Intergovernmental	-	315,000	1,174,414	859,414				
Charges for services	-	-	-	-				
Other revenues		90,000		(90,000)				
Total Revenues	205,000	610,000	2,301,467	1,691,467				
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-				
Public works	970,000	941,849	2,057,752	(1,115,903)				
Public safety	-	-	-	· -				
Community development	-	-	-	-				
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-				
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	4 000 400	- (4,002,422)				
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	1,003,133	(1,003,133)				
Principal payments	-	-	-	<u>-</u>				
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-	-	-				
Total expenditures	970,000	941,849	3,060,885	(2,119,036)				
·								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(705.000)	(004.040)	(750, 440)	(407 500)				
over expenditures	(765,000)	(331,849)	(759,418)	(427,569)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-				
Transfers in	952,000	1,894,161	1,894,161	-				
Transfers (out)	<u>-</u>	(35,000)	(35,000)	_				
Total other financing sources (uses)	952,000	1,859,161	1,859,161					
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 187,000	\$ 1,527,312	1,099,743	\$ (427,569)				
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			4,231,067					
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 5,330,810					

	Capital Improvement Funds						
		Park Improv	ements Fund	Variance			
	A						
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Positive (Negative)			
	Oligiliai	<u>1 111a1</u>	Actual	(ivegative)			
REVENUES	_	_	_	_			
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Contributions from developers and homeowners	_	64,514	64,514	_			
Franchise fees	<u>-</u>	-	0 4 ,514 -	- -			
Fees, licenses and permits	300,000	300,000	468,771	168,771			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-			
Use of money and property	2,000	2,000	55,307	53,307			
Intergovernmental	-	705,000	118,440	(586,560)			
Charges for services	-	-	-	-			
Other revenues	302,000	1 071 514	707,032	(264,492)			
Total Revenues	302,000	1,071,514	707,032	(364,482)			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-			
Public works	-	-	-	-			
Public safety Community development	- -	- -	- -	-			
Landscaping and street lighting	_	-	_	-			
Culture and recreation	-	-	232,775	(232,775)			
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	-	287,178	(287,178)			
Debt service:	-	-	-	-			
Principal payments	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures		<u>_</u>	519,953	(519,953)			
rotal expericitures		<u>-</u>	319,933	(319,933)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	302,000	1,071,514	187,079	(884,435)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	<u>-</u>	-			
Transfers in	-	-	202,850	202,850			
Transfers (out)		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u> _	202,850	202,850			
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 302,000	\$ 1,071,514	389,929	<u>\$ (681,585)</u>			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			1,488,840				
Dog. Timing for to bolications (delicates)			., .00,0 10				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 1,878,769				

	Capital Projects Funds							
		General Facilities	Improvement Fun	d				
				Variance				
	_	d Amounts		Positive				
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)				
REVENUES								
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Contributions from developers and								
homeowners	-	17,750	17,750	-				
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-				
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-				
Fines and forfeitures	21,000	23,500	-	(23,500)				
Use of money and property	-	50,000	306,113	256,113				
Intergovernmental	-	11,000	47,883	36,883				
Charges for services	-	-		-				
Other revenues	-							
Total Revenues	21,000	102,250	371,746	269,496				
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	-	-	8,343	(8,343)				
Public works	1,908,195	4,100,112	204,829	3,895,283				
Public safety	-	-	(35,396)	35,396				
Community development	-	-	-	-				
Landscaping and street lighting	-	104,000	-	104,000				
Culture and recreation	-			-				
Housing rehabilitation	-	7,500	-	7,500				
Capital outlay	-	-	651,827	(651,827)				
Debt service:								
Principal payments	-	-	-	-				
Interest and fiscal charges	4 000 405							
Total expenditures	1,908,195	4,211,612	829,603	3,382,009				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(1,887,195)	(4,109,362)	(457,857)	3,651,505				
·								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	4,159,092	4,159,092				
Transfers in	1,298,195	1,258,318	1,258,319	1				
Transfers (out)		(7,313,657)	(7,313,658)	(1)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,298,195	(6,055,339)	(1,896,247)	4,159,092				
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ (589,000)	<u>\$ (10,164,701)</u>	(2,354,104)	\$ 7,810,597				
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			18,012,969					
Ending fund balances (deficits)			<u>\$ 15,658,865</u>					

	Budgete	Police Facility In	jects Funds npact Fees Fu	nd Variance			
	-						
	-	Durdreste d Area					
			A = 1 1	Positive			
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)			
REVENUES							
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Contributions from developers and							
homeowners	-	-	-	-			
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-			
Fees, licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	23,783	23,783	57,844	34,061			
Use of money and property	-	-	26,688	26,688			
Intergovernmental	_	_	20,000	20,000			
Charges for services	_	_	_	_			
Other revenues	_	-	-	-			
Total Revenues	23,783	23,783	84,532	60,749			
Total Neverlues	20,700	20,700	01,002				
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	_	-	-	-			
Public works	_	-	-	-			
Public safety	125,000	125,000	145,245	(20,245)			
Community development	-	-	-	-			
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation	-	-		-			
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-			
Debt service:							
Principal payments	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges							
Total expenditures	125,000	125,000	145,245	(20,245)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(404.047)	(404.047)	(00.740)	40.504			
over expenditures	<u>(101,217</u>)	<u>(101,217</u>)	(60,713)	40,504			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_			
Transfers in	_	_	_	_			
Transfers (out)	(20,400)	(20,400)	(20,400)	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,400)	(20,400)	(20,400)				
Total other imancing sources (uses)	(20,400)	(20,400)	(20,400)	·			
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$(121,617</u>)	<u>\$ (121,617</u>)	(81,113)	\$ 40,504			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			871,483				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 790,370				

	Capital Projects Funds							
	Fire Facility Impact Fees Fund							
			ariance					
	Budgeted Amounts							ositive
	<u>Ori</u> ç	<u>ginal</u>		<u>Final</u>	Ac	tual	<u>(N</u>	egative)
REVENUES								
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions from developers and								
homeowners		-		-		-		-
Franchise fees		-		-		-		-
Fees, licenses and permits	į	58,067		58,067		110,051		51,984
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Use of money and property		-		-		3,382		3,382
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Other revenues								
Total Revenues		58,067		58,067		113,433		55,366
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		_		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		_		-		-
Community development		-		-				-
Landscaping and street lighting		-				-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Housing rehabilitation		-				-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal payments		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		50,000		50,000	000 101,371			(51,371)
Total expenditures		50,000		50,000	101,371			(51,371)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
		8,067		8,067		12,062		3,995
over expenditures		0,007		0,007		12,002		3,993
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers (out)		<u>-</u>		(90,092)		(90,092)		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		(90,092)		(90,092)		-
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$	8,067	\$	(82,025)		(78,030)	\$	3,995
Beginning fund balances (deficits)					(4,	381,200)		
Ending fund balances (deficits)					\$ (4,	<u>459,230</u>)		

i c ai	ended	Julie	50,	2019	

	Capital Projects Funds			
	Childcare Impact Fees Fund			
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	d Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and homeowners	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise fees	_	_	_	_
Fees, licenses and permits	15,833	15,833	35,114	19,281
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	40	40	11,092	11,052
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	_	-	_	_
Other revenues	_	_	_	_
Total Revenues	15,873	15,873	46,206	30,333
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	_	_	_	_
Public works	_	_	_	_
Public safety	-	_	_	_
Community development	_	_	_	-
Landscaping and street lighting	_	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	_	50,000	3,805	46,195
Housing rehabilitation	_	-	-	-
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_
Debt service:	_	_	_	_
Principal payments	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures		50,000	3,805	46,195
Total experiultures			3,000	40,100
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(- · · ·)		
over expenditures	15,873	(34,127)	42,401	76,528
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	<u>-</u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$ 15,873</u>	\$ (34,127)	42,401	\$ 76,528
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			322,453	
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 364,854	

	Capital Projects Funds							
		City Hall Imp	oact Fees Fund					
				Variance				
	_	d Amounts	A . (l	Positive				
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)				
REVENUES								
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Contributions from developers and								
homeowners	-	-	-	-				
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-				
Fees, licenses and permits	6,703	6,703	32,248	25,545				
Fines and forfeitures	-	-						
Use of money and property	35	35	13,158	13,123				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	-	-	-	-				
Other revenues								
Total Revenues	6,738	6,738	45,406	38,668				
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	_	_	_	_				
Public works	_	_	_	_				
Public safety	-	-	-	-				
Community development	-	-	_	_				
Landscaping and street lighting	_	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-				
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-				
Debt service:	-	-	-	-				
Principal payments	-	-	-	-				
Interest and fiscal charges								
Total expenditures	-	-	-	-				
·								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
	0.700	0.700	45.400	00.000				
over expenditures	6,738	6,738	45,406	38,668				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-				
Transfers (out)		<u>-</u>						
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 6,738	\$ 6,738	45,406	\$ 38,668				
	,	,	,					
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			200.045					
			382,845					
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 428,251					
Enang land balances (delicits)			Ψ 420,201					

	Capital Projects Funds							
	Drainage Impact Fees Fund							
	Dodostod	Variance						
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Positive (Negative)				
	<u>Original</u>	<u>ı maı</u>	Actual	(Negative)				
REVENUES	_	_		_				
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Contributions from developers and homeowners	-	-	-	-				
Franchise fees	103,853	153,853	_	(153,853)				
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	113,419	113,419				
Fines and forfeitures	974	974		(974)				
Use of money and property	-	-	51,215	51,215				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	-	-	-	-				
Other revenues								
Total Revenues	104,827	154,827	164,634	9,807				
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-				
Public works	-	-	-	-				
Public safety	-	-	-	-				
Community development	-	-	-	-				
Landscaping and street lighting Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-				
Housing rehabilitation	- -	_	- -	- -				
Capital outlay	-	_	_	_				
Debt service:								
Principal payments	-	85,000	-	85,000				
Interest and fiscal charges	8,400	8,400	30,604	(22,204)				
Total expenditures	8,400	93,400	30,604	62,796				
Evenes (definionary) of revenues								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	96,427	61,427	134,030	72,603				
over experiordies	30,421	01,421	134,030	12,000				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-		-				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-				
Transfers (out)			-					
Total other financing sources (uses)			-					
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 96,427	\$ 61,427	134,030	\$ 72,603				
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			579,296					
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 713,326					

	Capital Projects Funds							
		Corporate Yard In	npact Fees Fund					
	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES								
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and homeowners Franchise fees				\$ - - - - - -				
Fees, licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenues	12,000 - - - - -	12,000 - - - - -	44,139 - 179,744 - -	32,139 - 179,744 - - -				
Total Revenues	12,000	12,000	223,883	211,883				
EXPENDITURES Current:			2.025	(2.025)				
General government Public works Public safety	- -	- - -	3,935 - -	(3,935) - -				
Community development Landscaping and street lighting Culture and recreation Housing rehabilitation	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -				
Capital outlay Debt service: Principal payments	8,154,566	8,154,566	3,385,000	4,769,566				
Interest and fiscal charges	11,800	11,800	72,408	(60,608)				
Total expenditures	8,166,366	8,166,366	3,461,343	4,705,023				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(8,154,366)	(8,154,366)	(3,237,460)	4,916,906				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	- 8,154,566	- 8,154,566	- 8,154,566	- -				
Transfers (out) Total other financing sources (uses)	8,154,566	8,154,566	8,154,566					
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 200	\$ 200	4,917,106	\$ 4,916,906				
Beginning fund balances (deficits)	_	_	(1,819,451)					
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 3,097,655					

	Capital Projects Funds						
			Project Fund				
	_	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive			
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)			
REVENUES							
Special benefit assessment for operations Contributions from developers and homeowners	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -			
Franchise fees Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	- -			
Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental	- - -	- - -	7,812 -	- 7,812 -			
Charges for services Other revenues	-	-	-	-			
Total Revenues			7,812	7,812			
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General government Public works	-	1,238,352	110,395 -	1,127,957 -			
Public safety Community development	-	-	-	-			
Landscaping and street lighting Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-			
Housing rehabilitation Capital outlay	-	-	-	- -			
Debt service: Principal payments	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures		1,238,352	110,395	1,127,957			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,238,352)	(102,583)	1,135,769			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in Transfers (out)		1,238,352 	1,238,352 	<u> </u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,238,352	1,238,352	_			
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,135,769	\$ 1,135,769			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			_				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 1,135,769				

		Capital Proje	ects Funds				
	Flood Protection in Lieu Fund						
	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance Positive			
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)			
REVENUES							
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Contributions from developers and			405 400	405 400			
homeowners Franchise fees	-	-	135,426	135,426			
Fees, licenses and permits	- 252,517	- 252,517	- 1,713,297	1,460,780			
Fines and forfeitures	232,317	232,317	1,713,297	1,400,700			
Use of money and property	_	_	86,888	86,888			
Intergovernmental	_	_	-	-			
Charges for services	_	-	-	-			
Other revenues	-	-	-	-			
Total revenues	252,517	252,517	1,935,611	1,683,094			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-			
Public works	-	1,000,000	1,260,722	(260,722)			
Public safety	-	-	-	-			
Community development	-	-	-	-			
Landscaping and street lighting Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-			
Housing rehabilitation	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-			
Capital outlay	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-			
Debt service:		_					
Principal payments	_	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-			
Total expenditures		1,000,000	1,260,722	(260,722)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	252,517	(747,483)	674,889	1,422,372			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	-	-		-			
Transfers (out)		(50,000)	(50,000)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(50,000)	(50,000)				
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ 252,517	\$ (797,483)	624,889	\$ 1,422,372			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			2,414,211				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 3,039,100				

	Capital Projects Funds						
	Com		ent (Measure G) I	und			
				Variance			
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive			
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)			
REVENUES							
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Contributions from developers and			-				
homeowners	-	-	45,140	45,140			
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-			
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-			
Use of money and property	-	-	166,838	166,838			
Intergovernmental	1,500,000	1,500,000	4,385,389	2,885,389			
Charges for services	-	-	-	-			
Other revenues	-	-	161,472	161,472			
Total Revenues	1,500,000	1,500,000	4,758,839	3,258,839			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-			
Public works	-	-	1,056,309	(1,056,309)			
Public safety	-	-	-	-			
Community development	-	-	-	-			
Landscaping and street lighting	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-			
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	4,406,000	5,063,303	8,867,551	(3,804,248)			
Debt service:				,			
Principal payments	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-			
Total expenditures	4,406,000	5,063,303	9,923,860	(4,860,557)			
·							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	,	/·	,				
over expenditures	(2,906,000)	(3,563,303)	(5,165,021)	(1,601,718)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	-	-	445,000	445,000			
Transfers (out)	-	-	(7,500)	(7,500)			
Total other financing sources (uses)			437,500	437,500			
•							
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$ (2,906,000)	<u>\$(3,563,303)</u>	(4,727,521)	<u>\$ (1,164,218)</u>			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			8,773,183				
Ending fund balances (deficits)			\$ 4,045,662				

	Capital Projects Funds							
	•				ilities Dist			
	B <u>Orig</u> i		l Amount		Act		Va Po	riance ositive gative)
REVENUES								
Special benefit assessment for operations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions from developers and								
homeow ners		-		-		-		-
Franchise fees		-		-		-		-
Fees, licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Use of money and property		-		-	3	45,321		345,321
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Other revenues								
Total Revenues					3	45,321		345,321
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public w orks		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-
Landscaping and street lighting		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Housing rehabilitation		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service:		-		-		-		-
Principal payments		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges								
Total expenditures	-							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures					3	45,321		345,321
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-
Payment to refunding escrow agent		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-	(5	23,101)		(523,101)
Transfers (out)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>			(5	23,101)		<u>(523,101</u>)
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	\$		\$		(1	77,780)	\$	(177,780)
Beginning fund balances (deficits)					15,2	52,513		
Ending fund balances (deficits)					\$ 15,0	74,733		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Private purpose trust funds are used to account for fiduciary activities not required to be reported in another fiduciary fund type. Private purpose trust funds of the City are as follows:

Mcknight Scholarship Fund – account for donations collected for the fallen officer and used for the scholarship program.

Successor Agency to The Redevelopment Agency Fund – to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Sacramento.

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO FIDUCIDARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose McKnight Scholarship Fund	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Fund	Private- Purpose Trust <u>Funds</u>	Total Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and investments in City Treasury Accounts receivable Grants receivable Interest receivable Due from other governments Restricted assets:	\$ 9,481 - - -	\$ 9,274,132 - - -	\$ 9,283,613 - - - -	\$ 21,360,309 30,820 7,476,747 43,443 1,231,616
Cash and investments Cash and investments with	-	-	-	9,638,376
fiscal agent Capital assets:	-	2,315	2,315	20,138,064
Not being depreciated	-	1,142,925	1,142,925	-
Total assets	9,481	10,419,372	10,428,853	\$ 59,919,375
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on refunding of debt Total deferred outflows of		1,531,981	1,531,981	
resources		1,531,981	1,531,981	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Refundable deposits Interest payable Due to other governments Unearned revenue	- - -	310 3,814 11,358 1,098,271	310 3,814 11,358 1,098,271	\$ 2,446,857 - - 20,336,766 7,403,381
Due for special assessment debt service Noncurrent liabilities - due	-	-	-	29,732,371
within one year Noncurrent liabilities - due	-	4,484,967	4,484,967	-
after one year		77,589,938	77,589,938	
Total liabilities		83,188,658	83,188,658	\$ 59,919,375
NET POSITION (DEFICITS) HELD IN TRUST FOR OTHERS	\$ 9,481	<u>\$ (71,237,305)</u>	<u>\$ (71,227,824)</u>	

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO FIDUCIDARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds Successor					
	McKnight Scholarship		Agency to the Redevelopment Agency		Private- Purpose Trust	
ADDITIONS	<u>Fu</u>	<u>na</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Taxes						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	8,857,162	\$	8,857,162
Fees, licenses and permits		-		(17,395)		(17,395)
Use of money and property		302		214,267		214,569
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-		-
Other revenues	-	-		-		
Total additions		302		9,054,034		9,054,336
DEDUCTIONS						
Public safety		-		-		-
Community development		-		1,648,034		1,648,034
Debt service:						
Interest and fiscal charges		-		3,187,185		3,187,185
Debt issuance cost		<u>-</u>				
Total deductions				4,835,219		4,835,219
Change in net position		302		4,218,815		4,219,117
Net position, beginning		9,179	((75,456,120)	_	(75,446,941)
Net position (deficits) ending	\$	9,481	\$ ((71,237,305)	\$	(71,227,824)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individual, private organizations and other governments.

The Agency Funds of the City are outlined as follows:

Community Facilities District Funds - to account for the collection and payment of assessment district bonded debt service of the following Community Facilities Districts in the City:

No. 8 - Series 1999	No. 17 - Parella	No. 10 - Bridgeway Series 2006
No. 9 - Staples Project	No. 18 - Gateway Unit 4	No. 11 - Gateway Series 2006
No. 12 - Raley Field	No. 19 - River Ranch	No. 24 - Bridgeway
No. 14 - Newport Estates	No. 20 - Bridgeway II	No. 26 - Yarborough
No. 8 - Series 2001	No. 21- Parlin Ranch Debt	No. 27 - Bridge
No. 15 - Pheasant Hollow	No. 23 - Triangle Area Debt	No. 28 - Rivers II
No. 16 - Bridgeway Lakes	2006 Special Tax Revenue Bond	No. 21, 23 and 24 Special Tax
		Refund
		No. 27 – Bridge Series 2017

2012 Special Tax Refunding Bond Fund - to account for collection and payment of the refunding of the Community Facilities District No. 14. Series 2001 Bonds and Community Facilities District No. 17 Series 2003 Bonds.

Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District Fund - to account for a special district formed under the laws of California to provide wastewater treatment services for its member agencies.

Washington School District Impact Fees Fund - to account for developer fees, which are collected and remitted to the school district for the construction of a school.

Raley's Landing Fund - to account for developer impact fees used for improvements in the Raley's Landing district.

Yolo County Impact Fees Fund - to account for developer fees, which are collected and remitted to the county for road development.

Yolo County Environmental Health Fund - This fund is to account for the environmental fees collected by the City and passed-thru to the County of Yolo.

Business Improvement Fund - to account for special benefit assessments for improvements in a business improvements district.

River City Stadium Financing Authority Fund - to account for the activity related to the issuance of the bonds in conjunction with the City of Sacramento, California and the River City Stadium Financing Authority.

Sacramento Yolo Finance Authority Fund - to account for the activity related to the issuance of bonds in conjunction with the Sacramento Yolo Financing Authority.

West Sacramento Area Flood Control Agency Fund - to account for revenues and associated expenditures of flood assessment levied on property owners for maintenance and construction of levee, and prevention of flood in the City.

	Balance July 1, 2018			Balance June 30, 2019
No. 8 Series 1999				
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,157,886	\$ 3,254,604	\$ (3,157,886)	\$ 3,254,604
Due from other governments	158,209	192,992	(158,209)	192,992
Total assets	\$ 3,316,095	\$ 3,447,596	<u>\$ (3,316,095)</u>	\$ 3,447,596
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due for special assessment				
debt service	3,316,095	3,447,596	(3,316,095)	3,447,596
Total liabilities	\$ 3,316,095	\$ 3,447,596	\$ (3,316,095)	\$ 3,447,596
No. 9 Staples				
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 29,449	\$ 28,757	\$ (29,449)	\$ 28,757
Due from other governments	1,046	1,037	(1,046)	1,037
Total assets	\$ 30,495	\$ 29,794	\$ (30,495)	\$ 29,794
LIABILITIES				
Due for special assessment				
debt service	\$ 30,495	\$ 29,794	\$ (30,495)	\$ 29,794
Total liabilities	\$ 30,495	<u>\$ 29,794</u>	<u>\$ (30,495)</u>	\$ 29,794
No. 12 Raley's Field				
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 817,884	\$ 846,588	\$ (817,884)	\$ 846,588
Due from other governments	15,116	15,105	(15,116)	15,105
Total assets	\$ 833,000	\$ 861,693	\$ (833,000)	<u>\$ 861,693</u>
LIABILITIES				
Due for special assessment				
debt service	\$ 833,000	<u>\$ 861,693</u>	\$ (833,000)	\$ 861,693
Total liabilities	\$ 833,000	\$ 861,693	\$ (833,000)	\$ 861,693

No. 14 Newport Estates	Balance July 1, 2018	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2019</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Due from other governments Restricted assets: Cash and investments with	\$ 539,164 39,907	\$ 580,267 41,759	\$ (539,164) (39,907)	\$ 580,267 41,759
fiscal agents	608,305	630,633	(608,305)	630,633
nodal agonto			(000,000)	
Total assets	\$ 1,187,376	\$ 1,252,659	<u>\$ (1,187,376)</u>	\$ 1,252,659
LIABILITIES Due for special assessment				
debt service	<u>\$ 1,187,376</u>	\$ 1,252,659	\$ (1,187,376)	\$ 1,252,659
Total liabilities	\$ 1,187,376	\$ 1,252,659	<u>\$ (1,187,376)</u>	\$ 1,252,659
No. 8 Series 2001				
ASSETS Interest receivable Restricted assets: Cash and investments with	\$ 43,443	\$ 43,443	\$ (43,443)	\$ 43,443
fiscal agents	3,644,479	3,805,634	(3,644,479)	3,805,634
Total assets	\$ 3,687,922	\$ 3,849,077	\$ (3,687,922)	\$ 3,849,077
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Due for special assessment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
debt service	3,687,922	3,849,077	(3,687,922)	3,849,077
Total liabilities	\$ 3,687,922	\$ 3,849,077	\$ (3,687,922)	\$ 3,849,077
No. 15 Pheasant Hollow				
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$ 127,117 7,618	\$ 127,164 7,742	\$ (127,117) (7,618)	\$ 127,164
Total assets	\$ 134,735	\$ 134,906	<u>\$ (134,735)</u>	\$ 134,906
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due for special assessment debt service	\$ - 134,735	\$ - 134,906	\$ - (134,735)	\$ - 134,906
Total liabilities		ф 404 000		
Total liabilities	\$ 134,735	<u>\$ 134,906</u>	<u>\$ (134,735)</u>	<u>\$ 134,906</u>

	Balance July 1, 2018	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2019
No. 16 Bridgeway Lakes				
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 588,574	\$ 545,170	\$ (588,574)	\$ 545,170
Due from other governments	49,817	50,113	(49,817)	50,113
Restricted assets: Cash and investments with				
fiscal agents	38,486	44,894	(38,486)	44,894
nodal agonto			(66, 166)	11,001
Total assets	\$ 676,877	\$ 640,177	<u>\$ (676,877)</u>	\$ 640,177
LIABILITIES				
Due for special assessment				
debt service	\$ 676,877	\$ 640,177	\$ (676,877)	\$ 640,177
Total liabilities	\$ 676,877	\$ 640,177	\$ (676,877)	\$ 640,177
No. 17 Parella				
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 326,995	\$ 357,161	\$ (326,995)	\$ 357,161
Due from other governments	18,719	18,766	(18,719)	18,766
Total assets	\$ 345,714	\$ 375,927	<u>\$ (345,714)</u>	\$ 375,927
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due for special assessment	•	•	•	•
debt service	345,714	375,927	(345,714)	375,927
Total liabilities	\$ 345,714	\$ 375,927	\$ (345,714)	\$ 375,927
No. 18 Gateway Unit 4				
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 62.536	\$ 66,187	\$ (62.536)	\$ 66,187
Due from other governments	\$ 62,536 3,183	3,191	\$ (62,536) (3,183)	\$ 66,187 3,191
Due nom other governments	3,100		(0, 100)	0,101
Total assets	<u>\$ 65,719</u>	\$ 69,378	<u>\$ (65,719)</u>	\$ 69,378
LIABILITIES				
Due for special assessment				
debt service	\$ 65,719	\$ 69,378	<u>\$ (65,719)</u>	\$ 69,378
Total liabilities	\$ 65,719	\$ 69,378	<u>\$ (65,719)</u>	\$ 69,378

	Balance July 1, 2018	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2019
No. 19 River Ranch	_			
ASSETS	Φ 400.075	Ф 400.000	Φ (400.0 7 Ε)	Ф 400 000
Cash and investments	\$ 190,675	\$ 188,693	\$ (190,675)	\$ 188,693
Due from other governments	10,169	10,261	(10,169)	10,261
Total assets	\$ 200,844	\$ 198,954	\$ (200,844)	\$ 198,954
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due for special assessment				
debt service	200,844	198,954	(200,844)	198,954
Total liabilities	\$ 200,844	\$ 198,954	\$ (200,844)	\$ 198,954
No. 20 Pridgoway II				
No. 20 Bridgeway II ASSETS	_			
Cash and investments	\$ 690,885	\$ 702,518	\$ (690,885)	\$ 702,518
Due from other governments	36,456	36,355	(36,456)	36,355
Restricted assets:	00,400	00,000	(00,400)	00,000
Cash and investments with				
fiscal agents	709,283	733,939	(709,283)	733,939
			(**************************************	
Total assets	\$ 1,436,624	\$ 1,472,812	\$ (1,436,624)	\$ 1,472,812
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due for special assessment	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
debt service	1,436,624	1,472,812	(1,436,624)	1,472,812
debt service	1,430,024	1,472,012	(1,430,024)	1,472,012
Total liabilities	\$ 1,436,624	\$ 1,472,812	<u>\$ (1,436,624)</u>	\$ 1,472,812
No. 21 Parlin Ranch Debt				
ASSETS	_			
Cash and investments	\$ 206,720	\$ 216,219	\$ (206,720)	\$ 216,219
Due from other governments	10,726	10,872	(10,726)	10,872
G	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		/	
Total assets	<u>\$ 217,446</u>	\$ 227,091	<u>\$ (217,446)</u>	\$ 227,091
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due for special assessment				
debt service	217,446	227,091	(217,446)	227,091
Total liabilities	\$ 217,446	\$ 227,091	<u>\$ (217,446)</u>	\$ 227,091

	Balance July 1, 2018	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2019
No. 23 Triangle Area Debt	_			
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 448,211	\$ 461,899	\$ (448,211)	\$ 461,899
Due from other governments	19,489	19,480	(19,489)	19,480
Total assets	\$ 467,700	\$ 481,379	\$ (467,700)	\$ 481,379
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due for special assessment				
debt service	467,700	481,379	(467,700)	481,379
Total liabilities	\$ 467,700	\$ 481,379	\$ (467,700)	\$ 481,379
2006 Special Tax Revenue Bond				
ASSETS	_			
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments with				
fiscal agents	\$ 2,074,523	\$ 2,269,943	\$ (2,074,523)	\$ 2,269,943
Total assets	\$ 2,074,523	\$ 2,269,943	\$ (2,074,523)	\$ 2,269,943
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 600	\$ 600	\$ (600)	\$ 600
Due for special assessment			,	·
debt service	2,073,923	2,269,343	(2,073,923)	2,269,343
Total liabilities	\$ 2,074,523	\$ 2,269,943	\$ (2,074,523)	\$ 2,269,943
				· <u> </u>
No. 10 Bridgeway Series 2006	_			
ASSETS	.	.	^ (,)	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,757,775	\$ 1,704,321	\$ (1,757,775)	\$ 1,704,321
Due from other governments	97,365	97,828	(97,365)	97,828
Total assets	\$ 1,855,140	\$ 1,802,149	\$ (1,855,140)	\$ 1,802,149
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due for special assessment				
debt service	1,855,140	1,802,149	(1,855,140)	1,802,149
Total liabilities	\$ 1,855,140	\$ 1,802,149	\$ (1,855,140)	\$ 1,802,149

	Balance <u>July 1, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2019</u>
No. 11 Gateway Series 2006	_			
ASSETS	D 044 045	Φ 005.400	Φ (0.44.045)	Φ 005.400
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$ 344,315 18,279	\$ 335,100 18,310	\$ (344,315) (18,279)	\$ 335,100 18,310
Due nom other governments	10,219	10,310	(10,219)	10,310
Total assets	\$ 362,594	\$ 353,410	<u>\$ (362,594)</u>	\$ 353,410
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due for special assessment				
debt service	362,594	353,410	(362,594)	353,410
Total liabilities	\$ 362,594	\$ 353,410	<u>\$ (362,594)</u>	\$ 353,410
No. 24 Bridgeway				
ASSETS	_			
Cash and investments	\$ 119,157	\$ 125,311	\$ (119,157)	\$ 125,311
Due from other governments	4,397	4,358	(4,397)	4,358
Total assets	\$ 123,554	\$ 129,669	\$ (123,554)	\$ 129,669
LIABILITIES				
Due for special assessment				
debt service	\$ 123,554	\$ 129,669	<u>\$ (123,554)</u>	\$ 129,669
Total liabilities	\$ 123,554	\$ 129,669	<u>\$ (123,554</u>)	\$ 129,669
No. 26 Yarborough				
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,655,224	\$ 47,418	\$ (3,655,224)	\$ 47,418
Due from other governments Restricted assets:	202,562	-	(202,562)	-
Cash and investments with				
fiscal agents	312,920	-	(312,920)	_
Total assets	\$ 4,170,706	\$ 47,418	<u>\$ (4,170,706)</u>	\$ 47,418
LIABILITIES				
Due for special assessment				
debt service	\$ 4,170,706	<u>\$ 47,418</u>	<u>\$ (4,170,706)</u>	\$ 47,418
Total liabilities	\$ 4,170,706	\$ 47,418	<u>\$ (4,170,706)</u>	\$ 47,418

	Balance July 1, 2018	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2019
No. 27 Bridge	<u> </u>			
ASSETS	¢ 4 004 000	Ф 4.7E4.000	f (4 CO4 COO)	Ф 4.754.00C
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$ 1,691,638 87,021	\$ 1,754,336 79,847	\$ (1,691,638) (87,021)	\$ 1,754,336 79,847
Restricted assets:	07,021	79,047	(67,021)	79,047
Cash and investments with				
fiscal agents	1,031,154	1,058,430	(1,031,154)	1,058,430
ŭ				
Total assets	\$ 2,809,813	\$ 2,892,613	<u>\$ (2,809,813)</u>	\$ 2,892,613
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due for special assessment				
debt service	2,809,813	2,892,613	(2,809,813)	2,892,613
Total liabilities	\$ 2,809,813	\$ 2,892,613	\$ (2,809,813)	\$ 2,892,613
	<u> </u>	* =,===,===	* (=,000,000)	
No. 27 Bridge Series 2017				
ASSETS	_			
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments with				
fiscal agents	\$ 762,041	\$ 762,041	\$ (762,041)	\$ 762,041
Total assets	\$ 762,041	\$ 762,041	<u>\$ (762,041)</u>	\$ 762,041
LIABILITIES				
Due for special assessment				
debt service	\$ 762,041	\$ 762,041	\$ (762,041)	\$ 762,041
-	ф. 7 00 044	4 7 00 044	Φ (700 0.44)	ф. 7 00 044
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 762,041</u>	<u>\$ 762,041</u>	<u>\$ (762,041)</u>	<u>\$ 762,041</u>
No. 28 Rivers II				
ASSETS	<u> </u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 17,493	\$ 18,069	\$ (17,493)	\$ 18,069
Total assets	\$ 17,493	\$ 18,069	\$ (17,493)	\$ 18,069
LIABILITIES				
Due for special assessment				
debt service	\$ 17,493	\$ 18,069	\$ (17,493)	\$ 18,069
Total liabilities	\$ 17,493	\$ 18,069	\$ (17,493)	\$ 18,069
	,	5,550	<u>, (,.30</u>)	, .,,,,,,

	_	3alance y 1, 2018	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	<u>D</u>	eductions		Balance e 30, 2019
No. 21, 23, and 24 Special Tax Refund	_							
ASSETS	<u> </u>							
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with	_		•		•	(000 =00)	•	
fiscal agents	\$	866,723	\$	872,025	\$	(866,723)	\$	872,025
Total assets	\$	866,723	\$	872,025	\$	(866,723)	\$	872,025
LIABILITIES								
Due for special assessment								
debt service	\$	866,723	\$	872,025	\$	(866,723)	\$	872,025
Total liabilities	\$	866,723	\$	872,025	\$	(866,723)	\$	872,025
2012 Special Tax Refunding Bond								
ASSETS	_							
Cash and investments	\$	62,482	\$	63,896	\$	(62,482)	\$	63,896
Restricted assets:						, , ,		
Cash and investments with								
fiscal agents		501,507		503,330		(501,507)		503,330
Total assets	\$	563,989	\$	567,226	\$	(563,989)	\$	567,226
LIABILITIES								
Due for special assessment								
debt service	\$	563,989	\$	567,226	\$	(563,989)	\$	567,226
Total liabilities	\$	563,989	\$	567,226	\$	(563,989)	\$	567,226
Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District Fund								
ASSETS	_							
Cash and investments	\$	118,458	\$	112,210	\$	(118,458)	\$	112,210
Total assets	\$	118,458	\$	112,210	\$	(118,458)	\$	112,210
LIABILITIES								
Due to other governments	\$	118,458	\$	112,210	\$	(118,458)	\$	112,210
Total liabilities	\$	118,458	\$	112,210	\$	(118,458)	\$	112,210

Washington School District		3alance y 1, 2018	<u>Ac</u>	<u>dditions</u>	<u>De</u>	eductions		Balance ne 30, 2019
Impact Fees Fund ASSETS	_							
Cash and investments	\$	88,439	<u>\$ 1</u>	,629,133	\$	(88,439)	\$	1,629,133
Total assets	\$	88,439	\$ 1	,629,133	\$	(88,439)	\$	1,629,133
LIABILITIES								
Due to other governments	\$	88,439	<u>\$ 1</u>	,629,133	\$	(88,439)	\$	1,629,133
Total liabilities	\$	88,439	<u>\$ 1</u>	,629,133	\$	(88,439)	\$	1,629,133
Raley's Landing Fund								
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	3,000	\$	4,657	\$	(3,000)	\$	4,657
Total assets	\$	3,000	\$	4,657	\$	(3,000)	\$	4,657
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	3,000	\$	4,657	\$	(3,000)	\$	4,657
Total liabilities	\$	3,000	\$	4,657	\$	(3,000)	\$	4,657
Yolo County Impact Fees Fund ASSETS	_							
Cash and investments	\$	75,159	¢ 1	,171,060	\$	(75, 159)	\$	1,171,060
			_					
Total assets	\$	75,159	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>,171,060</u>	\$	<u>(75,159</u>)	\$	1,171,060
LIABILITIES	Φ.	75.450	Φ 4	474 000	Φ.	(75.450)	Φ.	4 474 000
Due to other governments	\$	75,159	<u>\$ 1</u>	,171,060	\$	(75,159)	\$	1,171,060
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	75,159	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>,171,060</u>	\$	(75,159)	\$	1,171,060
Yolo County Environmental Health	_							
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	7,622	\$	5,997	\$	(7,622)	\$	5,997
Total assets	\$	7,622	\$	5,997	\$	(7,622)	\$	5,997
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	625	\$	-	\$	625
Due to other governments		7,622		5,372		(7,622)	_	5,372
Total liabilities	\$	7,622	\$	5,997	\$	(7,622)	\$	5,997

During and Improvement Front	Balanc <u>July 1, 20</u>		Ac	<u>dditions</u>	<u></u>	Deductions	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ne 30, 2019
Business Improvement Fund ASSETS	_							
Cash and investments	¢ o	024	ď	0 205	¢.	(9.021)	¢	0 205
Cash and investments	\$ 8,	021	\$	8,285	\$	(8,021)	\$	8,285
Total assets	\$ 8,	021	\$	8,285	\$	(8,021)	\$	8,285
LIABILITIES								
Due for special assessment								
debt service	\$ 8,	021	\$	8,285	\$	(8,021)	\$	8,285
400.0014100	Ψ 0,	<u></u>	Ψ	0,200	Ψ	(0,021)	Ψ	0,200
Total liabilities	\$ 8,	021	\$	8,285	\$	(8,021)	\$	8,285
River City Stadium Financing Authority Fund ASSETS	_							
Cash and investments	\$ (2,	940)	\$	(6,439)	\$	2,940	\$	(6,439)
Accounts receivable	. ,	940	Ψ	6,439	Ψ	(2,940)	Ψ	6,439
Restricted assets:	_,			0, .00		(=,0.0)		0, 100
Cash and investments with								
fiscal agents	6,731,	045	6	,840,513		(6,731,045)		6,840,513
5				<u> </u>		,		
Total assets	\$ 6,731,	045	\$ 6	5,840,513	\$	(6,731,045)	\$	6,840,513
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due for special assessment								
debt service	6,731,	045	6	,840,513		(6,731,045)		6,840,513
				,,		(=, = ,= =_,		
Total liabilities	\$ 6,731,	045	\$ 6	,840,513	\$	(6,731,045)	\$	6,840,513
	<u>. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>			 	-	, , ,	-	
Sacramento Yolo Finance Authority Fund	_							
ASSETS Cash and investments	¢ 124	000	ď	100 167	¢.	(124 002)	œ	100 167
Cash and investments	\$ 124,	002	\$	128,167	\$	(124,082)	\$	128,167
Total assets	\$ 124,	082	\$	128,167	\$	(124,082)	\$	128,167
LIADILITIES								
LIABILITIES Due to other governments	¢		Ф		o		ø	
Due to other governments Due for special assessment	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	404	000		400 407		(404.000)		400 407
debt service	124,	082		128,167		(124,082)	_	128,167
			•			//	_	
Total liabilities	\$ 124,	082	\$	128,167	\$	(124,082)	\$	128,167

West On any wants Aven	Balance July 1, 2018	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2019
West Sacramento Area Flood Control Agency Fund				
ASSETS	<u> </u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 6,772,058	\$ 6,883,561	\$ (6,772,058)	\$ 6,883,561
Accounts receivable	10,219	24,381	(10,219)	24,381
Grants receivable	15,536,074	7,476,747	(15,536,074)	7,476,747
Due from other governments	5,657,924	623,600	(5,657,924)	623,600
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments	6,284,825	9,638,376	(6,284,825)	9,638,376
Cash and investments with				
fiscal agents	2,487,654	2,616,682	(2,487,654)	2,616,682
Total assets	\$ 36,748,754	\$ 27,263,347	\$ (36,748,754)	\$ 27,263,347
	<u> </u>		+ (, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 9,429,564	\$ 2,440,975	\$ (9,429,564)	\$ 2,440,975
Due to other governments	26,159,060	17,418,991	(26,159,060)	17,418,991
Unearned revenue	1,160,130	7,403,381	(1,160,130)	7,403,381
	·	·		
Total liabilities	\$ 36,748,754	\$ 27,263,347	<u>\$ (36,748,754</u>)	\$ 27,263,347
Total Agency Funds	_			
ASSETS	Φ	Φ 04 000 000	A (00 000 070)	Φ 04 000 000
Cash and investments	\$ 22,028,079	\$ 21,360,309	\$ (22,028,079)	\$ 21,360,309
Accounts receivable	13,159	30,820	(13,159)	30,820
Grants receivable	15,536,074	7,476,747	(15,536,074)	7,476,747
Interest receivable	43,443	43,443	(43,443)	43,443
Due from other governments	6,438,003	1,231,616	(6,438,003)	1,231,616
Restricted assets: Cash and investments	6 204 925	0 620 276	(6 204 92E)	0 620 276
Cash and investments with	6,284,825	9,638,376	(6,284,825)	9,638,376
fiscal agents	19,768,120	20,138,064	(19,768,120)	20,138,064
iistai agents	19,700,120	20,130,004	(13,700,120)	20,130,004
Total assets	\$ 70,111,703	\$ 59,919,375	\$ (70,111,703)	\$ 59,919,375
10141 453615	Ψ 70,111,703	Ψ 33,313,373	ψ (70,111,703)	ψ 03,313,373
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 9,433,164	\$ 2,446,857	\$ (9,433,164)	\$ 2,446,857
Due to other governments	26,448,738	20,336,766	(26,448,738)	20,336,766
Unearned revenue	1,160,130	7,403,381	(1,160,130)	7,403,381
Due for special assessment	, ,	, ,	(, ,)	,,
debt service	33,069,671	29,732,371	(33,069,671)	29,732,371
	· · ·			
Total liabilities	\$ 70,111,703	\$ 59,919,375	\$ (70,111,703)	\$ 59,919,375
	<u> </u>			

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of West Sacramento's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain financial trend information for assessing the City's financial performance and well-being over time.

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules present revenue capacity information to assess the City's ability to generate revenues. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, charges for services and developer fees and contributions are the City's most significant revenue sources.

- 1. Assessed Value of Taxable Property
- 2. Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
- 3. Principal Property Taxpayers
- 4. Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt.

- 1. Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 2. Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
- 3. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 4. Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin
- 5. Bonded Debt Pledged Revenue Coverage:
 - a. Water Revenue Bonds
 - b. Redevelopment Agency and Successor Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules provide information on the demographic and economic environment in which the City conducts business.

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO STATISTICAL SECTION

Operating Information

These schedules provide information on the City's service infrastructure to assist the reader in understanding how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs

- 1. Principle Sales Tax Remitters
- 2. Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
- 3. Operating Indicators by Function/Program
- 4. Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports of the relevant years.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fi	scal Year 2019	Fi	scal Year 2018	Fi	scal Year 2017	Fi	iscal Year 2016	Fi	scal Year 2015	Fi	scal Year 2014	Fi	scal Year 2013	Fi	scal Year 2012	Fi	scal Year 2011	Fi	scal Year 2010
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	334,970 101,648 23,074	\$	326,452 59,678 53,020	\$	327,460 89,067 8,628	\$	332,044 94,407 (4,204)	\$	330,739 88,076 (5,636)	\$	314,738 80,814 49,714	\$	320,836 78,615 43,752	\$	303,784 64,432 63,536	\$	228,003 85,535 40,441	\$	204,839 89,176 28,051
Total governmental activities net position	\$	459,692	\$	439,150	\$	425,155	\$	422,247	\$	413,179	\$	445,266	\$	443,203	\$	431,752	\$	353,979	\$	322,066
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$	82,271 20,423 18,421	\$	84,676 24,132 13,474	\$ \$	108,234 159 18,606 126,999	\$	107,080 1,101 19,333	\$	104,892 1,465 19,848 126,205	Φ.	109,835 1,466 20,626	\$ \$	118,850 132 14,273	\$	111,529 9,959 14,042 135,530	\$ \$	106,994 10,001 12,578 129,573	\$	91,901 10,001 27,977 129,879
Total business-type activities net position	Φ	121,113	Φ	122,202	Ф	120,999	\$	127,314	3	120,203	\$	131,927	Ф	133,233	Φ	133,330	Ф	129,575	Φ	129,679
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	417,241 122,071 41,495	\$	411,128 83,810 66,494	\$	435,694 89,226 27,234	\$	439,124 95,508 15,129	\$	435,631 89,541 14,212	\$	424,573 82,280 70,340	\$	439,686 78,747 58,025	\$	415,313 74,391 77,578	\$	334,997 95,536 53,019	\$	296,740 99,177 56,028
Total primary government net position	\$	580,807	\$	561,432	\$	552,154	\$	549,761	\$	539,384	\$	577,193	\$	576,458	\$	567,282	\$	483,552	\$	451,945

NOTE: Information was not available from the City's pension plan to report both the pension liability and changes in pension liability under GASB Statement No. 68 prior to 2015. Consequently, the amounts reported above are prior to restatement.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fi	scal Year 2019	Fi	scal Year 2018	Fis	scal Year 2017	Fis	scal Year 2016	Fis	scal Year 2015	Fi	scal Year 2014	Fis	scal Year 2013	Fis	scal Year 2012	Fis	scal Year 2011	Fis	scal Year 2010
EXPENSES																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	12,868	\$	7,814	\$	5,534	\$	8,404	\$	11,856	\$	11,478	\$	10,228	\$	20,854	\$	10,692	\$	10,800
Public works		36,672		32,062		22,356		19,521		19,907		24,286		19,863		18,821		25,643		30,234
Public safety		37,522		35,357		40,119		34,171		29,331		29,167		29,763		30,905		30,295		32,588
Community development		5,820		4,809		6,567		7,002		6,373		5,924		5,684		4,359		4,838		4,551
Landscaping and street lighting		4,371		2,847		2,462		2,323		2,189		2,359		2,226		9,844		10,010		9,166
Culture and recreation		7,004		8,943		9,008		9,194		11,577		7,332		4,429		6,319		6,069		5,408
Housing rehabilitation		346		873		493		584		3,476		1,821		1,008		5,741		5,791		1,595
Interest on long-term debt		898		864		916		959		751		1,282		1,063		3,789		6,454		6,370
		105,501		93,569		87,455		82,158		85,460		83,649		74,264		100,632		99,792		100,712
Business-type activities:																				
Sewer		13,443		13,028		13,684		12,010		11,404		9,727		8,738		8,331		7,877		7,873
Water		12,831		13,925		13,673		11,283		11,460		10,080		11,020		10,321		10,312		9,625
Port		2,778		3,600		3,181		3,111		3,181		3,218		6,584		4,637		2,301		3,781
Refuse		7,637		7,409		7,194		7,046		6,528		6,338		6,228		6,127		6,051		6,165
		36,689		37,962		37,732		33,450		32,573		29,363		32,570		29,416		26,541		27,444
		142,190		131,531		125,187		115,608		118,033		113,012		106,834		130,048		126,333		128,156
PROGRAM REVENUES																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government		3,579		1,730		2,289		2,984		2,772		2,871		4,154		2,724		3,825		2,494
Public works		4,094		3,714		2,938		3,041		4,939		4,303		3,168		3,349		6,558		3,144
Public safety		871		874		639		748		578		541		668		571		814		841
Community development		4,600		3,737		3,487		2,884		3,122		2,859		2,409		1,650		1,926		3,131
Landscaping and street lighting		14		16		142		-		124		1		-		-		4		4
Culture and recreation		2,754		2,698		2,692		2,724		2,460		2,564		2,139		2,516		2,209		1,930
Housing rehabilitation		774		381		277		167		569		1,181		207		271		287		323
Operating grants and contributions		21,844		17,526		17,477		22,332		21,124		17,977		16,524		21,789		32,051		12,827
Capital grants and contributions		8,091		21,742		7,178		5,424		7,317		4,415		13,179		11,622		14,421		9,644
	\$	46,621	\$	52,418	\$	37,119	\$	40,304	\$	43,005	\$	36,712	\$	42,448	\$	44,492	\$	62,095	\$	34,338

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Durings have a stigition.	Fis	scal Year 2019	Fis	scal Year 2018		cal Year 2017	Fis	scal Year 2016	Fis	scal Year 2015		scal Year 2014		scal Year 2013	Fis	scal Year 2012		scal Year 2011		scal Year 2010
Business-type activities: Charges for services:																				
Sewer	\$	13,393	•	12,894	\$	13,037	\$	11,613	Q.	11,191	Q	9,697	2	8,873	Q.	7,968	\$	7,346	2	7,215
Water	Ψ	15,174	Ψ	14,759	Ψ	11,693	Ψ	10,719	Ψ	10,564	Ψ	11,523	Ψ	11,606	Ψ	10.970	Ψ	9,405	Ψ	9,444
Port		2,628		2,538		2,736		2,268		2,098		2,573		3,272		2,879		2,760		3,089
Refuse		9,168		8,387		7,318		7,151		6,777		6,323		6,336		6,366		6,334		6,351
Operating grants and contributions		264		229		570		553		107		173		2,636		0,500		0,554		0,551
Capital grants and contributions		201				1,025		333		107		-		919		_				_
Capital grants and contributions		40,627		38,807		36,379		32,304		30,737		30,289		33,642		28,183		25,845		26,099
		87,248		91,225		73,498		72,608		73,742		67,001		76,090		72,675		87,940		60,437
		01,=10		, -,		,,,,,,		, =, = =		, -,, .=		0,,000		,		, =, , , ,		0.,,,		
NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES																				
Governmental activities		(58,880)		(41,151)		(50,336)		(41,854)		(42,455)		(46,937)		(31,816)		(56,140)		(37,697)		(66,374)
Business-type activities		3,938		845		(1,353)		(1,146)		(1,836)		926		1,072		(1,233)		(696)		(1,345)
•		(54,942)		(40,306)		(51,689)		(43,000)		(44,291)		(46,011)		(30,744)		(57,373)		(38,393)		(67,719)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental activities: Taxes																				
Property Taxes		26,540		25,013		23,860		22,424		21,014		19,096		18,039		31,904		42,563		43,853
Sales and use tax		33,286		27,008		23,034		24,034		23,156		22,339		21,679		18,959		17,056		18,037
Transient occupancy tax		1,897		1,686		1,580		1,421		1,290		1,129		1,019		901		932		827
Other taxes		3,023		2,958		1,811		1,756		1,862		1,627		1,541		1,380		1,576		1,398
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		259		1,310		75		65		37		22		25		70		599		132
Investment earnings		1,708		1,544		1,556		2,215		1,410		2,122		1,244		1,950		3,471		2,292
Miscellaneous		4,762		1,037		1,974		208		730		239		293		3,596		1,535		58,038
Special Items:																				
Successor Agency assets and liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		84,537		-		-
Contribution of assets by Successor Agency		-		-		-		-		15,141		-		-		-		-		-
Contribution of land to Successor Agency		-		-		-		-		(1,446)		-		-		-		-		-
Forgiven Lighthouse Assessment District loan		-		-		-		-		1,400		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		7,947		5,438		(646)		(1,201)		2,757		2,427		2,143		3,889		1,878		1,357
Total governmental activities	\$	79,422	\$	65,994	\$	53,244	\$	50,922	\$	67,351	\$	49,001	\$	45,983	\$	147,186	\$	69,610	\$	125,934

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fis	scal Year	Fise	cal Year	Fiscal Y	ear	Fise	cal Year	Fis	scal Year	Fis	scal Year	Fis	scal Year	Fisc	cal Year	Fis	scal Year	Fisc	al Year
		2019		2018	2017	7		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	- 2	2010
Business-type activities:																				
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100	\$	198	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investment earnings		1,080		384		192		219		124		95		95		83		183		158
Miscellaneous		2		282		-		53		(3)		58		184		10,995		2,085		2,450
Gain on disposal of capital assets		1,760		211		-		882		-		19		-		-		-		-
Special Items: Treatment plant impairment loss		-				-		-		-		-		-		-		-		(1,357)
Transfers		(7,947)		(5,438)		646		1,201		(2,757)		(2,427)		(2,144)		(3,889)		(1,878)		_
Total business-type activities		(5,105)		(4,561)		838		2,455		(2,438)		(2,255)		(1,865)		7,189		390		1,251
Total primary government		74,317		61,433	54,	082		53,377		64,913		46,746		44,118		154,375		70,000		127,185
Changes in Net Position																				
Governmental activities		20,542		24,843	2,	909		9,068		24,896		2,064		14,167		91,046		31,913		59,560
Business-type activities		(1,167)		(3,716)	(515)		1,309		(4,274)		(1,329)		(793)		5,956		(306)		(94)
Total primary government	\$	19,375	\$	21,127	\$ 2,	394	\$	10,377	\$	20,622	\$	735	\$	13,374	\$	97,002	\$	31,607	\$	59,466

NOTE: Information was not available from the City's pension plan to report both the pension liability and changes in pension liability under GASB Statement No. 68 prior to 2015. Consequently, the amounts reported above are prior to restatement.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		cal Year 2019	Fis	scal Year 2018	Fis	scal Year 2017	Fis	scal Year 2016	Fis	scal Year 2015	Fis	scal Year 2014	Fis	scal Year 2013	Fis	scal Year 2012	Fis	scal Year 2011	cal Year 2010
GENERAL FUND																			
Nonspendable	\$	7,921	\$	8,884	\$	8,982	\$	9,353	\$	12,829	\$	8,560	\$	4,162	\$	5,118	\$	9,890	\$ 6,171
Restricted		-		-		-		1,900		1,900		1,900		1,900		24,879		13,921	16,998
Committed		14,166		14,282		9,613		9,293		8,493		7,600		5,400		-		-	-
Assigned		-		3,168		3,169		3,716		4,264		-		-		-		-	-
Unassigned		32,936		20,452		25,162		16,030		12,913		21,703		24,422		-		-	-
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$	55,023	\$	46,786	\$	46,926	\$	40,292	\$	40,399	\$	39,763	\$	35,884	\$	29,997	\$	23,811	\$ 23,169
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL F	UND	S																	
Reserved															\$	102,847	\$	42,668	\$ 80,663
Nonspendable	\$	13,083	\$	11,068	\$	60,553	\$	56,403	\$	54,195	\$	53,317	\$	49,399		-		-	-
Restricted		88,564		80,889		27,510		33,085		32,625		26,159		31,009		-		-	-
Committed		40,242		40,942		19,010		20,000		22,284		24,826		26,819		-		-	-
Assigned		-		-		335		332		328		328		327		-		-	-
Unassigned, reported in																			
Special revenue funds		80		-		(35)		(631)		(200)		(6,117)		(5,229)		(5,360)		-	10,802
Debt service funds				-		-		-		-		-		-		(42)		-	84
Capital projects funds		(4,459)		(6,271)		(6,427)		(6,551)		(6,461)		(6,966)		(6,961)		(7,270)		-	9,248
TOTAL ALL OTHER																			
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	137,510	\$	126,628	\$	100,946	\$	102,638	\$	102,771	\$	91,547	\$	95,364	\$	90,175	\$	42,668	\$ 100,797

NOTE 1: The City implemented GASB statement No. 54 during Fiscal Year 2013, resulting in reserved fund balances in governmental funds being reclassified into the current categories. This change was implemented prospectively.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2010
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 62,037	\$ 54,070	\$ 48,675	\$ 48,106	\$ 45,659	\$ 42,732	\$ 40,896	\$ 51,631	\$ 60,547	\$ 62,576
Special benefit assessment for operations	10,617	9,085	8,533	8,590	6,011	6,843	8,956	3,724	2,495	2,182
Contributions from developers and homeowners	2,496	15,008	4,626	6,006	4,859	5,263	6,615	10,342	22,789	4,486
Franchise fees	2,359	2,298	1,335	1,252	1,267	1,191	1,144	1,136	1,097	1,026
Fees, licenses and permits	6,486	6,616	4,296	2,944	9,133	4,759	4,550	2,975	2,532	4,704
Fines and forfeitures	325	297	242	286	216	187	126	135	207	207
Use of money and property	4,191	1,256	364	1,076	418	272	546	2,003	3,475	2,307
Intergovernmental revenues	13,047	8,957	8,816	11,334	12,991	7,243	10,523	19,698	22,488	15,890
Charges for services	10,774	9,427	8,734	7,542	7,456	7,989	6,196	5,995	5,484	5,659
Contributions from Successor Agency	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,059	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenues	2,675	2,211	3,896	2,240	2,665	1,892	5,992	6,013	7,670	2,825
	115,007	109,225	89,517	89,376	90,675	78,371	89,603	103,652	128,784	101,862
EXPENDITURES										
General government	18,256	11,883	2,370	6,803	11,007	8,948	9,282	19,958	9,410	10,332
Public works	15,129	13,778	12,330	10,924	11,600	13,092	11,386	20,265	25,533	27,521
Public safety	33,948	31,743	36,476	34,155	28,683	29,063	28,864	29,950	29,802	31,192
Community development	5,419	4,501	6,258	6,896	6,221	5,804	5,444	4,261	4,011	3,978
Landscaping and street lighting	4,282	2,755	2,462	2,315	2,176	2,330	2,226	2,131	2,196	1,974
Culture and recreation	8,495	8,183	7,573	8,089	6,881	6,643	5,433	5,592	5,415	5,367
Housing rehabilitation	533	873	493	593	2,010	1,821	813	11,916	5,465	3,757
Capital outlay	19,743	14,958	12,493	18,340	12,928	10,634	18,141	20,005	34,455	26,677
Debt service:										
Principal payments	3,312	2,911	3,061	2,686	2,480	2,577	1,431	11,000	3,779	3,653
Issuance costs paid	-	-	-	35	-	-	89	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	818	836	889	922	919	1,179	960	9,119	6,527	6,731
	109,935	92,421	84,405	91,758	84,905	82,091	84,069	134,197	126,593	121,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	5,072	16,804	5,112	(2,382)	5,770	(3,720)	5,534	(30,545)	2,191	(19,320)

$CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCES\ OF\ GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS\ (Continued)$

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fis	scal Year 2019	scal Year 2018	Fi	iscal Year 2017	F	iscal Year 2016	Fi	iscal Year 2015	Fi	iscal Year 2014	Fi	scal Year 2013	Fis	scal Year 1 2012	Fiscal Year 2011	Fi	scal Year 2010
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																		
Payment to refunding escrow agent	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(7,822)	\$	- \$		- \$	-
Refunding of bond issue costs		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		4,300	3,300		123		22		1,840		55		867		766	440)	38
Proceeds from issuance of debt		1,800	-		353		3,323		1,492		1,300		10,354		17,627			2,368
Transfers in		33,282	32,615		11,870		16,815		24,479		22,046		21,372		29,026	22,452		28,683
Transfers out		(25,334)	(27,178)		(12,516)		(18,016)		(21,722)		(19,620)		(19,228)		(25,136)	(20,573	((27,326)
		14,048	8,737		(170)		2,144		6,089		3,781		5,543		22,283	2,319)	3,763
Net change in fund balances	\$	19,120	\$ 25,541	\$	4,942	\$	(238)	\$	11,859	\$	61	\$	11,077	\$	(8,262) \$	4,510	\$	(15,557)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		4.6%	4.8%		5.5%		5.0%		4.7%		5.3%		3.8%		17.6%	11.29	6	11.0%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(tax rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Rural Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value ⁽¹⁾	Total Direct Tax Rate
2010	\$ 2,713,391,487	\$ 736,892,179	\$ 1,190,684,052	\$ 428,494,305	\$ 5,069,462,023	1.0000
2011	\$ 2,611,728,813	\$ 770,362,958	\$ 1,090,248,638	\$ 466,530,830	\$ 4,938,871,239	1.0000
2012	\$ 2,521,019,014	\$ 762,460,367	\$ 1,084,902,102	\$ 460,443,882	\$ 4,828,825,365	1.0000
2013	\$ 2,390,456,495	\$ 826,461,975	\$ 1,081,749,090	\$ 387,557,652	\$ 4,686,225,212	1.0000
2014	\$ 2,527,440,451	\$ 861,097,407	\$ 1,067,256,406	\$ 415,021,042	\$ 4,870,815,306	1.0000
2015	\$ 2,911,448,351	\$ 852,966,247	\$ 1,086,329,095	\$ 391,518,816	\$ 5,242,262,509	1.0000
2016	\$ 3,198,076,385	\$ 872,281,981	\$ 1,170,227,505	\$ 407,490,615	\$ 5,648,076,486	1.0000
2017	\$ 3,418,952,537	\$ 876,707,082	\$ 1,210,252,185	\$ 462,111,815	\$ 5,968,023,619	1.0000
2018	\$ 3,610,347,763	\$ 898,080,802	\$ 1,224,327,014	\$ 501,047,158	\$ 6,233,802,737	1.0000
2019	\$ 3,884,799,486	\$ 944,285,643	\$ 1,291,970,705	\$ 517,487,447	\$ 6,638,543,281	1.0000

⁽¹⁾ Includes the assessed value of the Redevelopment Agency of \$2,893,961,153 (2010); \$2,077,868,964 (2013); \$2,424,781,608 (2014); \$2,449,410,832 (2015); \$2,670,024,211 (2016); \$3,270,136,086 (2017); \$3,354,775,638 (2018) and \$3,542,382,076 (2019).

NOTE 1: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Sources: Assessed value data provided by the California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

		City Direct Rates			Overlapping Rates		
Fiscal		General	Total	Washington	Los Rios		
Year		Obligation	City	Unified	Community		
Ended	Basic	Debt	Direct	School	College	Yolo	Total
June 30	Rate	Service	Rate	District	District	County	Direct Rate
2010	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.0475	0.0124	1.0599	1.1198
2011	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.0595	0.0090	1.0685	1.1370
2012	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.0595	0.0192	1.0787	1.1574
2013	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.0595	0.0193	1.0788	1.1576
2014	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.0695	0.0181	1.0876	1.1752
2015	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.0695	0.0113	1.0808	1.1616
2016	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.1083	0.0091	1.1174	1.2348
2017	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.1082	0.0141	1.1223	1.2446
2018	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.1038	0.0130	1.1168	1.2336
2019	1.0000	-	1.0000	0.0920	0.0131	1.1051	1.2102

NOTE 1: In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of Washington Unified School District and Los Rios Community College District bonds.

Sources: Assessed value data provided by the California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO Calendar Year

	201	9		201	0
		Percentage			Percentage
		of Total City			of Total City
	Taxable	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable
	Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Value	Taxpayer	Value	Value
Harsch Investment Corp.	\$134,014,129	2.02%	MSHQ LLC	\$111,287,357	2.20%
MSHQ LLC	124,509,779	1.88%	Harsch Investment Corp.	105,989,419	2.09%
BRE Delta Industrial Sac LP	76,277,280	1.15%	Farmers' Rice Co-Op	60,632,597	1.20%
West Capitol Commons LLC	65,854,926	0.99%	JB Management LP	58,741,037	1.16%
Bayer CropScience LP	59,650,773	0.90%	Sacramento Foodco. Inv. LLC	58,484,082	1.15%
Farmers Rice Co-Op	57,388,948	0.86%	IKEA Property Inc.	53,659,236	1.06%
River City Land Holding Co LLC	54,262,079	0.82%	River City Land Holding Co. LLC	44,818,455	0.88%
Tony's Fine Foods	53,220,078	0.80%	Affymetrix Inc.	44,780,820	0.88%
Excel Riverpoint LP	45,852,600	0.69%	Frank C. & Joanne M. Ramos Trust	39,667,539	0.78%
Ikea Property Inc.	45,411,454	0.68%	Monticello at Southport	35,000,000	0.69%
Total	\$716,442,046	10.79%	Total	\$613,060,542	10.33%

NOTE 1: The amounts shown above include the assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Sources: Assessed value data provided by the California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Taxes Levied				Collected Fiscal Year		Collections	Total Collecti	ons to Date
Ended		for the			Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage
June 30]	Fiscal Year		Amount (1)	of Levy	Years	 Amount	of Levy
2010	\$	37,728,254	\$	37,728,254	100.0%	N/A	\$ 37,728,254	100.0%
2011	\$	37,571,050	\$	37,571,050	100.0%	N/A	\$ 37,571,050	100.0%
2012	\$	27,222,073	\$	27,222,073	100.0%	N/A	\$ 27,222,073	100.0%
2013	\$	31,570,509	\$	31,570,509	100.0%	N/A	\$ 31,570,509	100.0%
2014	\$	32,778,198	\$	32,778,198	100.0%	N/A	\$ 32,778,198	100.0%
2015	\$	33,614,301	\$	33,614,301	100.0%	N/A	\$ 33,614,301	100.0%
2016	\$	33,881,865	\$	33,881,865	100.0%	N/A	\$ 33,881,865	100.0%
2017	\$	36,961,272	\$	36,961,272	100.0%	N/A	\$ 36,961,272	100.0%
2018	\$	37,846,802	\$	37,846,802	100.0%	N/A	\$ 37,846,802	100.0%
2019	\$	38,749,114	\$	38,749,114	100.0%	N/A	\$ 38,749,114	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ Excludes property taxes exchanges with state for sales, VLF and ERAF totaling \$3,560,856 (2010); \$3,469,046 (2011); \$3,385,982 (2012); \$3,405,087 (2014); \$3,645,733 (2015); \$3,909,504 (2016); \$4,109,395 (2017); \$4,291,785 (2018) and \$4,557,043 (2019). The amounts presented include City property taxes and Redevelopment Agency tax increment. On February 1, 2012, the State of California Legislator eliminated the Redevelopment Agency. Redevelopment tax increment is collected and reported in a Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF).

Sources: Yolo County Auditor-Controller and City Finance Division

CITY OF WEST SACRAMENTO RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

	Governmental Activities											В	usiness-ty _l	pe Ac	tivities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	Tax Allocation Bonds]	Lease Revenue Bonds		Other Debt	Gene Obliga Bon	ation	Ol	Pension bligation Bonds]	Water Revenue Bonds	R	Sewer evenue Bonds	R	Port evenue Bonds	Other Debt	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	 Per Capita
2010	\$	114,755	\$	15,540	\$	4,786	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,130	\$	830	\$	6,105	\$ 5,814	\$ 209,960	21.54%	\$ 4,394
2011	\$	111,550	\$	15,060	\$	3,724	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,745	\$	755	\$	5,000	\$ 5,333	\$ 202,167	21.25%	\$ 4,148
2012 [1]	\$	-	\$	14,285	\$	1,400	\$	-	\$	10,807	\$	60,735	\$	675	\$	3,840	\$ 7,926	\$ 99,668	10.63%	\$ 2,032
2013 [1]	\$	-	\$	14,385	\$	3,604	\$	-	\$	10,246	\$	58,830	\$	590	\$	-	\$ 6,143	\$ 93,798	9.55%	\$ 1,894
2014 [1]	\$	-	\$	13,721	\$	4,376	\$	-	\$	8,797	\$	57,580	\$	505	\$	-	\$ 4,944	\$ 89,923	8.83%	\$ 1,776
2015 [1]	\$	-	\$	13,038	\$	3,862	\$	-	\$	7,669	\$	55,865	\$	415	\$	-	\$ 7,066	\$ 87,915	8.20%	\$ 1,724
2016 [1]	\$	-	\$	12,334	\$	6,468	\$	-	\$	6,403	\$	54,090	\$	320	\$	-	\$ 7,810	\$ 87,425	8.15%	\$ 1,647
2017 [1]	\$	-	\$	11,610	\$	5,897	\$	-	\$	4,990	\$	52,240	\$	220	\$	-	\$ 5,712	\$ 80,669	6.42%	\$ 1,517
2018 [1]	\$	-	\$	10,860	\$	5,309	\$	-	\$	3,418	\$	65,190	\$	9,010	\$	-	\$ 5,231	\$ 99,018	7.56%	\$ 1,828
2019 [1]	\$	-	\$	10,084	\$	6,325	\$	-	\$	1,665	\$	62,910	\$	8,840	\$	-	\$ 5,109	\$ 94,933	6.67%	\$ 1,761

^[1] On February 1, 2012, the State of California eliminated the Redevelopment Agencies in California pursuant to Assembly Bill 1x26. The liabilities of the Redevelopment Agencies are reported as Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund, a private purpose trust fund.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

			ichciai D	onaca	DCUL	Juistanun	ug				
Fiscal Year June 30	Gener Obligat Bonds	ion	Ta Alloca Bon	ation	Ob	ension ligation Bonds		Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	(Per Capita
2010	\$	-	\$ 114	,755	\$	-	\$ 1	114,755	2.26%	\$	2,402
2011	\$	-	\$ 111	,550	\$	-	\$ 1	111,550	2.26%	\$	2,288
2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,807	\$	10,807	2.24%	\$	220
2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,246	\$	10,246	2.19%	\$	207
2014	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,797	\$	8,797	1.81%	\$	174
2015	\$	-	\$	_	\$	7,669	\$	7,669	1.46%	\$	150
2016	\$	-	\$	_	\$	6,403	\$	6,403	1.13%	\$	121
2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,990	\$	4,990	0.84%	\$	94
2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,418	\$	3,418	0.55%	\$	63
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,665	\$	1,665	0.26%	\$	31

NOTE 1: General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources and general obligation bonds recorded in enterprise funds (of which, the City has none).

NOTE 2: On February 1, 2012, the State of California eliminated the Redevelopment Agencies in California pursuant to Assembly Bill 1x26. The liabilities of the Redevelopment Agencies are reported as Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund, a private purpose trust fund.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of June 30, 2019

2018/19 Assessed Valuation \$ 7,130,020,432

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	% Applicable ⁽¹⁾	Debt as of June 30, 2019	Estimated share of overlapping debt
Los Rios Community College District	3.645%	\$ 396,190,000	\$ 14,441,126
River Delta Joint Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District	1.291%	7,028,366	90,736
Washington Unified School District	99.938%	89,623,895	89,568,328
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 8	100	26,580,000	26,580,000
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 9	100	130,000	130,000
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 10	100	15,074,174	15,074,174
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 11	100	2,703,986	2,703,986
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 12	100	3,916,439	3,916,439
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 14	100	8,900,000	8,900,000
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 15	100	1,326,725	1,326,725
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 16	100	9,585,821	9,585,821
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 17	100	4,120,000	4,120,000
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 18	100	589,413	589,413
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 19	100	1,983,081	1,983,081
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 20	100	8,380,000	8,380,000
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 21	100	2,550,000	2,550,000
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 23	100	5,620,000	5,620,000
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 24	100	1,070,000	1,070,000
City of West Sacramento Community Facilities District No. 27	100	28,880,000	28,880,000
California Statewide Communities Development Authority 1915 Act Bonds	100	3,092,803	3,092,803
West Sacramento Area Flood Control District Assessment District	100	38,240,000	38,240,000
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT		655,584,703	266,842,632
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			
Yolo County Certificates of Participation	26.012%	39,187,768	10,193,522
Yolo County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	26.012%	5,530,000	1,438,464
CITY OF WEST S.	ACRAMENTO		

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (Continued) As of June 30, 2019

	% Applicable (1)	Debt as of June 30, 2019	 mated share of erlapping debt
Washington Unified School District Certificates of Participation	99.938%	78,696,197	78,647,405
City of West Sacramento General Fund Obligations	100	21,877,013	21,877,013
City of West Sacramento Pension Obligation Bonds	100	1,664,600	 1,664,600
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		146,955,578	113,821,004
Less: City of West Sacramento supported obligations			 9,340,103
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			104,480,901
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT			
City of West Sacramento Successor Agency	100	77,570,976	77,570,976
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT DEBT			23,541,613
TOTAL NET DIRECT DEBT			14,201,510
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			434,692,999
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 458,234,612
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 448,894,509

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

Ratios to 2018-19 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	3.74%
Total Gross Direct Debt (\$23,541,613)	0.33%
Total Net Direct Debt (\$14,201,510)	0.20%
Gross Combined Total Debt	6.43%
Net Combined Total Debt	6.30%

Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$3,072,960,420):

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt 2.52

NOTE 1: For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another government unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

NOTE 2: On February 1, 2012, the State of California eliminated the Redevelopment Agencies in California pursuant to Assembly Bill 1x26. The liabilities of the Redevelopment Agencies are reported as Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund, a private purpose trust fund.

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the California Municipal Statistics, Inc. Debt outstanding data provided by City Finance Department.

⁽²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on principal due at maturity.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2010
Assessed valuation	\$ 7,130,020,432	\$ 6,714,994,092	\$6,233,802,737	\$5,648,076,486	\$5,242,262,509	\$4,870,815,306	\$4,686,225,212	\$4,828,825,365	\$4,938,871,239	\$5,069,462,023
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	1,782,505,108	1,678,748,523	1,558,450,684	1,412,019,122	1,310,565,627	1,217,703,827	1,171,556,303	1,207,206,341	1,234,717,810	1,267,365,506
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	267,375,766	251,812,278	233,767,603	211,802,868	196,584,844	182,655,574	175,733,445	181,080,951	185,207,671	190,104,826
Debt applicable to limit: General obligations bonds Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit										
Legal debt margin	\$ 267,375,766	\$ 251,812,278	\$ 233,767,603	\$ 211,802,868	\$ 196,584,844	\$ 182,655,574	\$ 175,733,445	\$ 181,080,951	\$ 185,207,671	\$ 190,104,826
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	N/A									

NOTE 1: The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal limit of grossed assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE - CITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (dollars in thousands)

Water Revenue Bonds Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds Less Net Tax Fiscal Operating Operating Available Debt Service Increment **Debt Service** Revenues (1) Collections (4) Expenses (2) Principal Principal Coverage Year Revenue Interest Coverage Interest 2010 \$ 9,420 \$ 4,493 \$ 4,927 \$ \$ 3,021 \$ \$ 3,060 \$ 5,730 2.65 1.352 1.13 23,312 \$ 1,473 \$ 3,004 \$ 2011 10,187 \$ 4,542 \$ 5,645 \$ 1.26 23,006 \$ 3,205 \$ 5,549 2.63 Successor Agency Bonds 2012 (3) \$ 10,865 \$ 4,024 \$ 6,841 \$ 1,430 \$ 2,236 1.87 \$ 22,217 3,405 \$ 5,387 2.53 2013 (3) \$ 11,606 \$ 4,426 \$ 7,180 \$ 1,905 \$ 3,498 1.33 \$ 22,092 \$ 3,550 \$ 5,218 2.52 2014 (3) \$ \$ 8,229 \$ 1,925 \$ 2,876 \$ 12,427 4,198 1.71 17,657 3,715 5,587 1.90 $2015^{(3)}$ \$ \$ 4,075 \$ \$ 1,715 \$ 2,650 1.69 \$ 17,410 \$ 4,968 \$ 1.83 11,448 7,373 4,539 $2016^{(3)}$ 2,592 \$ \$ 11,787 \$ 5,696 \$ 6,091 \$ 1,775 \$ 1.39 19,742 \$ 4,370 \$ 4,096 2.33 $2017^{(3)}$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,501 \$ \$ 12,851 7,451 5,400 1,850 1.24 20,817 4,566 3,614 2.54 $2018^{(3)}$ \$ \$ 15,305 \$ 7.914 \$ 7.391 \$ 1.925 \$ 2,656 1.61 21,389 \$ 4,746 \$ 3,520 2.59 $2019^{(3)}$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 1.67 \$ 15,362 6,764 8,598 2,280 2,869 22,735 4,984 \$ 3,296 2.75

⁽¹⁾ Total operating revenues, including transfers in from General Fund to subsidize utility service charges and transfers in for rate stabilization fund.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization and including transfers out for administrative costs prior to 2017.

⁽³⁾ On February 1, 2012, the State of California eliminated the Redevelopment Agencies in California pursuant to Assembly Bill 1x26. The liabilities of the Redevelopment Agencies are reported as Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund, a private purpose trust fund.

⁽⁴⁾ Pledged tax increment beginning in 2012 is based on gross receipts net of County of Yolo administration expenses and statutory pass-through payments; these are the funds deposited into the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF). Only a portion of the tax increment is distributed to the Successor Agency.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Per Income Capita (thousands Personal of dollars) Income			Capita Personal	Unemployment Rate		
2010	47,782	\$	974,759	\$	20,400	11.6%		
2011	48,744	\$	951,471	\$	19,519	12.2%		
2012	49,045	\$	937,725	\$	19,120	9.7%		
2013	49,523	\$	982,077	\$	19,830	12.9%		
2014	50,640	\$	1,018,596	\$	20,114	6.7%		
2015	51,005	\$	1,072,329	\$	21,024	6.0%		
2016	53,082	\$	1,072,329 *	\$	20,201	5.8%		
2017	53,163	\$	1,257,503	\$	26,414	5.0%		
2018	54,163	\$	1,310,099	\$	24,188	6.1%		
2019	53,911	\$	1,422,270	\$	27,224	4.0%		

^{*} Data was not available for the 2016 year and 2015 data was used.

Sources: State Department of Finance and City Finance Division

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	20)19*		20	010
Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
University of California Davis	10,032	35.36%	United State Postal Service	1,620	12.68%
State of California	3,465	12.21%	United Parcel Service (UPS)	1,251	9.80%
Cache Creek Casino Resort	2,200	7.75%	State of California, General Services	1,200	9.40%
U.S. Government	1,532	5.40%	California State Teachers' Retirement System	1,200	9.40%
Yolo County	1,473	5.19%	Affiliated Computer Services	900	7.05%
Woodland Joint Unified School District	1,000	3.52%	Washington Unified School District	775	6.07%
Raley's Inc.	947	3.34%	Raley's/Bel Air	636	4.98%
Clark Pacific Corp.	870	3.07%	Xyratex International	550	4.31%
Sutter Health	853	3.01%	Walmart	500	3.92%
Woodland Memorial Hospital	775	2.73%	Tony's Fine Food	450	3.52%
Walgreens	705	2.48%	Conventry Healthcare	400	3.13%
Pacific Gas and Electric Co.	677	2.39%	ABM Janitorial	400	3.13%
Nugget Market Inc.	495	1.74%	City of West Sacramento	390	3.05%
Yolo County Office of Education	390	1.37%	Hunter Douglas/Bytheways Inc.	330	2.58%
City of West Sacramento	380	1.34%	Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics	286	2.24%
Bayer, CropScience Division	350	1.23%	Nor-Cal Beverage	250	1.96%
Nor-Cal Beverage Co. Inc.	310	1.09%	KOVR TV 13	242	1.89%
Beckman Coulter	300	1.06%	Farmers' Rice Cooperative	225	1.76%
Hunter Douglas Inc.	300	1.06%	Idexx Veterinary Services	219	1.71%
City of Woodland	292	1.03%	West Sacramento IKEA Home Furnishings	213	1.67%
Communicare Health Centers	273	0.96%	All Phase Security, Inc.	200	1.57%
IDEXX Laboratories Inc.	200	0.70%	Clark Pacific	160	1.25%
HM Clause Inc.	190	0.67%	Target Corporation	143	1.12%
Safeway	184	0.65%	Home Depot	120	0.94%
Skyline Homes Inc.	180	0.63%	Lowe's Home Improvement	111	0.87%
	28,373			12,771	

^{*}The 2019 employer data is for Yolo County.

Sources: Sacramento Business Journal and City Economic Development Department.

PRINCIPAL SALES TAX REMITTERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2019	2010
Top Ten Tax Remitters Representing	Top Ten Tax Remitters Representing
34.80% of Total Sales Tax	36.42% of Total Sales Tax
HD SUPPLIES FACILITIES MAINTENANCE	CAL WHOLESALE MATERIAL SUPPLY
HOLT OF CALIFORNIA	HD SUPPLIES FACILITIES MAINTENANCE
HOME DEPOT	HOLT OF CALIFORNIA
IKEA HOME FURNISHINGS	IKEA HOME FURNISHINGS
INDEPENDENT ELECTRIC SUPPLY	RAMOS OIL COMPANY
LA MESA R.V. CENTER	RIVERVIEW INTERNATIONAL TRUCKS
RAMOS OIL COMPANY	ROCKWELL COLLINS
WAL MART SUPERCENTER	TARGET STORES
WESTERN TRUCK PARTS & EQUIP CO	W.W. GRAINGER
XEROX STATE HEALTHCARE	WAL MART SUPERCENTER

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

F (/P	Fiscal Year								Fiscal Year	
Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General government:										
Building permits issued	2,450	2,371	2,274	2,181	2,062	1,697	1,615	1,191	1,099	1,368
Building inspections conducted	8,261	7,388	8,330	6,984	8,994	7,743	6,996	4,173	5,199	5,915
Police:										
Calls for service	63,611	64,569	64,949	67,574	72,906	49,701	60,487	55,916	57,355	63,220
Parking violations	4,210	4,451	4,013	2,575	1,137	1,567	1,980	1,601	2,947	2,261
Traffic violations	5,675	5,792	6,181	6,101	5,588	4,803	3,807	3,540	6,276	6,843
Fire:										
Total emergency responses	9,325	9,351	9,596	9,047	8,544	8,021	7,924	7,712	6,911	6,872
Medical responses	5,920	5,971	6,218	5,414		5,396	5,338	5,184	4,597	4,725
Fires extinguished	154	429	394	470	315	339	356	297	278	262
Inspections	2,849	2,616	2,786	2,764	2,769	2,922	2,893	2,817	3,154	1,642
Refuse collection:										
Refuse collected (annual tons)	29,046	28,334	23,387	23,459	23,394	21,806	24,631	24,492	25,265	25,193
Recyclables collected (annual tons)	12,814	13,554	10,988	11,671	11,572	11,449	11,895	11,807	12,840	12,193
Parks and recreation:										
Recreation program attendees	14,033	15,974	16,365	16,084	12,946	13,262	14,749	11,188	9,017	8,814
Recreation Center pass holders	12,992	12,588	12,714	11,882	12,027	11,810	10,577	9,096	8,843	8,082
Port:										
Tonnage (short tons)	722,947	763,634	697,187	516,040	342,726	389,091	358,307	311,756	464,955	551,510
Vessel calls	31	39	35	26	19	26	26	22	21	26
Water:										
Water main breaks	15	20	23	58	16	35	37	90	33	31
Average daily consumption	10	16	17	11	11	13	13	12	13	13
(millions of gallons)										
Peak daily consumption	18	18	19	24	21	24	27	28	26	26
(millions of gallons)										

Source: Various City Departments

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2010
Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2013	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units per shift	14	14	14	14	9	10	10	10	10	10
Fire stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Other public works:										
Streets (miles)	193	193	199	220	220	220	205	200	198	198
Street lights	4,953	4,845	5,368	4,968	4,933	4,899	4,305	4,300	2,947	2,947
Traffic signals	54	53	52	52	52	49	47	47	47	47
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage										
Owned*	113	113								
Maintained	186	186	167	167	167	164	159	144	144	144
Amenities										
Play structures	24	24	24	24	24	23	21	17	17	17
Baseball/Softball Diamonds**	17	17	24	24	24	24	24	17	17	17
Soccer/Football Fields***	7	7	14	14	14	14	14	9	9	9
Skateparks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basketball/Sports Courts	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	6	6	6
Restrooms	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Covered Picnic Areas	10	10	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Splash Park	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dog Park	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	198	200	188	200	200	192	198	200	197	197
Fire hydrants	2,737	2,729	2,761	2,523	2,517	2,621	3,400	3,400	2,541	2,541
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	24.50	22.75	22.75	22.75	22.75
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	206	190	181	190	190	194	193	193	193	193
Storm sewers (miles)	133	120	115	130	130	165	165	165	129	129

Source: Various City Departments

^{*} Prior to 2018 the park acreage was reported as one line item.

** In 2018 existing backstops were no longer considered as full diamonds.

*** Reduced number accounts for formal fields vs. number of fields created in turf areas to accommodate league play.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

As of June 30

Function/Program	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2010
General Government	77.25	75.75	69.67	81.15	76.3	72.3	63.4	62.4	63.1	101.73
Police	102	101	102	97	94	93	93	97	97	112
Fire	65	65	65	64	67	65	65	68	68	72.25
Refuse collection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
Other public works	54.59	54.59	53.34	53.74	56.34	54.34	52.75	45	31.1	19
Redevelopment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15.4	12.22
Culture and recreation	42.55	43.55	44.55	33	32	29	29	31	32	34
Port	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	0	0	3.75	6.5	6.2	5.3
Water	21.58	20.08	20.08	21.08	18.58	18.08	19	18	19	22
Wastewater (Sewer)	10.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	8.58	8.08	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.5
Total	376.05	372.05	366.72	362.05	352.8	339.8	333.4	335.4	341.3	390